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برای پیوستن به تیم کارنیلی های موفق روی لینک زیر کلیک کنید.

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# Business English

(Tests)





## Money accepted

Q1 I like to visit other countries but I find the of travel is too high.				
	(a) money	(b) cost	(c) expenses	(d) currency
Q2	She is very happy because	she starts her new tod	ay.	
	(a) job	(b) work	(c) labour	(d) post
Q3	One day I hope I shall	the lottery.		
	(a) gain	(b) collect	(c) reach	(d) win
Q4	He must have a lot of mone	ey because this summer he i	is going on a cruise the	world.
	(a) about	(b) around	(c) across	(d) through
Q5	Have you read that book	the life of Van Gogh?		
	(a) about	(b) of	(c) over	(d) in
Q6	Do you want sugar in	your coffee?		
	(a) some	(b) much	(c) any	(d) little
Q7	They do not cheques	in that restaurant.		
	(a) accept	(b) agree	(c) allow	(d) admit
Q8	I cannot work today because	se I have very bad tooth		
	(a) pain	(b) hurt	(c) damage	(d) ache
Q9	Children are not in that	at public house.		
	(a) aloud	(b) allowed	(c) accepted	(d) agreed
Q10	You can see the abou	t the sale in the local paper.		
	(a) announcement	(b) warning	(c) notice	(d) advertisement





## Computers

Q1	How are you getting on	your new computer?		
	(a) at	(b) with	(c) by	(d) for
Q2	Not too bad but sometimes	I just can't get the of it.		
	(a) drop	(b) fall	(c) hang	(d) low
Q3	Do you mean it drives you	up the?		
	(a) wall	(b) ceiling	(c) floor	(d) roof
Q4	Well, not that often but ther	e are things that completely	me.	
	(a) mysterious	(b) mystery	(c) mysteriously	(d) mystify
Q5	What sort of things do you	have in?		
	(a) thought	(b) mind	(c) idea	(d) think
Q6	Well, take the times when e	everything		
	(a) frozen	(b) freezing	(c) freezes	(d) frees
Q7	Yes, I know what you mear	n that's when you'd like to sm	nash it to	
	(a) pieces	(b) piece	(c) peace	(d) peaces
Q8	Never mind, most of the time	ne it behaves like a little		
	(a) angle	(b) angel	(c) angelic	(d) angles
Q9	And just think of all the	. you get from having one.		
	(a) beneficiaries	(b) benefit	(c) benefits	(d) benefited
Q10	Personally I'm looking forwa	ard to my holidays when I'll t	oe of it for two weeks!	
	(a) free	(b) freer	(c) freedom	(d) freed





## Making an Appointment

Q1	Welcome back in this 2.	session — we're going to tal	ke a look at some of the voc	abulary we used in session	
	(a) somebody	(b) everybody	(c) anybody	(d) nobody	
Q2	To start with, can you	what session 2 was all abou	it?		
	(a) retain	(b) remain	(c) remind	(d) remember	
Q3	Yes, that's right. It was all a a financial advisor.	about the job I do every day.	I expect you recall that I wo	rk for a financial company	
	(a) at	(b) as	(c) on	(d) of	
Q4	In other words I help people	e with their money.			
	(a) inviting	(b) inventing	(c) investing	(d) involving	
Q5	My clients contact our office	e via email or phone and the	n we an appointment.		
	(a) make	(b) take	(c) give	(d) do	
Q6	You arrange an appointment with another person because you want to or see them.				
	(a) encounter	(b) greet	(c) meet	(d) talk	
Q7	The two things that are imposed next Monday 10	ortant for an appointment ar o'clock.	e the time and the place. Yo	ou say for example: Let's	
	(a) on	(b) at	(c) in	(d) for	
Q8	Another word that is very similar in meaning to appointment is the word date. A date is usually a private meeting with person.				
	(a) different	(b) second	(c) other	(d) another	
Q9	So, when you say: I've got	a date with my boss, it mear	ns you see your boss p	rivately.	
	(a) are going to	(b) will not be	(c) will be	(d) would be	
Q10	Possibly you also know the before and you are meeting	expression 'blind date', which them the first time.	ch is a rendezvous with a pe	rson you have never seen	
	(a) at	(b) in	(c) for	(d) from	





## Late Again

Q1	Do you know time it is?				
	(a) which	(b) when	(c) what	(d) how	
Q2	No, I have idea.				
	(a) any	(b) no	(c) not	(d) some	
Q3	It's time you got				
	(a) on	(b) in	(c) over	(d) up	
Q4	I don't believe you. You car	n't be			
	(a) right	(b) accurate	(c) precise	(d) definite	
Q5	I'm telling that you must	up or			
	(a) haste	(b) hasten	(c) hurry	(d) quick	
Q6	Or what? on, tell me.				
	(a) Get	(b) Come	(c) Take	(d) Put	
Q7	Simply that you're going to	be for work.			
	(a) late	(b) later	(c) lately	(d) latest	
Q8	I think there's something yo	ou've			
	(a) forgiven	(b) forbidden	(c) forsaken	(d) forgotten	
Q9	Now, it's your to tell me.				
	(a) bend	(b) turn	(c) corner	(d) curve	
Q10	Remember that there's no	work today it's Sunday.			
	(a) for	(b) while	(c) because	(d) however	





## Shopping

Q1	The trouble is I haven't made a				
	(a) detail	(b) note	(c) sheet	(d) list	
Q2	you must know what v	ve need?			
	(a) Certainly	(b) Surely	(c) Definitely	(d) Absolutely	
Q3	Well, yes I do have a	good idea?			
	(a) pretty	(b) fine	(c) beautiful	(d) nice	
Q4	Do we need any dairy	?			
	(a) producers	(b) produced	(c) products	(d) producing	
Q5	Yes, we've almost run out .	cheese, butter, milk.			
	(a) through	(b) of	(c) by	(d) with	
Q6	Right, we'd get on with	n it.			
	(a) better	(b) sooner	(c) quicker	(d) faster	
Q7	Oh and we'll also need son	ne washing			
	(a) dust	(b) flakes	(c) powder	(d) grains	
Q8	I assume there's nothing	I said it would be quick.	Oh dear.		
	(a) included	(b) excluded	(c) either	(d) else	
Q9	What's the?				
	(a) thing	(b) matter	(c) material	(d) stuff	
Q10	Just look at the size of thos	e huge at the checkout	S.		
	(a) tails	(b) lines	(c) queues	(d) rows	





## On my Mobile

Q1	Hello — I'm just out my new mobile.				
	(a) testing	(b) probing	(c) finding	(d) trying	
Q2	Oh yes. Are you away	?			
	(a) distant	(b) long	(c) far	(d) quite	
Q3	Not really. I'm quite				
	(a) nearer	(b) near	(c) next	(d) nearly	
Q4	You very clear.				
	(a) sound	(b) ring	(c) hear	(d) noise	
Q5	Well, I did a lot of mor	ney on it.			
	(a) dispense	(b) pass	(c) spend	(d) dispose	
Q6	Tell where are you at the	?			
	(a) time	(b) second	(c) hour	(d) moment	
Q7	I've already told you I'm in	the			
	(a) place	(b) area	(c) spot	(d) location	
Q8	Well, this is very interesting	but I am very			
	(a) busy	(b) occupied	(c) hurried	(d) active	
Q9	Don't — I'll see you ve	ery soon.			
	(a) concern	(b) care	(c) worry	(d) mind	
Q10	Oh there goes the front doo	or bell — oh it's you! I might	have		
	(a) thought	(b) believed	(c) considered	(d) guessed	





## Basic Business English

Q1 The water in the refrigerator should be				
	(a) warm	(b) hot	(c) cold	(d) frozen
Q2	I will come home early	/.		
	(a) Today at night	(b) This night	(c) Tonight	(d) The night
Q3	Do you the bus to wor	·k?		
	(a) take	(b) drive	(c) bring	(d) walk
Q4	Have you?			
	(a) turned skinny	(b) lost weight	(c) no more fat	(d) weighted less
Q5	She is a member the	gym.		
	(a) for	(b) from	(c) by	(d) of
Q6	He executive.			
	(a) is	(b) is an	(c) is a	(d) an
Q7	My friend likes work o	n extra projects.		
	(a) to	(b) of	(c) from	(d) the
Q8	Please a message on	the answering machine.		
	(a) make	(b) do	(c) leave	(d) report
Q9	Yesterday they very w	vell in their class.		
	(a) do	(b) does	(c) will do	(d) did
Q10	At work we get a 30 minute	e lunch		
	(a) rest	(b) break	(c) vacation	(d) holiday





## Business dialogue on the phone

Q1	Bob: Do you if I use your phone to call my wife?				
	(a) value	(b) worry	(c) mind	(d) allow	
Q2	Bill: Sure. Would you	use my cell phone or the one	e in my office?		
	(a) rather	(b) prefer	(c) like	(d) assume	
Q3	Bob: The one in your office	is fine. Do I need to ar	ything special to get out of t	he building?	
	(a) tighten	(b) press	(c) compress	(d) dial	
Q4	Bill: Yes. You dial 9 ar	nd then your number.			
	(a) should	(b) could	(c) would	(d) shall	
Q5	Bob: If another call comes	in while I'm on the phone, sh	nould I put my wife on a	nd take it?	
	(a) wait	(b) hold	(c) hope	(d) the side	
Q6	Bill: No, that's alright. If you	u don't answer it will just go t	hrough to my and I can	call them back later.	
	(a) answering machine	(b) voicemail	(c) voice-recoder	(d) e-mail	
Q7	Bob picked up the and dialed 9 then his home number.				
	(a) handle	(b) cord	(c) thing-a-ma-jig-er	(d) receiver	
Q8	Bill straightened up the office, pretending not to listen to Bob's of the conversation with his wife.				
	(a) end	(b) part	(c) words	(d) half	
Q9	Finally Bob				
	(a) hanged up	(b) hang over	(c) hung up	(d) hung over	
Q10	Bill: I couldn't help but	you're having chicken for di	nner tonight. Can I come over	er?	
	(a) overhear	(b) eavesdrop	(c) listen	(d) comprehend	





## Chit Chat: At the garage

Q1	Q1 Customer: Have you had a chance to at my car yet?				
	(a) see	(b) examine	(c) view	(d) look	
Q2	Mechanic: Yes, we've give	n it a examination.			
	(a) complete	(b) utter	(c) absolute	(d) actual	
Q3	Customer: And what do you	u think is with it?			
	(a) incorrect	(b) wrong	(c) false	(d) faulty	
Q4	Mechanic: That's a of	a difficult answer to give in a	a few words.		
	(a) part	(b) lot	(c) bit	(d) section	
Q5	Customer: Well, just give m	ne the picture.			
	(a) casual	(b) general	(c) uncertain	(d) simple	
Q6	Mechanic: To start It's	losing a lot of oil.			
	(a) at	(b) for	(c) in	(d) with	
Q7	Customer: I see. Anything	?			
	(a) else	(b) ever	(c) over	(d) indeed	
Q8	Mechanic: Well, there's a lo	ot more. I mean the petrol tai	nk has a in it.		
	(a) gap	(b) hole	(c) space	(d) opening	
Q9	9 Customer: Why don't you tell me the What should I do?				
	(a) picture	(b) scene	(c) truth	(d) rightness	
Q10	Mechanic: Okay — I'll come	e straight to the — buy	a new car!		
	(a) angle	(b) conclusion	(c) end	(d) point	





## Renting a place

Q1	In order for you to buy a ho	ouse in the United States, it is	s important that you have a	good report.
	(a) school	(b) medical	(c) credit	(d) dental
Q2	If you have pets, it is alway	s necessary to pay for a pet	when you rent an apar	tment.
	(a) deposit	(b) vaccination	(c) leash	(d) walker
Q3	When you are interested in for an apartment or house.	buying or renting a place yo	ou have to fill out,which	is a type of written request
	(a) a police report	(b) an application	(c) an IRS form	(d) a parking ticket
Q4	Sometimes when you rent	a studio apartment, it comes	already	
	(a) with pets	(b) with a pool	(c) with a backyard	(d) furnished
Q5	is a person who is ren	ting the apartment or house.		
	(a) Landlord	(b) Tenant	(c) Houseguest	(d) Host
Q6	is a person who owns	and runs an apartment build	ding, a house or a land.	
	(a) Tenant	(b) Ranger	(c) Landlord	(d) Seller
Q7	If you wish to temporarily reperson.	ent your apartment to somed	one else, that means you	your apartment to that
	(a) sublet	(b) buy	(c) employ	(d) hire
Q8	It is always good to provide	e letter to the landlord to	prove that you are a good	character.
	(a) an accredited	(b) a touching	(c) an anonymous	(d) a reference
Q9	is a contract that determine to pay.	rmines for how long you can	stay at the place you are re	nting and how much you
	(a) Document	(b) Lease	(c) Loan	(d) License
Q10	Application fees are usually	/, which means you dor	n't get your money back.	
	(a) restituted	(b) reimbursed	(c) non-refundable	(d) inexpensive





## Applying for that Job

Q1	I would be very interested in for that job.				
	(a) entering	(b) working	(c) applying	(d) writing	
Q2	Do you want to as a c	andidate in the local election	s?		
	(a) stand	(b) sit	(c) go	(d) try	
Q3	They are completely	up with all the noise in the ce	ntre of town.		
	(a) tired	(b) fed	(c) sick	(d) ill	
Q4	The reason there are no bu	uses is because the drivers a	are on		
	(a) hit	(b) stop	(c) strike	(d) leave	
Q5	The government has chang	ged its policy and had a com	plete change of		
	(a) view	(b) opinion	(c) mind	(d) heart	
Q6	This supermarket is trying t	to young shoppers by o	ffering fashionable clothes.		
	(a) target	(b) persuade	(c) encourage	(d) trap	
Q7	You should have thos	e shares when they were ch	eap.		
	(a) taken out	(b) sold off	(c) bought up	(d) taken over	
Q8	You must try and hurry up	because my patience is	out.		
	(a) running	(b) racing	(c) pacing	(d) turning	
Q9	Have you ever tried your	at running a business?			
	(a) arm	(b) finger	(c) hand	(d) leg	
Q10	After all these years she ha	as decided to take early			
	(a) leave	(b) finishing	(c) departure	(d) retirement	





#### Accounts

Q1	In order to check all the telephone calls made during the month I want the account to be			
	(a) detailed	(b) particular	(c) specialized	(d) itemized
Q2	All the representatives are	allowed to spend money for	entertaining with their a	account.
	(a) expensive	(b) expending	(c) expense	(d) expenses
Q3	To spread the cost of spen	ding on articles you buy mar	ny big departments let you o	pen a
	(a) credible	(b) credit	(c) credited	(d) credulous
Q4	Once you are earning mon	ey and you want to keep it s	afe, you can always an	account with a bank.
	(a) open	(b) start	(c) begin	(d) commence
Q5	At the end of thirty days the	e company will ask you to	the account.	
	(a) arrange	(b) finish	(c) end	(d) settle
Q6	The finance director is resp	oonsible for the account	ts for the business.	
	(a) holding	(b) keeping	(c) taking	(d) finding
Q7	At the end of the financial y	ear it is the responsibility of	the chief finance officer to	the accounts.
	(a) print	(b) edit	(c) publish	(d) direct
Q8	Before they got married, th	ey decided to open a a	ccount.	
	(a) united	(b) joint	(c) unified	(d) combined
Q9	If you have saved some mo	oney, it is a good idea to put	the money into a accord	unt.
	(a) heap	(b) pile	(c) lump	(d) deposit
Q10	However hard I try, I find it	impossible to account t	this missing sum of money.	
	(a) with	(b) to	(c) for	(d) by





#### Letter Writing

Q1	I think it would be a good in	dea to in your letter that	you have worked in that typ	e of business previously.	
	(a) describe	(b) mention	(c) show	(d) demonstrate	
Q2	You need to improve the	of this letter because one	e or two things are in the wro	ong place.	
	(a) description	(b) indication	(c) layout	(d) picture	
Q3	Before you put the letter in	the envelope, make sure yo	u it in the right way.		
	(a) fold	(b) double	(c) treble	(d) hold	
Q4	If you want this letter to rea	ach the bank tomorrow, you I	have no choice but to send i	t by mail.	
	(a) speed	(b) express	(c) excess	(d) fast	
Q5	When you are going to writ first.	e an important letter like tha	t, it is absolutely essential th	at you all the facts	
	(a) connect	(b) join	(c) deliver	(d) assemble	
Q6	When you read something you've written on the computer screen, it often looks all right although you should always read it first.				
	(a) check	(b) prove	(c) proof	(d) proven	
Q7	I advise you to check with a letter or a phone call if you intend to pay them a visit in order to save a wasted journey.				
	(a) previously	(b) prior	(c) ante	(d) beforehand	
Q8	Since that package contain	ns valuable items, you must s	send it by post.		
	(a) required	(b) resigned	(c) registered	(d) repeated	
Q9	Quite honestly I cannot true deliver it for me.	st this particular letter to be s	sent by post and so I am using	ng the services of a to	
	(a) courier	(b) runner	(c) traveller	(d) carrier	
Q10	I'm sure that computer prog	gram you use creates a very	good letter design but it's fa	r too for me.	
	(a) comprehensive	(b) complicated	(c) concentrated	(d) composite	





## Flying on a Plane

Q1	The worst thing about flying is when you take				
	(a) up	(b) in	(c) off	(d) over	
Q2	Landing is also a rather	experience, too.			
	(a) frightening	(b) frightened	(c) frights	(d) frightful	
Q3	Come to think of it the bit b	etween leaving the ground a	and coming down again can	also on the nerves.	
	(a) strike	(b) play	(c) hit	(d) fall	
Q4	Of course during the flight t	he airline staff try to keep yo	our mind		
	(a) concentrated	(b) dedicated	(c) concerned	(d) occupied	
Q5	They ask you if you want to	buy things you don't in all	want.		
	(a) truth	(b) honesty	(c) honestly	(d) truly	
Q6	The captain, whose voice is you.	s so you feel as if you're	e sitting at home watching te	levision, starts chatting to	
	(a) retired	(b) relaxed	(c) relapsed	(d) replete	
Q7	He tries to give you the	that you're out in your car	watching the countryside rol	l by.	
	(a) opinion	(b) thought	(c) impression	(d) interpretation	
Q8	Then you start to eat your r	meal and discover that the ki	nives and forks are made of	plastic and snap under	
	(a) pushing	(b) pulling	(c) pressing	(d) pressure	
Q9	As you've probably, I'r	n not really keen on flying.			
	(a) collected	(b) gathered	(c) assembled	(d) accumulated	
Q10	Mind you, once you've land	led and you're saying goodb	ye to the smiling hostess, it's	s great to know you've	
	(a) survived	(b) surmounted	(c) surveyed	(d) surmised	





## Planning a Business

Q1	It is essential before starting a business to work on a plan to problems later on.				
	(a) escape	(b) endure	(c) avoid	(d) enter	
Q2	The biggest in busines	ss can be eliminated if you h	ave sufficient capital to start	with.	
	(a) scene	(b) risk	(c) encounter	(d) harm	
Q3	Even when the economic s	ituation is, there is alwa	ays present the need for plar	nning in a new business.	
	(a) mighty	(b) huge	(c) hefty	(d) strong	
Q4	Whatever happens in the fu product.	uture there is absolutely no	for good market researd	h before you launch a new	
	(a) consideration	(b) criterion	(c) substitute	(d) contemplation	
Q5	Your concern is natura	ally the plan but don't forget	your capital or your premise:	S.	
	(a) firstly	(b) primary	(c) primarily	(d) initially	
Q6	When people are considering your potential.	ng whether to loan your new	business a substantial sum	, they are going to	
	(a) encompass	(b) evolve	(c) evaluate	(d) enquire	
Q7	It is worthwhile as much	ch market research informati	ion as possible before you w	ork out your plan.	
	(a) including	(b) snatching	(c) grabbing	(d) gathering	
Q8	Her next task was to have a warrant a loan.	a meeting with the bank mar	nager to that she had a	secure enough plan to	
	(a) declare	(b) demonstrate	(c) state	(d) announce	
Q9	There are certain weaknesses in your plan that need to be urgently if you are to succeed.				
	(a) affixed	(b) acquired	(c) addressed	(d) attended	
Q10	Since the start of the busine	ess many new ideas have	out of the original plan.		
	(a) developed	(b) shown	(c) gained	(d) built	





## Computers

Q1	My computer is not capable of saving material on a separate because it has no floppy drive.				
	(a) space	(b) compact	(c) disc	(d) place	
Q2	I understand that I can mak	e it possible for both my cor	nputers to share the same p	rograms by means of	
	(a) joining	(b) connecting	(c) linking	(d) networking	
Q3	I had only had my compute	r for three weeks when I had	d to have the hard drive		
	(a) replaced	(b) restored	(c) retaken	(d) revived	
Q4	Laptop computers are become	oming more and more ir	n the business world.		
	(a) famous	(b) popular	(c) sought	(d) wished	
Q5	You have to have a really	mind in order to get you	r head round some of today'	s computing technology.	
	(a) acute	(b) cut	(c) razor	(d) sharp	
Q6	The great advantage of have	ving an external zip drive is t	hat you can use it as an exti	ra means of	
	(a) hoarding	(b) keeping	(c) holding	(d) storage	
Q7	They tried very hard to insta- for them to understand	all the new components on t d.	he computer but the languaç	ge in the manual was too	
	(a) technical	(b) technique	(c) technician	(d) technically	
Q8	When you look at the modern office today you could compare the changes with those that took place in the industrial in the 19th century.				
	(a) revolt	(b) revolution	(c) revolting	(d) revolving	
Q9	In order to the method	by which staff pay is calcula	ated the company has bough	nt a new software package.	
	(a) facile	(b) facility	(c) factual	(d) facilitate	
Q10	Obviously a computer can	take all the hard work out of	a large mass of data.		
	(a) proceeding	(b) procedure	(c) processing	(d) processes	





## Business Expressions (1)

Q1	I heard of a new company today with which we should co-operate and business with.				
	(a) make	(b) create	(c) have	(d) do	
Q2	Shortly after he was dismis	sed from the firm he decided	d to himself up in his ov	vn business.	
	(a) put	(b) set	(c) place	(d) hold	
Q3	They went business s	hortly after their children had	l left home and got married.		
	(a) out	(b) in	(c) into	(d) on	
Q4	As soon as they heard wha	at had happened, they it	their business to find out th	e truth.	
	(a) made	(b) tried	(c) managed	(d) called	
Q5	I would ask you kindly not t	o interfere with what I'm doir	ng as in all honesty it's	of your business.	
	(a) no	(b) nothing	(c) none	(d) nor	
Q6	Despite all the alterations that are taking place in the department store, the management wanted to explain i was business as				
	(a) common	(b) practical	(c) frequent	(d) usual	
Q7	She knew that there was so	ome kind of business go	oing on because strange thir	ngs were happening.	
	(a) weird	(b) unusual	(c) funny	(d) stupid	
Q8	We really can't delay any m	nore with our plans and must	t down to business as s	soon as possible.	
	(a) set	(b) get	(c) cut	(d) find	
Q9	When the bomb went off, m	nost of the injured were just o	ordinary people going t	heir business.	
	(a) about	(b) along	(c) across	(d) through	
Q10	Although they had high hop	pes that they would be succe	essful, they out of busin	ess within six months.	
	(a) turned	(b) came	(c) went	(d) fell	





## Business Expressions (2)

Q1	I've warned you before that	you shouldn't get involved i	n this matter and you have.	business discussing it.
	(a) some	(b) little	(c) no	(d) not
Q2	That's really not my concer	n at all and I'm certainly not	the business of telling	others what to do.
	(a) in	(b) out	(c) of	(d) by
Q3	She was very enthusiastic	about her new job and was r	making rapid progress ı	nobody's business.
	(a) as	(b) with	(c) similar	(d) like
Q4	I really wouldn't joke about	it because these people are	deadly serious and bu	siness.
	(a) signify	(b) mean	(c) require	(d) need
Q5	He didn't hesitate to tell me	that I wasn't wanted and jus	st told me to my own bu	usiness.
	(a) concern	(b) look after	(c) tend to	(d) mind
Q6	I'm afraid it won't be possib	le to talk to the boss today b	ecause he's away busi	ness till Tuesday.
	(a) off	(b) on	(c) for	(d) to
Q7	He was very keen that we l	kept in touch and for that rea	ason he handed me his busir	ness
	(a) ticket	(b) paper	(c) card	(d) notice
Q8	This is the really important	part of the machine and that	t's why we call it the busines	S
	(a) centre	(b) end	(c) area	(d) point
Q9	The whole site has nothing	but offices and administration	on centres and that's why we	e call it a business
	(a) place	(b) situation	(c) field	(d) park
Q10	All the famous film stars, ac business.	ctors, directors and writers w	vere at the festival represent	ing the world of
	(a) play	(b) drama	(c) show	(d) performance





## How to agree

Q1	You can be absolutely sure I'm on your				
	(a) road	(b) corner	(c) route	(d) side	
Q2	You can on me for you	ur support.			
	(a) show	(b) rely	(c) try	(d) test	
Q3	Our views clearly at the	is point I'm pleased to say.			
	(a) convert	(b) concert	(c) conduct	(d) coincide	
Q4	Fortunately the leader and	all her members were singin	g from the same sheet		
	(a) hymn	(b) prayer	(c) lyric	(d) sermon	
Q5	It's good that we both have	the same way of at thir	ngs.		
	(a) seeing	(b) peeping	(c) looking	(d) viewing	
Q6	I'm pleased to say that we speak on this matter with one				
	(a) sound	(b) tone	(c) harmony	(d) voice	
Q7	I certainly won't any ol	ojection when you make you	r proposal.		
	(a) rise	(b) raise	(c) lift	(d) arise	
Q8	I'm you all the way as	far as that's concerned.			
	(a) with	(b) by	(c) at	(d) across	
Q9	I'm happy to those ser	ntiments and wish you every	success.		
	(a) encompass	(b) enthuse	(c) endorse	(d) endure	
Q10	When it comes to the vote	I'm willing to put my up	and support you.		
	(a) head	(b) chin	(c) arm	(d) hand	





#### How to apologize

Q1	Please me for interrupting you, I didn't realize you were busy with someone else.				
	(a) forget	(b) forfeit	(c) forbid	(d) forgive	
Q2	I'm very that I'm late b	ut there is a train strike on a	t the moment.		
	(a) sore	(b) sorry	(c) sorrow	(d) sorrowful	
Q3	Please send my to the	e meeting as I shan't be able	to attend.		
	(a) apologies	(b) apologize	(c) apologized	(d) apologizing	
Q4	There's really no for m	ny behaviour last night. I can	only think that I'd had too m	uch to drink.	
	(a) exception	(b) escape	(c) excuse	(d) exclusion	
Q5	I know I shouldn't have mad what I said.	de those remarks about you	r work and I hope you now k	now how deeply I	
	(a) review	(b) regret	(c) respect	(d) restore	
Q6	I must your pardon, I r	mistook you for somebody el	se.		
	(a) bid	(b) bide	(c) beggar	(d) beg	
Q7	If it helps to put things right	, please let me take eve	erything I said earlier.		
	(a) again	(b) back	(c) in	(d) across	
Q8	Please accept this small pro	esent as my way of making	for all the trouble I've ca	aused.	
	(a) attempts	(b) attention	(c) amends	(d) arrears	
Q9	All I can do now is simply b	eg your and hope that	n time we can get back to w	here we used to be.	
	(a) interest	(b) interpretation	(c) inclination	(d) indulgence	
Q10	In their religion as long as t	hey, they will be forgive	en their sins.		
	(a) repent	(b) restore	(c) repeat	(d) request	





#### How to ask the way

Q1	Am I going in the right for the post office?				
	(a) route	(b) way	(c) sign	(d) direction	
Q2	Can you tell me please how	v I to the cinema from h	nere?		
	(a) come	(b) get	(c) take	(d) fetch	
Q3	Could you please me	in the direction of the motory	way?		
	(a) show	(b) indicate	(c) point	(d) deliver	
Q4	I'm making for the M25 mo	torway — is this road the mo	ost route?		
	(a) straight	(b) clear	(c) obvious	(d) direct	
Q5	Could you tell me please he	ow I am from the town	centre?		
	(a) near	(b) far	(c) close	(d) away	
Q6	Can you help please becau	use I've lost my way and	to get to the shops before	closing time?	
	(a) need	(b) require	(c) request	(d) must	
Q7	I'm for the town hall —	- am I anywhere near?			
	(a) seeking	(b) making	(c) seeing	(d) trying	
Q8	I took the wrong at the	e last road junction, can you	tell me how I get back on the	e motorway?	
	(a) turn	(b) turner	(c) turned	(d) turning	
Q9	to this map I should be	e near the church. Is it near?			
	(a) Following	(b) After	(c) According	(d) considering	
Q10	Is this for the railway s	station?			
	(a) correct	(b) clear	(c) fine	(d) right	





#### How to complain

Q1	I'm really not satisfied with the way you have the situation.				
	(a) dealt	(b) handled	(c) done	(d) fingered	
Q2	I've really had enough of al	Il your excuses, what I want	is some		
	(a) action	(b) acting	(c) acted	(d) active	
Q3	You've refused to help me	now for six months and so I	shall now have to take the n	natter	
	(a) on	(b) longer	(c) far	(d) further	
Q4	I must you do someth	ing immediately as I've been	patient long enough.		
	(a) persist	(b) desist	(c) insist	(d) consist	
Q5	I now want some kind of co	ompensation for the total	of service I've experienced	I.	
	(a) lack	(b) fail	(c) failing	(d) missing	
Q6	I'm obviously not getting ar	nywhere with my complaint p	lease let me talk to someon	e to you.	
	(a) older	(b) above	(c) over	(d) senior	
Q7	I'm very unhappy with the v	way I've been No one s	seems at all interested in my	case.	
	(a) considered	(b) treated	(c) placed	(d) pushed	
Q8	I believe I have very good .	for suing your company	for negligence.		
	(a) lands	(b) terrains	(c) grounds	(d) areas	
Q9	If you don't do something to	oday, I shall be to take	legal action.		
	(a) held	(b) ordered	(c) commanded	(d) forced	
Q10	You're the tenth person I've	e been put through to and I'n	n on the point of losing my		
	(a) mood	(b) temper	(c) state	(d) feeling	





#### How to criticize

Q1	Quite honestly I didn't think of the standard of acting in the play.				
	(a) lot	(b) few	(c) little	(d) much	
Q2	If you want my opinior	n, I thought the food tasted re	evolting.		
	(a) honoured	(b) honourable	(c) honest	(d) honour	
Q3	To come straight to the	I think the management te	am needs replacing.		
	(a) summit	(b) top	(c) topic	(d) point	
Q4	There are several matters	on which I should like to take	e concerning your repor	t.	
	(a) outcome	(b) outlook	(c) issue	(d) outing	
Q5	There's really no virtue in n	ne pussy around becaus	se I might as well tell you it's	awful.	
	(a) treading	(b) footing	(c) walking	(d) tripping	
Q6	I have a long of things	I think are wrong, where sh	all I start?		
	(a) story	(b) description	(c) file	(d) list	
Q7	I'm afraid to tell you that yo	ur standard of work has falle	en well below what we think	is	
	(a) considerable	(b) believable	(c) acceptable	(d) available	
Q8	In all honesty if I said that e	everything was all right, I'd si	mply be		
	(a) lying	(b) laying	(c) loading	(d) letting	
Q9	If you can't improve your le	vel of work, I'm afraid you'll I	have to look for anothe	r job.	
	(a) anywhere	(b) elsewhere	(c) nowhere	(d) somewhere	
Q10	I'm sick and of always	having to put right your mis-	takes.		
	(a) weary	(b) exhausted	(c) fatigued	(d) tired	





## How to disagree

Q1	I'm sorry but I can't your opinion on that.				
	(a) take	(b) share	(c) give	(d) find	
Q2	I very much regret that we	must company on that i	ssue.		
	(a) divide	(b) devise	(c) part	(d) leave	
Q3	Let's be honest about it we	'll never agree on that becau	se our views are diametrical	lly	
	(a) apposed	(b) imposed	(c) supposed	(d) opposed	
Q4	We'll never agree, that's cle	ear so let's to differ.			
	(a) ask	(b) bid	(c) beg	(d) try	
Q5	You can argue with me till t	he cows come but I car	n't accept that.		
	(a) away	(b) along	(c) back	(d) home	
Q6	I really see no point in cont	inuing this argument becaus	e we have no ground.		
	(a) basic	(b) own	(c) common	(d) similar	
Q7	There's absolutely no way	can you on that matter	r.		
	(a) meet	(b) hold	(c) take	(d) find	
Q8	Nothing in the world will ev	er make me change my	on that subject.		
	(a) thought	(b) mind	(c) idea	(d) heart	
Q9	I would love to meet you half way but I'm afraid I can't because with me it's a matter of				
	(a) principal	(b) principles	(c) principally	(d) principle	
Q10	Let's it, you and I will r	never see eye to eye on this.			
	(a) look	(b) take	(c) face	(d) see	





## How to encourage

Q1	Well! This is a very good piece of work.					
	(a) made	(b) done	(c) finished	(d) taken		
Q2	I must congratulate you on your efforts it up!					
	(a) Continue	(b) Take	(c) Keep	(d) Hold		
Q3	Don't give up whatever you	ı do. I'm sure you'll it in	the end.			
	(a) acquire	(b) get	(c) put	(d) make		
Q4	I'll by you no matter w	hat happens.				
	(a) stand	(b) keep	(c) lean	(d) support		
Q5	I'm sure if you, you'll s	succeed.				
	(a) pursue	(b) proceed	(c) propel	(d) persevere		
Q6	You've clearly got and	d it's obvious that you'll get to	the top.			
	(a) control	(b) power	(c) talent	(d) strength		
Q7	I've watched a lot of young	people try to make a succes	ss of it, but you're the only or	ne I really in.		
	(a) think	(b) trust	(c) hold	(d) believe		
Q8	I see no why you shouldn't be accepted as an employee.					
	(a) cause	(b) sense	(c) reason	(d) doubt		
Q9	Never up. That's a good philosophy.					
	(a) give	(b) do	(c) take	(d) try		
Q10	You mustn't ever be o	off by a few setbacks.				
	(a) taken	(b) held	(c) put	(d) pushed		





## Online Marketing Campaign

Q1	She was going to discuss the				
	(a) but	(b) yet	(c) neither	(d) either	
Q2	Our project team tried hard	to think all the possible	e alternatives before making	a decision.	
	(a) of	(b) at	(c) by	(d) as	
Q3	Timing can be crucial	when you're considering lau	nching a new online marketi	ng campaign.	
	(a) strongly	(b) greatly	(c) extremely	(d) already	
Q4	Are you able to our co	nditions of delivery in line wi	th our recent invoice?		
	(a) except	(b) expect	(c) accept	(d) access	
Q5	Fortunately for us we're find	ding our new internet divisior	n is showing an increased	<b></b> .	
	(a) prophet	(b) profit	(c) profitably	(d) profits	
Q6	Following some recent rese	earch our engineers tha	t our index system has scop	e for fast improvement.	
	(a) fined	(b) finding	(c) found	(d) finds	
Q7	In our line of business it is	vital to host our website on o	our own server of getting	g someone else to do it.	
	(a) except	(b) but	(c) besides	(d) instead	
Q8	Before you employ new star professional experience.	ff you should carry out a	examination of their perso	nal qualities and	
	(a) careful	(b) caring	(c) carefulness	(d) carefully	
Q9	Thanks to the high standards of service we offer our customers, we have been able to establish an excellent				
	(a) repute	(b) reputable	(c) reputation	(d) reputedly	
Q10	An interactive website can spent on correspondence.	save your organisation	amounts of time and money	that would otherwise be	
	(a) signify	(b) significant	(c) significance	(d) signification	





## Adverbially Speaking

Q1	They had to drive up the hill because the car was very old.				
	(a) easily	(b) intently	(c) slowly	(d) fairly	
Q2	Please listen because	this is important.			
	(a) quietly	(b) quickly	(c) nicely	(d) carefully	
Q3	Sorry we're late but we got	here as as we could.			
	(a) recently	(b) quickly	(c) well	(d) nearly	
Q4	He mumbled throughout his	s speech so I could und	derstand a single word.		
	(a) really	(b) fully	(c) hardly	(d) hard	
Q5	I trust his judgement — he	makes a mistake.			
	(a) never	(b) always	(c) quite	(d) simply	
Q6	6 You've ruined my new carpet with your filthy shoes.				
	(a) rarely	(b) sometimes	(c) usually	(d) completely	
Q7	You haven't written the	at letter, have you?			
	(a) clearly	(b) truly	(c) actually	(d) blankly	
Q8	I have told her not to d	do that and yet she always d	oes.		
	(a) admittedly	(b) repeatedly	(c) wholeheartedly	(d) frankly	
Q9	It was a very long day but v	we arrived in time for te	a.		
	(a) eventfully	(b) unusually	(c) dully	(d) eventually	
Q10	He didn't want me to enter	and disputed my reaso	n for being there.		
	(a) hotly	(b) terribly	(c) horribly	(d) awfully	





## Letter of Complaint (1)

Q1	I am writing this letter to you as a sort of last since all my attempts to phone you				
	(a) result	(b) return	(c) report	(d) resort	
Q2	and to try and make an	to meet you and discuss n	ny problem with you have be	en unsuccessful.	
	(a) appoint	(b) appointee	(c) appointment	(d) appointing	
Q3	I would like to tell you the s	tory from the beginning	l.		
	(a) simple	(b) same	(c) extreme	(d) very	
Q4	In January this year I boug	ht a washing machine from y	ou for which I paid		
	(a) cash	(b) money	(c) cheque	(d) pounds	
Q5	and made for it to be delivered to my home in Southcote on the following Tuesday.				
	(a) instigations	(b) arrangements	(c) alterations	(d) confirmations	
Q6	I stayed in all day on a machine would arrive.	as you had informed me that	you could not be sure at wh	at time of day the washing	
	(a) intention	(b) regard	(c) purpose	(d) plan	
Q7	7 In the end nobody came that day. When I phoned, I was told it come the following Tuesday.				
	(a) will	(b) shall	(c) ought	(d) would	
Q8	Again I stayed in all day in	and there was no delive	ery.		
	(a) vain	(b) fault	(c) vanity	(d) error	
Q9	After six more phone calls	I succeeded in settling	on a date		
	(a) eventfully	(b) event	(c) eventually	(d) events	
Q10	and the machine came on	Tuesday February 20th — a	lmost 5 weeks after the	delivery date.	
	(a) promising	(b) promised	(c) promises	(d) promise	





## Letter of Complaint (2)

Q1	I had the washing machine fitted by a plumber but he was unable to make the thing work.				
	(a) renowned	(b) remarkable	(c) reputable	(d) respectable	
Q2	one of the component could be fitted.	s was faulty and he recomm	ended that I got back to you	so that a replacement	
	(a) Appearing	(b) Appearance	(c) Apparition	(d) Apparently	
Q3	When I telephoned your sto	ore and explained the to	your receptionist,		
	(a) criterion	(b) situation	(c) place	(d) happening	
Q4	I was with the comme	nt, 'Oh not you again'			
	(a) told	(b) remarked	(c) said	(d) greeted	
Q5	which I found most es	pecially since throughout the	e protracted period of waiting	for the machine	
	(a) offended	(b) offending	(c) offensive	(d) offends	
Q6	I remained calm although I	believe I have every reason	for up a fuss.		
	(a) hitting	(b) kicking	(c) knocking	(d) striking	
Q7	I eventually got put to	the technical department			
	(a) through	(b) over	(c) in	(d) across	
Q8	who were most hand				
	(a) to	(b) in	(c) by	(d) off	
Q9	and told me there was	that could be done immedia	ately		
	(a) less	(b) little	(c) least	(d) few	
Q10	since there were a number	of people sick.			
	(a) through	(b) for	(c) off	(d) under	





## Letter of Complaint (3)

Q1 We now move on to late March when I imagine that the sick employees were fully					
	(a) restored	(b) returned	(c) retired	(d) recovered	
Q2	and one of your technical s	taff came out to see me with	the intention of replacing th	e part.	
	(a) defective	(b) deficient	(c) defining	(d) defeating	
Q3	Unfortunately he had	the wrong part with him			
	(a) delivered	(b) fetched	(c) brought	(d) picked	
Q4	and was very as to wh	nen he would be able to find	the right part and get it back	to me.	
	(a) unable	(b) unsure	(c) unskilled	(d) untrained	
Q5	Another visit took in late April but the engineer, although he had got the right part with him, was unable t make the washing machine work.				
	(a) position	(b) spot	(c) time	(d) place	
Q6	It was at this stage that I was	as seriously considering gett	ting of the machine		
	(a) rid	(b) riddance	(c) hold	(d) loose	
Q7	and asking for a				
	(a) repeat	(b) refund	(c) replace	(d) return	
Q8	When I this matter wit	h one of your staff			
	(a) rose	(b) risen	(c) arose	(d) raised	
Q9	I was informed that this wa	s out of the			
	(a) problem	(b) concern	(c) question	(d) hand	
Q10	and they would send some	one in the ' future'.			
	(a) near	(b) next	(c) soon	(d) coming	





## Letter of Complaint (4)

Q1	At the beginning of May I decided that the only course of action was to a visit to your store					
	(a) charge	(b) settle	(c) pay	(d) owe		
Q2	and meet you face to face	so that the matter could be s	settled once and for			
	(a) everything	(b) now	(c) then	(d) all		
Q3	I should have checked day.	d first since when I reached t	he shop I was led to believe	that you were out for the		
	(a) Admittedly	(b) Admitting	(c) Confessing	(d) Allowing		
Q4	Throughout this time of cou	urse I have been without the	of a washing machine			
	(a) faculty	(b) facility	(c) ability	(d) control		
Q5	and have had to use the lo	cal				
	(a) launder	(b) laundering	(c) launderette	(d) launderer		
Q6	From the end of May until August I have been away on business and was surprised that that period					
	(a) while	(b) attending	(c) from	(d) during		
Q7	no effort has been made to write to me and keep me to date.					
	(a) on	(b) up	(c) in	(d) over		
Q8	Since returning in September end of my	oer I have made at least a do	zen phone calls and quite fr	ankly I have reached the		
	(a) tether	(b) line	(c) rope	(d) cord		
Q9	and must that you do	something immediately to pu	ut the matter right.			
	(a) persist	(b) resist	(c) insist	(d) desist		
Q10	If I do not hear from you by	the end of this week I shall	be forced to legal advic	ee.		
	(a) search	(b) find	(c) look	(d) seek		





#### Retirement Plans

Q1	When Dad turned 40 we gave him an the hill party.					
	(a) after	(b) top of	(c) under	(d) over		
Q2	Young workers should begin now in preparation for retirement.					
	(a) investing	(b) anticipating	(c) funding	(d) spending		
Q3	we have more than er	nough volunteers for the job.				
	(a) Serious	(b) Thankful	(c) Fortunately	(d) Scrumptiously		
Q4	He threw away the yogurt b	pecause it was of date.				
	(a) past	(b) terrible	(c) more	(d) out		
Q5	Talk to your insurance agency about the your plan provides.					
	(a) coverage	(b) information	(c) coverages	(d) equity		
Q6 Consumers are constantly with pleas to buy products that they, 'can't live without.'						
	(a) bombed	(b) bombarded	(c) bombarding	(d) bombards		
Q7	She is very in everyth	ing she does.				
	(a) cultivate	(b) engagement	(c) inspire	(d) meticulous		
Q8	Gas prices are at an all-tim	e				
	(a) interest	(b) high	(c) expensive	(d) rising		
Q9	Analysts said the acquisition	on would earnings.				
	(a) boost	(b) gain	(c) range	(d) rise		
Q10	Fire code regulations	that fire extinguishers be pla	ces strategically throughout	the building.		
	(a) renounce	(b) refrain	(c) understand	(d) require		





## Daily Business Activities

Q1	My went very well. I think I will get the job.						
	(a) interview	(b) interstate	(c) invitation	(d) inspecting			
Q2	She likes your of writing.						
	(a) jester	(b) paper	(c) test	(d) style			
Q3	There is a water in the	e hallway next to the bathroo	m.				
	(a) fling	(b) thing	(c) hole	(d) fountain			
Q4	This report is next wee	ek.					
	(a) gave	(b) due	(c) expect	(d) date			
Q5	I cannot print the flyers bed	I cannot print the flyers because the is out of paper.					
	(a) printer	(b) impression	(c) machine	(d) impersonator			
Q6	We normally serve five hun	ndred every day.					
	(a) customs	(b) customers	(c) consume	(d) commuters			
Q7	At the annual picnic we will	be hotdogs and chicke	n.				
	(a) serving	(b) picketing	(c) holding	(d) rendered			
Q8	From time time the inspector comes to make sure that everything meets health standards.						
	(a) in	(b) and	(c) to	(d) for			
Q9	The bigger they are the har	rder they					
	(a) cry	(b) hit	(c) swim	(d) fall			
Q10	Do you keep your files in yo	our desk					
	(a) envelop	(b) drawer	(c) pocket	(d) leg			





#### Faxes

Q1 Our fax machine is, could you please mail us a hardcopy instead?				
	(a) under	(b) over	(c) down	(d) downward
Q2	Did you receive the fax I	you this morning?		
	(a) mailed	(b) sent	(c) e-mailed	(d) gave
Q3	I did not receive your fax. A	are you sure you the rig	ht number?	
	(a) typed	(b) pushed	(c) touched	(d) dialed
Q4	The should note who is regarding.	the fax is to, who it is from, the	he fax number, the number of	of pages and what the fax
	(a) cover sheet	(b) first page	(c) message page	(d) blank sheet
Q5	Load all documents to be fa	axed up in the fax tray.		
	(a) face	(b) top	(c) head	(d) foot
Q6	Always write a short to	explain what the fax is for a	and who it should go to.	
	(a) memory	(b) memo	(c) observation	(d) announcement
Q7	I prefer e-mail fax mad	chines because it is so much	less complicated.	
	(a) instead	(b) than	(c) to	(d) of
Q8	I would rather just send e-n	nails because it is easie	er.	
	<ul><li>(a) from now after</li><li>(c) from now and later</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) from now and forward</li><li>(d) from now on</li></ul>	
Q9	If you want to submit a doc	ument that contains a a	a fax might be better than an	e-mail.
	(a) sign	(b) signature	(c) handwriting	(d) signet
Q10	Push the start button to ser wadded up.	nd the fax, then watch to ma	ke sure the paper throu	igh right and does not get
	(a) slides	(b) moves	(c) feeds	(d) passes





## Placing an order via phone

Q1 Receptionist 1: Thank you for calling ABC Inc., this is Mary. How may I y			lary. How may I your ca	all?
	(a) send	(b) drive	(c) pass	(d) direct
Q2	Phil: Could you to acc	ounting please?		
	(a) put me through	(b) put me on	(c) put me out	(d) put me in
Q3	Receptionist 1: One p	lease.		
	(a) instant	(b) jiffy	(c) flash	(d) moment
Q4	Receptionist 2: Thank you	for calling Friendly Neighbor	s! can I help you today	?
	(a) Who	(b) Why	(c) What	(d) How
Q5	Fred: May I with the s	upervisor of international affa	airs please?	
	(a) talk	(b) speak	(c) chat	(d) holler
Q6	Receptionist 2: I'm sorry, si	r, he's unavailable right now	. Would you like for me to	you to his voicemail?
	(a) shift	(b) relocate	(c) transfer	(d) pass
Q7	Fred: No thank you. I'll	. back again later.		
	(a) be	(b) try	(c) come	(d) attempt
Q8	To-go specialist: Thank you	u for calling Motzeralla's 'to-g	go' Amy, how can I hel	o you?
	(a) I am	(b) Here is	(c) My name is	(d) This is
Q9	Nick: I would like to a	to-go order.		
	(a) make	(b) do	(c) place	(d) deliver
Q10	To-go specialist: What can	I for you today sir?		
	(a) get	(b) buy	(c) make	(d) order





Will and Living Will

Q1	A Will is a legal document that informs the doctor of what care you would like to receive in specific situations.				
	(a) Legal	(b) Dying	(c) Living	(d) Final	
Q2	A is a legal declaration	n that states how people war	nt their belongings to be take	en care of after their death.	
	(a) Will	(b) Living will	(c) Estate insurance	(d) Contract	
Q3	•	between "Will" and "Livinged Health Care Directive" for	•	lopted the names "Health	
	(a) mistakes	(b) confusion	(c) tidiness	(d) lucidity	
Q4	Planning is the general taxes for after his death.	al planning of an individual's	wealth, along with the arrang	gements for his will and	
	(a) Life	(b) Will	(c) State	(d) Estate	
Q5	Neither Will or Living Will ca documents.	an be replaced by one anoth	ner. A estate plan will co	ontain both of these	
	(a) incomplete	(b) thorough	(c) deficient	(d) inadequate	
Q6		a secure health protection, ted treatment for an illness of			
	(a) Mortgage	(b) Obituary	(c) Health	(d) Retirement	
Q7	If you don't have a Will and causing a troublesome disp	you die, your estate will be oute over your belongings.	comforming with a stric	t legal formula possibly	
	(a) disposed	(b) accumulated	(c) displaced	(d) disarranged	
Q8	Although some do, it is not advisable for couples to write " Wills" for two reasons: it is only effective after both spouses die and it cannot be changed even if only one of them is dead.				
	(a) Joint	(b) Separate	(c) Single	(d) Widowed	
Q9	It is necessary for two witne	esses who are not of the	e will to be present when an	individual signs his will.	
	(a) relatives	(b) donors	(c) predecessors	(d) beneficiaries	
Q10	For a will to be properly	it must be signed.			
	(a) unfulfilled	(b) executed	(c) sketchy	(d) read	





## Ways of commenting

Q1	If you want my honest opin	ion, I thought the play was		
	(a) litter	(b) dust	(c) waste	(d) rubbish
Q2	It was quite a good film but	I thought the characters we	re a bit like	
	(a) paper	(b) cardboard	(c) plastic	(d) material
Q3	It's quite a nice car but ther	e was not very much in	the back.	
	(a) area	(b) limit	(c) room	(d) fullness
Q4	She's pleasant enough but	not very pretty. In fact I'd sa	y she was rather	
	(a) plain	(b) straight	(c) simple	(d) casual
Q5	The first time you see the v	riew you can't believe it. It alr	most takes your breath	
	(a) out	(b) over	(c) under	(d) away
Q6	I sat through the concert fe	eling really bored and sleepy	and had to stop myself fror	m several times.
	(a) gaping	(b) yawning	(c) stretching	(d) crying
Q7	It was one of the most embarrassing moments of my life and I just wanted the ground to up and swallow me.			
	(a) ease	(b) throe	(c) open	(d) crack
Q8	In my opinion no one in the	ir right mind would ever go a	and pay to see a play th	at.
	(a) as	(b) same	(c) more	(d) like
Q9	The room was good, the be	ed was comfortable and the s	service was excellent but the	e hotel food left a lot to be
	(a) required	(b) desired	(c) demanded	(d) included
Q10	To be perfectly honest with	you I think that this is the be	est test I've ever taken in my	entire
	(a) life	(b) days	(c) duration	(d) stay





## Ways of disapproving

Q1	There is no way that I can agree to you early today.				
	(a) submitting	(b) renouncing	(c) leaving	(d) departing	
Q2	I must object and make it c scheme.	lear that I am totally an	y measures that suggest cha	anges to the original	
	(a) up	(b) without	(c) against	(d) off	
Q3	He has the of always	rejecting any idea that will ch	nange the current arrangeme	ents.	
	(a) habit	(b) custom	(c) task	(d) job	
Q4	I cannot condone that sort	of in my establishment	and would ask you to remen	nber that in future.	
	(a) routine	(b) manners	(c) going	(d) behaviour	
Q5	I have no choice really but	to turn your recent prop	oosal because it is completel	y unworkable.	
	(a) off	(b) over	(c) down	(d) across	
Q6	They can't possibly go	. with your suggestions beca	use it will involve too much	expenditure.	
	(a) over	(b) along	(c) in	(d) above	
Q7	Quite honestly I'd have to b	e out of my to sanction	what is a crazy proposition.		
	(a) sense	(b) balance	(c) thought	(d) mind	
Q8	When her father discovered that his daughter wanted to marry a pop singer, he decided to put every in their way to prevent the marriage.				
	(a) obstacle	(b) burden	(c) impediment	(d) problem	
Q9	He told me there was defin	itely no that I would pas	ss my examination until I did	some work.	
	(a) occasion	(b) chance	(c) opportunity	(d) time	
Q10	You could tell by the h	ne refused to smile that he di	dn't like the story.		
	(a) method	(b) plan	(c) way	(d) path	





# Ways of greeting

Q1	Great to see you again. I haven't seen you ages.				
	(a) by	(b) from	(c) of	(d) for	
Q2	Welcome to our house. Co	me in and make yourself			
	(a) comfortable	(b) easy	(c) relaxing	(d) comforting	
Q3	How do you do? I don't thir	nk we've met			
	(a) after	(b) since	(c) then	(d) before	
Q4	Hi Mary. Where have you b	peen yourself all this tim	ne?		
	(a) discovering	(b) hiding	(c) finding	(d) looking	
Q5	Good morning, sir. I hope y	ou will have an enjoyable	in our hotel.		
	(a) stay	(b) halt	(c) stop	(d) sojourn	
Q6	Good evening to you all. Le	et me find you a near th	e window.		
	(a) corner	(b) angle	(c) table	(d) part	
Q7	How are you, David.? I mu	st you're looking very w	vell.		
	(a) declare	(b) recite	(c) state	(d) admit	
Q8	Hello there. I just don't beli	eve it. You haven't changed	a since we last met.		
	(a) bit	(b) piece	(c) little	(d) section	
Q9	Ah, you must be Mary's hu	sband. Do come in and	everyone.		
	(a) see	(b) look	(c) find	(d) meet	
Q10	Here you are at last! I hope	your here wasn't too h	orrible.		
	(a) travel	(b) journey	(c) trip	(d) voyage	





# Way of saying goodbye

Q1	'm afraid it's we left.				
	(a) occasion	(b) time	(c) opportunity	(d) hour	
Q2	If you don't, I think we	'll be cutting along.			
	(a) care	(b) think	(c) believe	(d) mind	
Q3	I'll be seeing you then in du	ле			
	(a) path	(b) direction	(c) course	(d) route	
Q4	Well, as they say all good t	hings come to an			
	(a) end	(b) conclusion	(c) finale	(d) finality	
Q5	Thank you so much for	us you must come to us no	ext time.		
	(a) taking	(b) getting	(c) making	(d) having	
Q6	Good bye then and m	e to all your family.			
	(a) remind	(b) remember	(c) recall	(d) repeat	
Q7	If we don't leave now I'm at	fraid we'll the last train.			
	(a) forget	(b) fail	(c) miss	(d) turn	
Q8	It's been great meeting up	again and we mustn't it	so long next time.		
	(a) leave	(b) take	(c) wait	(d) lose	
Q9	Looks we ought to be	going really as it's got so lat	e.		
	(a) as	(b) like	(c) when	(d) for	
Q10	Well, there's for it but	simply to wish you well and	say goodbye.		
	(a) something	(b) everything	(c) anything	(d) nothing	





## Ways of approving

Q1	I'm quite happy to support you in your for a loan.				
	(a) subscription	(b) indication	(c) application	(d) abdication	
Q2	I must admit I think your ide	ea is well considering.			
	(a) valuable	(b) worthy	(c) value	(d) worth	
Q3	I shall certainly recommend	d your for improving saf	ety in the work place.		
	(a) proposal	(b) preference	(c) preferment	(d) proponent	
Q4	You can on me for sup	pport when the next election	comes up.		
	(a) number	(b) count	(c) account	(d) detail	
Q5	I would like to endorse	e your scheme for saving wa	ter.		
	(a) full heartedly	(b) open heartedly	(c) wholeheartedly	(d) complete heartedly	
Q6	The local council has appro	oved the plans for their	house.		
	(a) developing	(b) lengthening	(c) widening	(d) extending	
Q7	You can on me to sup	port you when the matter is	discussed at the next meetir	ng.	
	(a) rely	(b) trust	(c) believe	(d) follow	
Q8	His choice of a new wife	with his parents' approva	l.		
	(a) struck	(b) met	(c) hit	(d) fell	
Q9	They all promised they wou	uld stand him when he p	out forward the idea of a stri	ke.	
	(a) on	(b) to	(c) by	(d) through	
Q10	The meeting unanimously	supported the chairman whe	n he suggested that they	the meeting.	
	(a) shut	(b) finalise	(c) stop	(d) close	





# Ways of showing pleasure

Q1	Now that's what I call absolutely				
	(a) perfect	(b) finished	(c) completed	(d) ended	
Q2	You couldn't have made that	at drink better if you'd			
	(a) tested	(b) trailed	(c) required	(d) tried	
Q3	What a delightful those	e flowers give off when you t	touch them.		
	(a) bloom	(b) colour	(c) scent	(d) smell	
Q4	Words just me when I	try to say how happy I am.			
	(a) fail	(b) miss	(c) pass	(d) fool	
Q5	I can say that I don't th	nink I've ever enjoyed myself	f so much before.		
	(a) surely	(b) safely	(c) clearly	(d) notably	
Q6	There's really nothing like it	t, is there when you find you	ve all the answers to th	ne test right?	
	(a) found	(b) seen	(c) acquired	(d) got	
Q7	The only problem with your	cooking is that the more I e	at, the more I want mor	e.	
	(a) any	(b) all	(c) some	(d) no	
Q8	I must be because it's	all too good to be true.			
	(a) thinking	(b) dreaming	(c) sleeping	(d) dozing	
Q9	Just let me try one more of	your delicious chocolates ar	nd then I'll not to take a	ny more.	
	(a) promise	(b) assure	(c) confirm	(d) affirm	
Q10	It's absolute here. I thi	nk I'll stay at this hotel one n	nore week.		
	(a) clarity	(b) certainty	(c) bliss	(d) fortune	





# Ways of showing anger

Q1	I've had just as much as I can from you.				
	(a) find	(b) lean	(c) stomach	(d) point	
Q2	You do that again and I'll	your head off.			
	(a) consume	(b) devour	(c) munch	(d) bite	
Q3	I'm sorry but I can't take an	y more. I'm afraid I've reach	ed point.		
	(a) screaming	(b) crying	(c) howling	(d) shouting	
Q4	You just touch that pie	ece of paper and I'll kill you.			
	(a) attempt	(b) dare	(c) try	(d) endeavour	
Q5	How many more times do I	have to it to you, stupic	d?		
	(a) restrain	(b) render	(c) repeat	(d) resign	
Q6	I know you find this highly a	amusing but to me it's no	matter.		
	(a) chortling	(b) chuckling	(c) grinning	(d) laughing	
Q7	I'm warning you. I can take	just that much and more	re.		
	(a) any	(b) no	(c) some	(d) enough	
Q8	Everybody just get of	my way and leave me alone.			
	(a) out	(b) off	(c) with	(d) over	
Q9	Not another word from eith	er of you. That's			
	(a) conclusive	(b) final	(c) ending	(d) concluded	
Q10	Right. I'm leaving. You can	do whatever you like. I could	dn't care		
	(a) more	(b) lesser	(c) least	(d) less	





# Ways of thanking

Q1	Words can't possibly how grateful I am for what you have done.				
	(a) detail	(b) delineate	(c) underline	(d) express	
Q2	Thank you so much for helping me. I really it.				
	(a) accept	(b) agree	(c) appreciate	(d) deserve	
Q3	A thousand thanks for all ye	our hard work. I shall never .	it.		
	(a) forego	(b) forget	(c) foretell	(d) forbid	
Q4	They showed their great gr	atitude by sending us a large	e of money.		
	(a) sum	(b) packet	(c) box	(d) bundle	
Q5	Thank you for all you've do	ne from the of my heart	t.		
	(a) base	(b) foundation	(c) end	(d) bottom	
Q6	I'm sending this bunch of fl	owers as a small of my	thanks and appreciation.		
	(a) piece	(b) token	(c) counter	(d) emblem	
Q7	How can I thank you	enough for all you've done?			
	(a) entirely	(b) probably	(c) possibly	(d) exactly	
Q8	On the watch they gave hir	m were the words: gratit	tude for 40 years loyal servic	ce.	
	(a) at	(b) of	(c) by	(d) in	
Q9	It's very difficult for children	to their gratitude for wl	hat their parents have done	for them.	
	(a) show	(b) initiate	(c) enclose	(d) refer	
Q10	Look upon this as a of	thank you present for all yo	ur endeavours on our behalf	f.	
	(a) type	(b) sort	(c) sign	(d) species	





# Ways of threatening

Q1	If I've you once, I've done it a hundred times. Don't do it!				
	(a) spoken	(b) said	(c) told	(d) mentioned	
Q2	I'll give you just one more and after that, you'll be in real trouble.				
	(a) go	(b) occasion	(c) time	(d) chance	
Q3	I'm telling you loud and	that you really must get it r	right this time.		
	(a) bright	(b) clear	(c) simple	(d) obvious	
Q4	She told him that if his man	nners didn't, he would b	e sent home.		
	(a) approve	(b) disprove	(c) disapprove	(d) improve	
Q5	He agreed because he said	d it was like having a gun he	ld to his		
	(a) nose	(b) eye	(c) head	(d) foot	
Q6	I'll lend you money for the v	ery last time because after t	that you're on your		
	(a) own	(b) self	(c) side	(d) back	
Q7	I can't tell you how lucky yo	ou've been this time but just .	till next time.		
	(a) attend	(b) wait	(c) expect	(d) delay	
Q8	I'm prepared to your n	nistake on this occasion but	I can't ever do it again.		
	(a) oversee	(b) overtake	(c) overhear	(d) overlook	
Q9	If you leave me now, you don't to come back.				
	(a) need	(b) require	(c) demand	(d) order	
Q10	Let me put it simply one mo	ore incident like that and you	re out on your!		
	(a) eye	(b) nose	(c) ear	(d) head	





#### How to make exclamations

Q1	What a wonderful day to see the mountains!				
	(a) off	(b) by	(c) on	(d) in	
Q2	How stupid can I get! I	. my keys in the door overnig	ght.		
	(a) forgot	(b) deserted	(c) traced	(d) left	
Q3	For goodness sake stop	about the weather! It'll sto	op raining soon.		
	(a) criticizing	(b) telling	(c) complaining	(d) calling	
Q4	What on earth are you talk	ing about? I can't make head	d or of it.		
	(a) tail	(b) end	(c) finish	(d) part	
Q5	How nice of you to come a	Il this just to wish me a	happy birthday.		
	(a) path	(b) journey	(c) route	(d) way	
Q6	What a disaster! I don't bel	ieve anything else could go	now.		
	(a) off	(b) wrong	(c) incorrect	(d) false	
Q7	Wow! You've certainly mad	le a good of decorating	this room.		
	(a) job	(b) work	(c) task	(d) duty	
Q8	Well blow me down! I just o	can't believe I've actually	my exam.		
	(a) succeeded	(b) passed	(c) caught	(d) tackled	
Q9	You could have knocked me down with a feather! You mean to say he's cleaned my car.				
	(a) certainly	(b) surely	(c) naturally	(d) actually	
Q10	I'll go to the foot of my stair	s! It must be at 20 year	s since we last met.		
	(a) last	(b) length	(c) least	(d) end	





# Ways of agreeing

Q1	I'm certainly you on that.				
	(a) on	(b) with	(c) by	(d) to	
Q2	I'm of a mind on that,	too.			
	(a) same	(b) identical	(c) parallel	(d) like	
Q3	Yes, we definitely see eye	eye on that one.			
	(a) for	(b) over	(c) to	(d) of	
Q4	In that respect we are of	mind on that.			
	(a) one	(b) single	(c) target	(d) absolute	
Q5	I can't with that.				
	(a) question	(b) talk	(c) speak	(d) argue	
Q6	Let's on that.				
	(a) control	(b) shake	(c) handle	(d) wave	
Q7	There's only one word I car	n use now to show my agree	ment and that's —		
	(a) follow	(b) execute	(c) deal	(d) hold	
Q8	I'll that in writing to sho	ow my acceptance.			
	(a) confirm	(b) establish	(c) ground	(d) found	
Q9	There's absolutely no doub	t that you're right.			
	(a) howsoever	(b) whatsoever	(c) whosoever	(d) whichever	
Q10	The seem eminently s	uitable to me.			
	(a) tendencies	(b) actualities	(c) events	(d) terms	





# Ways of disagreeing

Q1	I'll have to company with you there, I'm afraid.				
	(a) separate	(b) divide	(c) part	(d) leave	
Q2	There's no way I can	that.			
	(a) incline	(b) consume	(c) indicate	(d) accept	
Q3	We'll have to agree to	over that.			
	(a) differ	(b) differentiate	(c) deny	(d) decide	
Q4	Don't even think about it! I	can't possibly take that on			
	(a) deck	(b) place	(c) board	(d) position	
Q5	No matter how you ar	e, I won't change my mind.			
	(a) perceptive	(b) perverse	(c) pernicious	(d) persuasive	
Q6	You can't talk until the	come home. I won't accept	that scheme.		
	(a) dogs	(b) cows	(c) cats	(d) hens	
Q7	Sorry the subject is now				
	(a) closed	(b) locked	(c) done	(d) completed	
Q8	I regret I have no choice but	ut to reject the plan out of	••••		
	(a) power	(b) court	(c) hand	(d) grip	
Q9	No matter how much you o	object, I am I am right ar	nd you're wrong.		
	(a) convicted	(b) convinced	(c) conduced	(d) concerned	
Q10	You might as well admit it!	You haven't a to stand	on.		
	(a) foot	(b) arm	(c) hand	(d) leg	





# Expressions and phrases with money

Q1	My grandfather keeps all his money in a under his bed.				
	(a) cash dispenser	(b) cash machine	(c) cash box	(d) cashier	
Q2	What's the of India?				
	(a) coin	(b) cash	(c) currency	(d) money	
Q3	The president stated in the	press conference that the	situation was very seriou	IS.	
	(a) economical	(b) economy	(c) economic	(d) economist	
Q4	I like horse racing, but I nev	ver any money. I think o	gambling is stupid.		
	(a) bet	(b) win	(c) lose	(d) earn	
Q5	There's a at the bank	if you need some money.			
	(a) credit card	(b) cheque	(c) cash machine	(d) currency	
Q6	Alan's parents must be	They've just bought him a	new car.		
	(a) penniless	(b) wealthy	(c) millionaire	(d) bankrupt	
Q7	As my uncle's an, he h	nelps me manage my financ	es.		
	(a) actuary	(b) underwriter	(c) accountant	(d) millionaire	
Q8	When my grandfather died,	, I discovered that he left me	some money in his		
	(a) savings	(b) credit card	(c) will	(d) cash machine	
Q9	At the end of each month n	ny employer pays my ir	nto the bank.		
	(a) savings	(b) funds	(c) wages	(d) finances	
Q10	I'm at the moment. Ca	ın you lend me ten pounds u	intil the weekend?		
	(a) bankrupt	(b) broke	(c) ruined	(d) insolvent	





## Poverty in the US: living standards expressions

Q1	Poverty is a relative measu	ire that depends on prices, ti	he standard of living, and the	e that others earn.	
	(a) amounts	(b) incomes	(c) monies	(d) pays	
Q2	Poverty is a major problem	in America — and one that	is extremely difficult to		
	(a) decide	(b) resolve	(c) determine	(d) restore	
Q3	Families and individuals are	e defined as living in if t	their incomes fall below certa	ain levels.	
	(a) poor	(b) poverty	(c) scarcity	(d) dearth	
Q4	Poverty in the United State	s is more than most pe	ople realize.		
	(a) wide	(b) ample	(c) broad	(d) extensive	
Q5	One reason for the continu	ed high poverty number is th	ne growing gap in the of	fincome.	
	(a) distribution	(b) exchange	(c) transmission	(d) movement	
Q6	Weekly tend to be low	ver for people employed in se	ervice industries.		
	(a) pay cuts	(b) pay checks	(c) pay offs	(d) pay slips	
Q7	During the 1990's, salaries remained about the same.	for highly skilled employees	, while wages for those	who are less skilled	
	(a) soared	(b) flew	(c) took off	(d) took to the air	
Q8	The decline of unions mean	ns that low skilled workers ha	ave to look for less pay		
	(a) somewhere	(b) everywhere	(c) elsewhere	(d) nowhere	
Q9	The shift from two-parent families to single-parent families and other non-family arrangements tends to average family income.				
	(a) slighter	(b) smaller	(c) lesser	(d) lower	
Q10	According to recent, n	early 35 million Americans li	ive in poverty.		
	(a) quantities	(b) statistics	(c) numerals	(d) amounts	





## Dressing expressions

Q1	We choose to wear different outfits for different occasions, putting on jumpers and scarves when it is cold and smartly for formal events.			
	(a) dressing down	(b) dressing gown	(c) dressing up	(d) dressing room
Q2	To French people, the Ame to the laundromat.	erican idea of looks like	a homeless person who just	t finished a once-a-year trip
	(a) dressing down	(b) dressing up	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing room
Q3	The New York Islanders	sustained severe damage	e when a sewage pipe burst	at Nassau Coliseum.
	(a) dressing gown	(b) dressing up	(c) dressing table	(d) dressing room
Q4	My boss put on her an	nd made herself some coffee	<b>).</b>	
	(a) dressing up	(b) dressing down	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing room
Q5	• •	e screaming at her manager . an employee in a public pla	in a store, another worker stace.	tomping out of a
	(a) dressing up	(b) dressing down	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing room
Q6	The is approx. 3 1/4 fe	eet wide by 4 feet deep, and	has a full length mirror attac	hed inside the door.
	(a) dressing gown	(b) dressing table	(c) dressing room	(d) dressing down
Q7	The door opened a few incl	hes to reveal a beautiful wor	man wearing a red	
	(a) dressing room	(b) dressing down	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing up
Q8		you more productive on the es your image in the eyes of	job — but it does make you others.	look and act more
	(a) Dressing down	(b) Dressing gown	(c) Dressing up	(d) Dressing room
Q9	The intelligent, can so you on a projection screen.	•	display how a particular item	n of clothing will look on
	(a) dressing room	(b) dressing table	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing down
Q10	·		ing area with two king-sized pors that open to a private ba	·
	(a) dressing gown	(b) dressing table	(c) dressing up	(d) dressing down





## Code of Practice

Q1	The company had its own code of in these matters.				
	(a) behaviour	(b) practice	(c) dealing	(d) attitude	
Q2	This is a example of w	vhat not to do.			
	(a) critical	(b) pure	(c) simple	(d) prime	
Q3	Plans have already been d	rawn to deal with such	situations.		
	(a) over	(b) through	(c) up	(d) into	
Q4	Thousands of are alre	eady signing up for this new t	telephone service.		
	(a) individuals	(b) subscribers	(c) applicants	(d) interviewees	
Q5	Job losses are mainly in th	e sectors of the industry	y.		
	(a) blue-collar	(b) red-collar	(c) stiff-collar	(d) high-collar	
Q6	The circular will contain	financial information to he	lp investors.		
	(a) key	(b) obvious	(c) intelligent	(d) noted	
Q7	The report is to show	better than expected results			
	(a) necessary	(b) possibly	(c) clearly	(d) likely	
Q8	So many of these animals	have been shot over the yea	ars that they are now classed	l as species.	
	(a) dangerous	(b) endangered	(c) unwanted	(d) limited	
Q9	Some people are to le	earn a foreign language.			
	(a) unaccustomed	(b) shy	(c) reluctant	(d) inhibited	
Q10	It was a big for her to	give up her acting career to	look after her family.		
	(a) trial	(b) sacrifice	(c) endeavour	(d) test	





## Spin Doctors

Most of the money was donated to charity.				
(a) raised	(b) gathered	(c) risen	(d) found	
They are showing a of	f a 1930's musical at the The	eatre Royal.		
(a) resurrection	(b) revival	(c) retake	(d) repeat	
When they had both retired	l, they in a small village	by the sea.		
(a) stop	(b) trial	(c) stopped	(d) settled	
The students at this univers	sity are in blocks of flats	s on the campus.		
(a) housed	(b) domiciled	(c) resident	(d) placed	
I have no wish to have any	with a firm like that.			
(a) openings	(b) handling	(c) dealings	(d) contacts	
Voters find it difficult to beli	eve politicians because the	latter use so many doct	tors.	
(a) twist	(b) spin	(c) turn	(d) spinning	
We are told there will be litt	le economic this year.			
(a) progress	(b) forwards	(c) movements	(d) progression	
Unfortunately she has been	n given an task.			
(a) insurmountable	(b) undeveloped	(c) inoperable	(d) unsolved	
It is essential to have air	in your car when you driv	e in a hot climate.		
(a) control	(b) blowing	(c) conditioning	(d) cooling	
Manufacturers are bringing	a new range of compu	ters this year.		
(a) up	(b) out	(c) through	(d) across	
	(a) raised  They are showing a of (a) resurrection  When they had both retired (a) stop  The students at this univers (a) housed  I have no wish to have any (a) openings  Voters find it difficult to belic (a) twist  We are told there will be litt (a) progress  Unfortunately she has been (a) insurmountable  It is essential to have air (a) control  Manufacturers are bringing	(a) raised (b) gathered  They are showing a of a 1930's musical at the The (a) resurrection (b) revival  When they had both retired, they in a small village (a) stop (b) trial  The students at this university are in blocks of flats (a) housed (b) domiciled  I have no wish to have any with a firm like that.  (a) openings (b) handling  Voters find it difficult to believe politicians because the (a) twist (b) spin  We are told there will be little economic this year.  (a) progress (b) forwards  Unfortunately she has been given an task.  (a) insurmountable (b) undeveloped  It is essential to have air in your car when you drive (a) control (b) blowing  Manufacturers are bringing a new range of computation	(a) raised (b) gathered (c) risen  They are showing a of a 1930's musical at the Theatre Royal.  (a) resurrection (b) revival (c) retake  When they had both retired, they in a small village by the sea.  (a) stop (b) trial (c) stopped  The students at this university are in blocks of flats on the campus.  (a) housed (b) domiciled (c) resident  I have no wish to have any with a firm like that.  (a) openings (b) handling (c) dealings  Voters find it difficult to believe politicians because the latter use so many doct  (a) twist (b) spin (c) turn  We are told there will be little economic this year.  (a) progress (b) forwards (c) movements  Unfortunately she has been given an task.  (a) insurmountable (b) undeveloped (c) inoperable  It is essential to have air in your car when you drive in a hot climate.  (a) control (b) blowing (c) conditioning  Manufacturers are bringing a new range of computers this year.	





#### Credit Card Holders

Q1	The stock market has hit new this year.				
	(a) lows	(b) bottoms	(c) depths	(d) ends	
Q2	The government has decid	ed to hold an into the la	atest financial scandal.		
	(a) examination	(b) enquiry	(c) evaluation	(d) interpretation	
Q3	The animal rights organisa	tion has a new campaig	gn to make people aware of	cruelty to animals.	
	(a) launched	(b) pursued	(c) offered	(d) ejected	
Q4	I was totally of the inc	reased taxes.			
	(a) unknowing	(b) unclear	(c) incredulous	(d) unaware	
Q5	The price of petrol has	. again.			
	(a) raised	(b) risen	(c) escalated	(d) ascended	
Q6	The ordinary person is aga	in being asked to to pag	y for dental treatment.		
	(a) stump up	(b) throw up	(c) cheer up	(d) bring up	
Q7	This car is intended for the	market only.			
	(a) internal	(b) external	(c) export	(d) outside	
Q8	Credit card holders struggle	e very hard to the amou	unt they owe.		
	(a) reduce	(b) deduct	(c) curtail	(d) shorten	
Q9	This charity was set up to .	money for the poor.			
	(a) collect	(b) gather	(c) assemble	(d) convene	
Q10	Everything all right in	the end.			
	(a) happened	(b) occurred	(c) turned up	(d) turned out	





#### Job Interview

Q1	Tell us something about your in the engineering industry?				
	(a) foreground	(b) background	(c) knowledge	(d) history	
Q2	I see from your form t	hat you have had three diffe	rent jobs in the last 5 years.		
	(a) apply	(b) applying	(c) applied	(d) application	
Q3	What sort of of time w	ould you stay with us if we o	ffered you the job?		
	(a) span	(b) duration	(c) period	(d) long	
Q4	Describe how you would de	escribe in five years' tim	ne.		
	(a) you	(b) your	(c) yours	(d) yourself	
Q5	Give us some idea of what	you believe are your a	nd weaknesses.		
	(a) strength	(b) strengths	(c) force	(d) forces	
Q6	As this is a managerial posemployee.	st, we must ask you how you	deal with bad keeping	or unpunctuality in an	
	(a) house	(b) space	(c) time	(d) record	
Q7	Imagine one of your staff lo	oses her temper and shouts	at you in front of others, how	would you with this?	
	(a) take	(b) do	(c) handle	(d) deal	
Q8	What would you say to a m	nember of your staff who alw	ays his work in late?		
	(a) delivered	(b) handed	(c) produced	(d) completed	
Q9	I should explain that we wo	ould naturally any previo	ous holiday arrangements yo	ou have made.	
	(a) believe	(b) show	(c) decide	(d) honour	
Q10	Finally now that we've aske	ed you several questions, do	you want to any to us?		
	(a) place	(b) put	(c) offer	(d) consider	





#### **Business**

Q1	I was pleased to receive yo	our response to my proposal	but there are one or two poi	nts that need
	(a) notification	(b) certification	(c) clarification	(d) signification
Q2	A report has just been sector.	that gives details of the cau	ses of this trend towards info	ormality in the business
	(a) published	(b) directed	(c) opened	(d) held
Q3	According to the in the work.	e report it is clear that emplo	yees under the age of 35 pre	efer to dress casually at
	(a) seeking	(b) searching	(c) findings	(d) probing
Q4	Thirty years ago this kind o	f informality would not have	been	
	(a) withheld	(b) endured	(c) suffered	(d) tolerated
Q5	All employees are kindly re	quested to from smokir	ng in the presence of custom	ners.
	(a) stop	(b) restrain	(c) refrain	(d) restrict
Q6	The meeting went on for th	ree hours and as a result the	ere was no time left to discus	ss all the topics on the
	(a) list	(b) index	(c) contents	(d) agenda
Q7	There's really no point in he any other	oping to add important topics	s right at the end of the meet	ing under the heading of
	(a) business	(b) work	(c) activity	(d) tasks
Q8	The chairman was obliged	to bring the meeting to a	because a fire broke out in	n the adjoining room.
	(a) cessation	(b) standstill	(c) stopping	(d) halt
Q9	It is absolutely essential that meeting.	at the clerk takes care to	any decisions that have be	een reached during the
	(a) time	(b) minute	(c) detail	(d) measure
Q10	As so few members had tu	rned up at the meeting, it wa	s decided to it until furt	her notice.
	(a) delay	(b) wait	(c) postpone	(d) hold



# و كاديل

## Finance (1)

Q1	The one big fear of all world economies is that of				
	(a) regression	(b) repression	(c) recession	(d) receding	
Q2	You are never too young to	start some money in a	savings account.		
	(a) inputting	(b) interesting	(c) infusing	(d) investing	
Q3	If ever you find you have a	n unexpected expense, you	can always some mone	ey from your savings.	
	(a) extract	(b) exit	(c) withhold	(d) withdraw	
Q4	At certain times of the year down in value.	your shares will a good	d profit but you must also be	prepared for them to go	
	(a) yield	(b) take up	(c) increase	(d) throw up	
Q5	You can the cost of in	suring your car if you keep it	in a garage.		
	(a) refine	(b) drop	(c) cut	(d) slice	
Q6	We got a very good w	hen we bought that three pie	ece suite for half its usual pri	ce.	
	(a) deal	(b) dealing	(c) dealer	(d) dealt	
Q7	Now that the summer has	started, big department store	es are hoping that sales of he	oliday items will	
	(a) take on	(b) take up	(c) take off	(d) take to	
Q8	The two companies have digreater profits.	lecided to because they	believe that their combined	resources will produce	
	(a) merge	(b) double	(c) mix	(d) blend	
Q9	When someone dies and the	neir reach a certain figu	re, their family has to pay ar	n additional tax.	
	(a) profits	(b) wealth	(c) assets	(d) products	
Q10	The loan you have taken o	ut is for a term, which ir	n your case is 5 years.		
	(a) steady	(b) fixed	(c) long	(d) exact	





# Finance (2)

Q1	When you go to an auction and you want to buy a particular item, you can simply make a for it.				
	(a) try	(b) test	(c) go	(d) bid	
Q2	The larger company did no	t really want to join with the s	smaller one because it was r	more interested in a	
	(a) turn over	(b) turn up	(c) overtaker	(d) takeover	
Q3	on the stockmarket just	st before Christmas is usuall	y very slow.		
	(a) Working	(b) Trading	(c) Pricing	(d) Adding	
Q4	This sport centre has large	ly been by money that h	nas come from the national l	ottery.	
	(a) founded	(b) found	(c) fined	(d) funded	
Q5	The reason for the in t	he economy is because the	re is a great deal of uncertain	nty at the moment.	
	(a) slowness	(b) slowly	(c) slowdown	(d) slow	
Q6	The in the market was	s seen as a positive sign that	the recession was over.		
	(a) upturn	(b) upstart	(c) uptake	(d) upward	
Q7	The books for manufa	cturers of small cars are nov	v full following the rise in pet	rol.	
	(a) exercise	(b) order	(c) place	(d) trade	
Q8	The future of his job was at	when he made the dec	cision to invest in new machi	nery.	
	(a) steak	(b) state	(c) stake	(d) stress	
Q9	After their house had been, they decided to sell it and buy a bigger one.				
	(a) valued	(b) priced	(c) cost	(d) prized	
Q10	Fifty people were made	when the company suffere	ed a severe financial shock.		
	(a) useless	(b) unwanted	(c) unneeded	(d) redundant	





## Finance (3)

Q1	If you cannot get a job and	remain for a long perior	d, you can claim some mone	ey from the state.
	(a) unengaged	(b) unattached	(c) unemployed	(d) unused
Q2	The great thing about this gmoney back.	guarantee is that there is nev	er any doubt and there is no	about getting your
	(a) squabble	(b) argument	(c) quibble	(d) quarrel
Q3	There is a substantial	between the money you have	e available and the amount	you need to spend.
	(a) shortdrop	(b) shortfall	(c) shortdown	(d) shortslide
Q4	When you retire, you should	d get a pension and a s	sum from your employers.	
	(a) lump	(b) block	(c) pile	(d) heap
Q5	are people who put me	oney into a business in the h	ope of making a profit.	
	(a) Spenders	(b) Borrowers	(c) Lenders	(d) Investors
Q6	When you take out a large	loan over many years, you d	lon't start paying off the	for some time.
	(a) main	(b) chief	(c) capital	(d) bulk
Q7	We will make no for the	e catalogue, which you can	take with our compliments.	
	(a) cost	(b) debt	(c) charge	(d) payment
Q8	It may seem a long way into	o the future but in the end yo	ou will get some from yo	our investment.
	(a) produce	(b) benefit	(c) products	(d) price
Q9	There is still an outstanding	on that account, which	n must be paid in 30 days.	
	(a) balance	(b) scale	(c) difference	(d) cost
Q10	Interest are at their lov	west level since the 1950's.		
	(a) figures	(b) rates	(c) numbers	(d) standards





## Money

Q1	It's useful when you go to an auction if you're ready with cash in				
	(a) pocket	(b) purse	(c) case	(d) hand	
Q2	I prefer to deal in cash	rather than cheques.			
	(a) solid	(b) hard	(c) real	(d) actual	
Q3	Every office has a certain a	mount of cash to pay for	or things like tea, coffee or s	tamps.	
	(a) small	(b) little	(c) tiny	(d) petty	
Q4	At the moment we are expe	eriencing some cash pro	oblems because little money	is coming in.	
	(a) fly	(b) stream	(c) flow	(d) run	
Q5	At the casino you can cash	your chips at the desk.			
	(a) off	(b) out	(c) up	(d) in	
Q6	Whatever she does, she just	st can't help money.			
	(a) doing	(b) making	(c) massing	(d) creating	
Q7	There doesn't seem to be a money.	anyone working really hard fo	or the business and yet they	all seem to earn	
	(a) facile	(b) simple	(c) easy	(d) quick	
Q8	If you don't want to use a c	heque or postal order, you c	an always use a money		
	(a) order	(b) command	(c) instruction	(d) directive	
Q9	That new invention has bee	en very successful and has p	proved to be a money for	or its creator.	
	(a) driver	(b) worker	(c) spinner	(d) turner	
Q10	This machine is obviously u	useless and if I were you I'd	get your money		
	(a) back	(b) again	(c) return	(d) up	



# کانیل 🕲

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 10

## Advertising

Q1	Q1 In order to make a sensible among the different vacuum cleaners available, it is important to do some research.			
	(a) comparing	(b) comparison	(c) compares	(d) comparative
Q2	The local department store summer clothing.	has to make a sustained eff	ort at this time of the year to	customer demand for
	(a) satisfy	(b) satisfaction	(c) satisfies	(d) satisfying
Q3	A good team leader must b	e able to his colleagues	s to face the challenge of a c	downturn in business.
	(a) inspiring	(b) inspiration	(c) inspires	(d) inspire
Q4	The trend in children's	desire to wear designer lab	el clothes should be exploite	ed.
	(a) currant	(b) current	(c) occuring	(d) occured
Q5	You have to the public	that it is in their own interes	t to read the instructions on	all our medicines.
	(a) convict	(b) conviction	(c) convince	(d) convincing
Q6	In order to survive in this bu	usiness you must adopt a	stance.	
	(a) competition	(b) competing	(c) competitor	(d) competitive
Q7	The of alcohol is not a	llowed in any of the compan	y's premises in order to pres	sent a clean image.
	(a) consumer	(b) consumption	(c) consuming	(d) consumes
Q8	When you are setting out to	new customers in an a	advertisement, choose the ri	ght words.
	(a) attraction	(b) attractive	(c) attract	(d) attracts
Q9	The really effective television	on commercial is the one tha	t you of its authenticity	
	(a) persuades	(b) persuasion	(c) persuasive	(d) persuading
Q10	I can strongly recommend	this as the best available	e on the market today.	
	(a) producer	(b) product	(c) production	(d) produce





# At the Shops

Q1	We got there early so that we could get the best in the sale before anyone else.				
	(a) objects	(b) products	(c) bargains	(d) offerings	
Q2	If you with me, I'll go a	and see whether we have tha	at in your size.		
	(a) hold	(b) stay	(c) bear	(d) wait	
Q3	The trouble with these huge times.	e superstores is that they do	n't have enough to dea	I with customers at busy	
	(a) barriers	(b) sales points	(c) exits	(d) checkouts	
Q4	It started off as a small stre store.	et corner shop over 30 years	s ago but it has now int	o a massive department	
	(a) expanded	(b) extended	(c) explored	(d) enlarged	
Q5	Take a good look at the red	ceipt when you leave so that	you can see that all the	. have been listed.	
	(a) proceeds	(b) items	(c) products	(d) produce	
Q6	Whenever I go to the old pa	art of a city, I like to all t	he shops selling antiques.		
	(a) examine	(b) search	(c) check	(d) explore	
Q7	Are you aware of the latest in children's clothing?				
	(a) tendency	(b) trend	(c) custom	(d) habit	
Q8	They're quite in their p	policy of not giving refunds w	ithout a receipt in this store.		
	(a) severe	(b) strong	(c) strict	(d) hard	
Q9	They have a restriction in the shop with regard to the number of items of clothing that you can try on at one time.				
	(a) legal	(b) reasonable	(c) required	(d) mandatory	
Q10	The extent of the avai	lable in this one store is more	e than you can possibly imag	gine.	
	(a) merchandise	(b) objects	(c) produce	(d) articles	





## At the Computer

Q1	Without the right software I'm afraid you can't that particular program.				
	(a) reach	(b) access	(c) obtain	(d) find	
Q2	The aim of the office manager is to enough room on the building plans so that each employee can have space for a personal computer.				
	(a) arrange	(b) accord	(c) allocate	(d) organize	
Q3	Remember that before you	leave your workstation, always	ays your computer.		
	(a) shut out	(b) shut up	(c) shut in	(d) shut down	
Q4	It's quite easy if you want to starts	o find folders and files on the	computer, all you do is click	chere and it immediately	
	(a) seeking	(b) searching	(c) looking	(d) checking	
Q5	I have tried and tried again wrong.	and again and no matter wh	at I do it still shows "error" -	– I just can't what's	
	(a) look out	(b) check out	(c) figure out	(d) bring out	
Q6	I spent hours writing that repressed the button.	port and checking all the info	ormation was correct and the	en without thinking I	
	(a) 'destroy'	(b) 'delete'	(c) 'deface'	(d) 'deny'	
Q7	It's a really clever piece of scolumns.	software because it enables	you to on your screen a	all the information in	
	(a) illustrate	(b) depict	(c) display	(d) delineate	
Q8	Unfortunately this program	is not with the operating	g system on my computer.		
	(a) amicable	(b) compatible	(c) adaptable	(d) amenable	
Q9	When you see that particula	ar symbol on the screen, you	u have to take that as a	that something is wrong.	
	(a) indicating	(b) checking	(c) briefing	(d) warning	
Q10	With this program you can shows, you simply press	always check your spelling a	and grammar and if you don'	t want to accept what it	
	(a) 'ignore'	(b) 'quit'	(c) 'leave'	(d) 'forget'	





# Money Matters (1)

Q1	Even after their recent heavy expenses, they still found there was a healthy in their bank account.				
	(a) rest	(b) remainder	(c) balance	(d) basis	
Q2	As the builder wanted cash herself.	for the work he had done, s	he had to go to the bank pe	rsonally to the money	
	(a) take off	(b) take out	(c) take over	(d) take in	
Q3	It was considered a very go	ood time to apply for a t	o buy the house because in	erest rates were very low.	
	(a) pledge	(b) promise	(c) mortgage	(d) borrowing	
Q4	Before they could borrow a money to be able to make a	large sum of money to buy a payment.	the house, they had to make	e sure they had enough	
	(a) down	(b) through	(c) low	(d) base	
Q5	All the you make on yo	our internet account are reco	orded so that you can check	the details at any time.	
	(a) movements	(b) deals	(c) activities	(d) transactions	
Q6	I'm afraid this cheque will b	e of no value until you have	put your on it.		
	(a) signature	(b) signs	(c) signing	(d) signed	
Q7	The bank refused to th	ne money order because the	customer had no proof of ic	lentity.	
	(a) receive	(b) take	(c) accept	(d) enter	
Q8	Under the rules laid down by the bank there is a on the amount of money you can get out from a cash machine in any one day.				
	(a) limiting	(b) restriction	(c) restricting	(d) limitation	
Q9	The bank clerk at the counter did not know the customer and in view of the large amount of money involved was naturally about paying out the sum on the cheque.				
	(a) concerned	(b) careful	(c) conscious	(d) cautious	
Q10	The bank will simply not let employment for at least three	you any money unless ee years.	you can prove that you hav	e been in regular	
	(a) lend	(b) loan	(c) borrow	(d) remove	





# Money Matters (2)

Q1	Good procedures are very important if you want to run a business profitably and successfully.				
	(a) accounted	(b) accounting	(c) accounts	(d) accountants	
Q2	The company fell heavily in	nto when it took on too r	many customers and offered	them all cheap warranties.	
	(a) debt	(b) debts	(c) owing	(d) owes	
Q3	Once you have built up you	ur company, you must remer	mber to keep in touch with yo	our original	
	(a) people	(b) contributors	(c) clients	(d) members	
Q4	Each department within the	e organisation is given a	. within which it has to rema	in for the whole year.	
	(a) sum	(b) money	(c) dividend	(d) budget	
Q5	When the time came to clo could be paid off.	se the business down, its en	tire had to be calculate	d so that the creditors	
	(a) earnings	(b) assets	(c) accumulation	(d) asset	
Q6	The manager called in her	chief clerk because she cou	ld not the figures on the	e monthly spreadsheet.	
	(a) acquaint	(b) resolve	(c) reconcile	(d) recognize	
Q7	Every year the college final the accounts.	nce officer did not look forwa	ard to the visit from the gove	rnment official who came to	
	(a) order	(b) regulate	(c) control	(d) audit	
Q8	It was a great relief to Char and there was only one	lie when he realized that he payment left.	had come to the end of his	agreement with the bank	
	(a) extraordinary	(b) upstanding	(c) outstanding	(d) standing	
Q9	The building society sent a	letter to all its savers and	that there would be a rec	luction in the interest rate.	
	(a) lenders	(b) borrowers	(c) loans	(d) takers	
Q10	Shortly after the couple had	d bought their first house, the	ey saw the number of bills	rapidly.	
	(a) accentuate	(b) aggravate	(c) accumulate	(d) access	



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#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 15

# Money Matters (3)

Q1	The representative of the fi	nancial consultants assured	her that the policy of the firm	n was that of complete	
	(a) destiny	(b) devotion	(c) commitment	(d) attention	
Q2	There is no need to worry a sponsoring us.	about the money side of the	project because are ava	ailable from the charity	
	(a) foundations	(b) funds	(c) findings	(d) finds	
Q3	The present finance minister cautious policy.	er has adopted a very a	pproach towards change an	d always follows a very	
	(a) concerned	(b) considering	(c) concerning	(d) conservative	
Q4	As all advisers always do, s commitment over at least 1	she stressed that investing ir 0 years.	n this particular market had t	o be considered as a	
	(a) elongated	(b) lengthy	(c) long-term	(d) longing	
Q5	The best way to develop ar up a	n income for the future is to i	nvest in a series of compani	es and in that way to build	
	(a) suitcase	(b) portfolio	(c) folder	(d) briefcase	
Q6	I strongly recommend inves	sting in these shares becaus	e you will get a very good	after only a few years.	
	(a) reward	(b) reprise	(c) return	(d) response	
Q7	The question is whether it is next year.	s to sell up all your sha	res at this stage rather than	wait to see how the market	
	(a) wisdom	(b) wise	(c) wisely	(d) wisest	
Q8	There is no question that the	e most important in tha	t company is its youthful en	thusiasm.	
	(a) resort	(b) resorted	(c) resource	(d) resorting	
Q9	If you want to make a good job of selling shares to the public, you must have an element of in your approach.				
	(a) attacking	(b) aggression	(c) fighting	(d) invasion	
Q10	It's a personal matter wheth of mind.	ner you choose stock from th	is company or from that bed	cause in the end it's an	
	(a) advance	(b) approach	(c) attitude	(d) angle	





## Money Matters (4)

Q1	There is one date you mus	tn't forget and that's the	for sending in details of you	ur earnings to the tax office.	
	(a) headline	(b) deadline	(c) mainline	(d) offline	
Q2	If you are self-employed, y	ou must make sure that you	the form indicating hov	v much you have earned.	
	(a) fill up	(b) fill through	(c) fill out	(d) fill on	
Q3	If the department agrees th	nat you have paid too much t	ax in the year, you will recei	ve a in due course.	
	(a) return	(b) reply	(c) response	(d) refund	
Q4	Each month when you reco	eive your pay, the employer	a certain amount to pay	towards your pension.	
	(a) withholds	(b) withstands	(c) withdraws	(d) without	
Q5	When you take out a loan,	you have to pay interest on	the amount you		
	(a) own	(b) lend	(c) owe	(d) take	
Q6	In the tax office there will be a that holds all the documents and papers connected with you.				
	(a) file	(b) box	(c) book	(d) container	
Q7	There is quite a heavy financial attached to any action that involves late payment of taxes.				
	(a) punishment	(b) pain	(c) restriction	(d) penalty	
Q8	Under the new regulations previous year.	you can agree yourself to	the tax you have to pay o	on the income over the	
	(a) figure	(b) calculate	(c) add	(d) amount	
Q9	As the couple had a account, the money to pay the mortage was taken from there.				
	(a) joint	(b) united	(c) unified	(d) joined	
Q10	You can decide, if you so v	vish, to your right to tak	e your pension at an earlier	date.	
	(a) give in	(b) give up	(c) give out	(d) give off	





## **Quality Control**

Q1	The reason why I always be	uy my clothes at this store is	because all the they so	ell are of very high quality.
	(a) types	(b) species	(c) brands	(d) standards
Q2	Before these articles leave	the factory to be forwarded	to the retailer, each one is th	oroughly
	(a) seen	(b) looked at	(c) appraised	(d) inspected
Q3	The advantages of working	for this company is that all e	employees themselves	as a member of the team.
	(a) believe	(b) think	(c) perceive	(d) hold
Q4	If for any reason customers	do not like the item they ha	ve bought, they always	and get a refund.
	(a) hold it back	(b) take it back	(c) keep it back	(d) give it back
Q5	The great thing about this p	particular material is that how	vever much you screw it up,	it never
	(a) wrinkles	(b) twists	(c) turns	(d) folds
Q6	The company insists that a	Il their products are in r	espect of their quality, speci	fication and look.
	(a) actual	(b) identity	(c) typical	(d) uniform
Q7	This is the department for o	children's clothes and each	is marked with the recor	mmended age range.
	(a) cloth	(b) garment	(c) clothing	(d) clothe
Q8	The sole purpose of this jac	cket is to water and if yo	ou wear it in the rain and still	get wet, it's useless.
	(a) reject	(b) repulse	(c) repel	(d) return
Q9	The whole look of the shop	front is by the introduc	tion of bright colours.	
	(a) engrossed	(b) enlarged	(c) enveloped	(d) enhanced
Q10	These pots are being sold a	as seconds because each or	ne has a slight in the gla	aze.
	(a) defect	(b) mistake	(c) error	(d) faulting





## Product Improvement

Q1	Before the product is put or	n the market, the company m	nust whether it complies	s with safety standards.
	(a) ask	(b) calculate	(c) ascertain	(d) argue
Q2	It is absolutely essential to market.	do some thorough befo	re you even think of putting	a new product on the
	(a) revision	(b) research	(c) repeat	(d) return
Q3	You have a to the pub	lic to ensure your toy produc	cts are suitable for children to	o play with.
	(a) responsibility	(b) concern	(c) attitude	(d) behaviour
Q4	The company is busy trying products.	to the problems arising	g from the sudden drop in sa	ales of their cosmetic
	(a) answer	(b) solve	(c) discover	(d) dissolve
Q5	The job of the of this p the public.	articular section is to train th	ne members to deal politely v	with any complaints from
	(a) controller	(b) organizer	(c) supervisor	(d) governor
Q6 Inspiration has its place in any form of product development but at the same time you also some kind of approach.				ou also need to adopt
	(a) systematic	(b) thematic	(c) automatic	(d) emblematic
Q7	A approach to new ide	eas is to be welcomed but yo	ou do need a strong element	of imagination as well.
	(a) physical	(b) fundamental	(c) judgmental	(d) logical
Q8	Since 1993 or if you like wit marketing.	hin the last, there have	been many products that he	ave failed because of poor
	(a) period	(b) decade	(c) scale	(d) time
Q9	We would definitely like to a range of products.	the proposal you have p	presented to us with a view t	o including it in our current
	(a) discover	(b) uncover	(c) examine	(d) reflect
Q10	As we have enough money	in our present budget, we a	re happy to launch this new	product in the nature of an
	(a) enterprise	(b) experiment	(c) undertaking	(d) exception

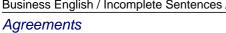




# **Employment and Training**

Q1	We're paying for a stand at the new industrial exhibition with a view to interest among potential employees in our company.				
	(a) generalizing	(b) generating	(c) germinating	(d) gesticulating	
Q2	For the first three months of	of your employment with the	firm you will be under the ca	re of a	
	(a) minor	(b) monitor	(c) mender	(d) mentor	
Q3	Although she was very tem salary would have been ins	pted to accept the job she would be sufficient.	as offered, she had to	the offer because the	
	(a) return	(b) reject	(c) refuse	(d) repeat	
Q4	A university education is of	course important but it is es	ssential that all employees u	ndergo a period of intensive	
	(a) preparation	(b) concentration	(c) training	(d) learning	
Q5	A newsletter is sent out ever appointments.	ery ten days to all the staff so	o that they receive a regular	on recent	
	(a) update	(b) dating	(c) dates	(d) dated	
Q6	Part of the ongoing training their staff.	is to ensure that a regular ti	ime and place are for d	epartment heads to meet	
	(a) placed by	(b) put on	(c) set up	(d) set off	
Q7	The head of department ac staff.	knowledged that the of	the section was largely due	to high quality support	
	(a) success	(b) progress	(c) business	(d) future	
Q8	The pace of change in that	industry is so fast that staff	find it hard to the latest	developments.	
	(a) hold on to	(b) keep on to	(c) hold up with	(d) keep up with	
Q9	It is the policy of the compa	any to all interviews for	new recruits with a member	of the trade union present.	
	(a) control	(b) conduct	(c) convene	(d) confirm	
Q10	In view of the excessive wo	orkload you have at the mom	nent I won't expect you to ke	ep during the next few	
	(a) on line	(b) on road	(c) on track	(d) on path	





Q1	The contract was signed by it.	the three partners who thus	s agreed to by terms ar	nd conditions contained in
	(a) follow	(b) adhere	(c) abide	(d) stick
Q2	There was nothing in the cobecame seriously ill.	ontract that who would l	be responsible in the event t	hat one of the partners
	(a) pointed	(b) specified	(c) printed	(d) developed
Q3	An independent adviser want clear.	s called in after the collapse	of the company to son	ne of the issues that were
	(a) result	(b) retake	(c) restrain	(d) resolve
Q4	One of the mentioned profit-sharing scheme.	in the original agreement ha	as decided that she does not	want to continue with the
	(a) partakers	(b) participants	(c) particles	(d) parties
Q5	In view of the serious proble offer of financial help.	ems associated with the take	eover the newspaper compa	ny has decided to its
	(a) throw	(b) reject	(c) cancel	(d) deter
Q6	•	the newly formed organisat s of a public relations expert	•	gh work and so they
	(a) call	(b) engage	(c) enter	(d) register
Q7	That company has been in	business for over 100 years	and in fact was in 1899	9.
	(a) grounded	(b) established	(c) found	(d) invented
Q8	After the complaint had been the matter would be put right	en received from the customent.	er about poor service, she w	as given a written that
	(a) paper	(b) insurance	(c) assurance	(d) conviction
Q9	They were very careful to n redundancies.	nake sure in the original agre	eement that would be n	nade to pay for staff
	(a) foresight	(b) forecast	(c) providing	(d) provision
Q10	We decided to employ a so	licitor who would be able to	the extent of our liability	y in this matter.
	(a) decipher	(b) decide	(c) defer	(d) determine





### Super Supermarkets

Q1 If you ask someone for their on supermarkets as opposed to the small corner shop, you will ge replies.				shop, you will get varying
	(a) standing	(b) stand	(c) stance	(d) status
Q2	The first question you have	to ask is who are the custor	mers that they are each tryin	g to
	(a) target	(b) hit	(c) aim	(d) deliver
Q3	When you tell the inhabitan	its of a small village that the	little local store is going to c	lose, many will express
	(a) dispute	(b) disdain	(c) dislike	(d) dismay
Q4	There will naturally belosing the little store.	in the various sections of th	e community as to the bene	fits or disadvantages of
	(a) cuts	(b) splits	(c) slices	(d) pieces
Q5	Of course we all get w	rith endless leaflets through	the door telling us of bargain	s at the local supermarket.
	(a) plagued	(b) attacked	(c) stormed	(d) bothered
Q6	Big discussions take place outcome can be quite	in the area as to whether a stor the small shop owner.	supermarket will come to the	area and waiting for the
	(a) nerve killing	(b) nerve hurting	(c) nerve racking	(d) nerve splitting
Q7	Inquiries are held which se	em to go on forever and you	only wish that the procedure	e could be
	(a) speeded through	(b) speeded along	(c) speeded up	(d) speeded in
Q8	Protest meetings are held be	out invariably they end in a	because they are not or	ganized properly.
	(a) disgrace	(b) shambles	(c) chaos	(d) fall
Q9	Then the final result is annothen become a super super	ounced that there is to be a .rmarket.	between EASISHOP ar	nd GOSHOP, which will
	(a) joiner	(b) combine	(c) link	(d) merger
Q10	The confused customer is a buy and now there is a cho	now in a terrible becaus ice of 24.	se in the old days there was	just one brand of butter to
	(a) distress	(b) disturb	(c) dilemma	(d) disturbance





Q1	Going on a spending with your credit card and no concern about how you pay back the money you borrow, is a growing habit these days.			
	(a) burst	(b) spree	(c) flight	(d) day
Q2	There is a popular demand people to be	for the system that allows c	redit companies to offer unli	mited credit to young
	(a) overhauled	(b) overseen	(c) overlooked	(d) overtaken
Q3	It has been by a gover companies is on the increase	rnment agency that the percesse.	entage of under 25 year olds	s owing large sums to
	(a) distinguished	(b) deciphered	(c) dissolved	(d) disclosed
Q4	One director of a major cree company has attracted.	dit company has already bee	en forced to because of	f the bad publicity his
	(a) step over	(b) step through	(c) step down	(d) step out
Q5	One solution that has been credit in the first place.	suggested to control credit i	is to the regulations to I	make it more difficult to get
	(a) step under	(b) step up	(c) step by	(d) step across
Q6	The main problem is that a money.	debt has developed red	cently believing that it is coo	I to owe large sums of
	(a) cultivation	(b) cult	(c) cultivate	(d) culture
Q7	Recent reports have the way of life.	nat being in debt is not now l	looked upon as a disgrace b	ut rather as an attractive
	(a) revealed	(b) restored	(c) replied	(d) responded
Q8	In reality it's a very long	to get from owing to payin	g off all your debts.	
	(a) hail	(b) halt	(c) haul	(d) help
Q9	There are frequently ir into credit agreements.	n the family home between p	parents and children about w	hether you should enter
	(a) collisions	(b) clashes	(c) claims	(d) crashes
Q10	What concerns people most for us to be rid of excessive	et are the mounting amo	ong governments that it will t	ake at least a generation
	(a) frights	(b) fearful	(c) fears	(d) afraid





### **Guarantees and Warranties**

Q1	If you go to an unauthorize	d garage to have your car se	erviced, the is that your	warranty will be invalid.
	(a) consequence	(b) conduct	(c) convenience	(d) consideration
Q2	The guarantee, as I unders	stood it, that everything	was covered.	
	(a) inferred	(b) implied	(c) imputed	(d) involved
Q3	I regret to inform you that a	s your guarantee last v	veek, we can't help you.	
	(a) died	(b) deceased	(c) expired	(d) extinguished
Q4	A warranty is to be looked	on as a sort of between	the manufacturer and you.	
	(a) privilege	(b) practice	(c) printout	(d) promise
Q5	Sometimes people don't bo	other about guarantees beca	use the of the manufac	turer is enough for them.
	(a) repute	(b) reputed	(c) reputedly	(d) reputation
Q6	Certain warranties the	purchaser to have the item	serviced at regular intervals	
	(a) remand	(b) repeat	(c) require	(d) retain
Q7	You will find that such warr expense.	anties are not worth buying	because the cover provided	is not worth the extra
	(a) famously	(b) frequently	(c) fervently	(d) freely
Q8	This kind of legislation is in	existence to the custor	mer from worthless warrantie	es.
	(a) provide	(b) protect	(c) please	(d) pacify
Q9	You sometimes have to	very seriously whether to	buy a second hand car whic	h has no guarantee.
	(a) consider	(b) contend	(c) contain	(d) convince
Q10	Sometimes you get a one y	ear warranty, a two year on	e or even a six month one –	- they all
	(a) various	(b) variable	(c) variety	(d) vary





### At the Office (1)

Q1	Concern was expressed by	the office manager that the	company would buy an	. financial package.	
	(a) agreeable	(b) affordable	(c) absolute	(d) actual	
Q2	The main of stationery prices.	for the office suddenly anno	ounced there would be an ov	verall increase in their	
	(a) provision	(b) producer	(c) provisional	(d) provider	
Q3	The chief administrative off	icer disliked lack of attention	to detail and insisted that so	uch mistakes should never	
	(a) recur	(b) repeat	(c) retake	(d) refer	
Q4	Once again the company h	as had to make a in the	number of office staff to try	and recoup their losses.	
	(a) reducing	(b) reduction	(c) reduce	(d) reduces	
Q5	The of zip discs in the	office is running dangerousl	y low.		
	(a) share	(b) state	(c) stock	(d) selection	
Q6	If the managers want to sta	y employed, they will have to	o learn how to stay on	of their jobs.	
	(a) summit	(b) top	(c) head	(d) line	
Q7	It's not worth paying for an	annual service when you ca	n simply call the supplier on	an as basis.	
	(a) needed	(b) noted	(c) called	(d) told	
Q8	The new office manager wi	ll be in of all the IT requ	irements that the company	uses.	
	(a) use	(b) mind	(c) case	(d) charge	
Q9	Currently there is a shortage of clerical staff but it is hoped that by the end of the year they will be up to full				
	(a) capability	(b) capacity	(c) control	(d) capable	
Q10	Staff are always encourage own	ed to work by themselves and	d whenever they meet a prol	blem, they should use their	





### At the Office (2)

Q1 On her retirement she was given a substantial cheque in of all the work she had done over the years.				ad done over the last 20
	(a) respect	(b) thought	(c) appreciation	(d) belief
Q2	Having attended the office introduce it into their daily r		oyees were expected to	what they had learned and
	(a) reinforce	(b) respond	(c) react	(d) resource
Q3	Visiting clients had comme	nted on the casual dress	of most of the clerical staf	f.
	(a) manner	(b) method	(c) feature	(d) code
Q4	The of staff doing phy companies.	sical exercises before the sta	art of the day is well establis	hed in Japanese
	(a) practical	(b) practicality	(c) practice	(d) practically
Q5	There is a lengthy procedu warning.	re used in this office for staff	who have produced shoddy	work and it begins with a
	(a) wordy	(b) verbal	(c) worded	(d) verbose
Q6	There was no fixed agenda	for that particular day as it	was to be regarded simply a	s a meeting.
	(a) possible	/l- \	(c) unplanned	(d) casual
	(a) peccioio	(b) probable	(c) unplanned	(4) 545441
Q7	. , ,	. , ,	ne building but could only rea	` ,
Q7	At the interview all the cand	. , ,	., .	` ,
Q7 Q8	At the interview all the cand of work being carried out.  (a) look	didates were shown round th	ne building but could only rea	ally catch a of the sort  (d) picture
·	At the interview all the cand of work being carried out.  (a) look	didates were shown round th	ne building but could only rea	ally catch a of the sort  (d) picture
·	At the interview all the cand of work being carried out.  (a) look  They really need to keep a  (a) in to	didates were shown round the (b) view check on the stationery sup (b) up for	(c) glimpse plies as they've run A4	(d) picture paper once again. (d) up to
Q8	At the interview all the cand of work being carried out.  (a) look  They really need to keep a  (a) in to	didates were shown round the (b) view check on the stationery sup (b) up for	(c) glimpse plies as they've run A4 (c) out of	(d) picture paper once again. (d) up to
Q8	At the interview all the cand of work being carried out.  (a) look  They really need to keep a  (a) in to  Managers prefer to select p  (a) devoted	didates were shown round the (b) view check on the stationery superior (b) up for people who have been	(c) glimpse plies as they've run A4 (c) out of to many different types of of	(d) picture paper once again. (d) up to fice environments. (d) experienced





### Legal Expressions

Q1	If you drive faster than the stated speed limit, you are simply the law.				
	(a) turning	(b) snapping	(c) holding	(d) breaking	
Q2	However angry you may go law into your own	et at what someone has done	e to you, the police always a	dvise you not to take the	
	(a) fingers	(b) hands	(c) mind	(d) control	
Q3	In London in any undergrou	und station it is the law	to smoke.		
	(a) by	(b) for	(c) through	(d) against	
Q4	Even if you think you may I	nave got away with a crime,	in most cases the long	of the law will catch you.	
	(a) arm	(b) feel	(c) stretch	(d) reach	
Q5	In that particular industry e	veryone has to look after the	mselves because the law of	the rules.	
	(a) animals	(b) zoo	(c) jungle	(d) forest	
Q6	They have no respect for methemselves.	nodern conventions and do e	exactly what they want — the	ey are a law	
	(a) unto	(b) into	(c) outside	(d) across	
Q7	Her parents are very strict	and frequently down the	e law about the way she beh	aves.	
	(a) lie	(b) lies	(c) lay	(d) lays	
Q8	Although technically his jud was right to let the man go	lgement was not according to free.	o the of the law, most p	eople thought the judge	
	(a) print	(b) number	(c) point	(d) letter	
Q9	I get the impression sometilaw.	mes that she thinks she can	never do anything wrong al	most as if she is the	
	(a) above	(b) over	(c) superior	(d) higher	
Q10	All governments want peop	le to live in peace and comfo	ort and so they try to promot	e a sense of law and	
	(a) ease	(b) order	(c) correct	(d) structure	





#### Invoices

Q1	There is an additional	added to the price of the pro	oduct if you want to have it d	elivered to your house.	
	(a) figure	(b) charge	(c) number	(d) charging	
Q2	You should have read the .	of payment as soon as	you received the invoice for	the goods.	
	(a) reasons	(b) types	(c) lists	(d) terms	
Q3	In order to cut down the ex administrator.	penses of compiling and sen	nding out the invoices, you n	eed to employ an	
	(a) officious	(b) effecting	(c) efficient	(d) affected	
Q4	It's always a good idea to good doormat.	et an of what the cost of	of the work will be before the	invoice lands on your	
	(a) interest	(b) estimate	(c) esteem	(d) actual	
Q5	I do like to get a reply supposed to be paying.	to my letters especially when	n they are referring to the ar	nount of money I'm	
	(a) prompt	(b) private	(c) promoted	(d) prominent	
Q6	Just as we were about to le	eave the restaurant, the waite	er came running up to apolo	gize there had been a	
	(a) error	(b) trip	(c) mistake	(d) damage	
Q7	The company were very quit immediately.	iick to point out it was their fa	ault we had been sent the w	rong invoice and they	
	(a) correct	(b) rectified	(c) stamped	(d) righted	
Q8	In view of our previous orde	ers over the last year we wer	re offered a 10% on an	y future dealings.	
	(a) discord	(b) dispute	(c) dislike	(d) discount	
Q9	He appreciated the additional welcome and help he received from the department store staff as he had after all been a longstanding				
	(a) customer	(b) courier	(c) courtier	(d) custom	
Q10	She got quite angry about the value added tax.	the size of the invoice until it	was pointed out that it was	the government who	
	(a) insisted	(b) imposed	(c) inserted	(d) indented	





#### Taxes

Q1	If you are self-employed, it	is your responsibility to	how much tax you should le	egally pay.
	(a) consider	(b) complete	(c) correct	(d) calculate
Q2	I had a letter from the office over the last 3 years.	e of the Collector of Taxes te	lling me that I had to pay ba	ck all the money I
	(a) due	(b) indebted	(c) owed	(d) owned
Q3	The arrangement they have their account.	e is that all the money that ha	as to be paid in tax out of the	eir earnings comes from
	(a) joined	(b) conjoined	(c) joined up	(d) joint
Q4	Under the current legislatio	n if you are late in paying yo	ur taxes, then you have to fa	ace a financial
	(a) penalty	(b) punishment	(c) pain	(d) penalize
Q5	He is in a terrible rush to co	omplete his tax returns by Tu	esday otherwise he won't be	e able to reach the
	(a) dead end	(b) deadline	(c) dead date	(d) dead stop
Q6	It doesn't happen very often treat myself.	n but I actually got some mo	ney from the tax office and v	vith the I'm going to
	(a) remake	(b) repeat	(c) refund	(d) respite
Q7	Before you can claim any n	noney back on overpayment	of tax, you have to an	application form.
	(a) fill for	(b) fill out	(c) fill through	(d) fill with
Q8	You can elect, if you want,	to transfer your tax free allov	wance to your	
	(a) spouse	(b) sponsor	(c) spook	(d) spokesperson
Q9	Until it's clearly established of your pay.	which tax group you are in,	your employer will be asked	to a certain amount
	(a) withstand	(b) without	(c) withhold	(d) withal
Q10	There have been so many in the office.	queries about his tax situatio	on that there is now a huge.	containing the details
	(a) full	(b) filled	(c) filling	(d) file





#### Finance

Q1	It's a gamble at the moment the aim.	t whether the company will r	make profit in its second yea	r but that nevertheless is		
	(a) wanted	(b) wished	(c) desired	(d) needed		
Q2	Each year the Chancellor of seen as the economic outlo	of the Exchequer stands up in pook for the country.	n the House of Commons ar	nd gives a of what is		
	(a) forecast	(b) foretell	(c) foresee	(d) forego		
Q3	I think that your financial op	otimism is not really justified	and you should adopt a mor	e attitude.		
	(a) really	(b) realize	(c) reality	(d) realistic		
Q4	If you want to increase sale	es of a particular product, you	u must be sure that you are	the right customers.		
	(a) aiming	(b) directing	(c) targeting	(d) guiding		
Q5	The idea caught on very quinvestment substantia	uickly and people were queu I profits.	ing up to buy the goods so t	hat year the company's		
	(a) confirmed	(b) yielded	(c) harvested	(d) maintained		
Q6	it has not been a bad	it has not been a bad year as our costs are well down on last year's.				
	(a) Overall	(b) Largely	(c) Mainly	(d) Quite		
Q7	Managers complained bitte time low.	rly at the Annual General Mo	eeting that of productio	n had dropped to an all		
	(a) signs	(b) indications	(c) types	(d) levels		
Q8	You have to accept that this kind of expenditure is quite in an enterprise of this kind.					
	(a) general	(b) typical	(c) formal	(d) correct		
Q9	The figures that have just been published by the company's accountants will give management some kind of on how sales are going.					
	(a) prospective	(b) perception	(c) perusal	(d) perspective		
Q10	Whenever a member of state journeys.	off makes a claim for travel e	xpenses, they have to provid	de a account of their		
	(a) detailed	(b) dedicated	(c) descriptive	(d) described		





#### Interviews and Jobs

Q1 One of the most important qualities which the panel is looking for in a candidate is the to work others.				he to work with
	(a) ease	(b) case	(c) power	(d) ability
Q2	Once the applications have those candidates who have	been looked at the usual prebeen shortlisted.	ocedure for the panel is to fo	ollow the references of
	(a) across	(b) in	(c) up	(d) along
Q3	They were so impressed w	ith the way she reacted to th	eir questions that they didn't	t to offer her the job.
	(a) delay	(b) hesitate	(c) waiver	(d) dither
Q4	As this job was of a very sp	pecialist nature an was i	invited to join the interview p	anel.
	(a) expert	(b) exponent	(c) exhibitor	(d) expedient
Q5	After the interview one of the	ne candidates phoned the	he office to see whether he l	had been successful.
	(a) always	(b) ever	(c) constantly	(d) competently
Q6	She was in such a state of	extreme nervousness when	she was for the intervie	ew that she burst into tears.
	(a) called on	(b) called in	(c) called over	(d) called off
Q7	From the point of view of re	elevant she was the idea	al candidate at least on pape	er.
	(a) reference	(b) history	(c) family	(d) background
Q8	It is absolutely essential in	an interview to give the impr	ession at least that you are	full of
	(a) concern	(b) continuity	(c) confidence	(d) confirmation
Q9	One of the most popular qu	estions asked of interviewee	es is to explain their strength	ns and
	(a) weaknesses	(b) varieties	(c) virtues	(d) variables
Q10	Each candidate was asked	to a short account of he	ow they saw the future of the	e company.
	(a) display	(b) present	(c) show	(d) demonstrate





### Working Well

Q1	The boss was appointed in	the hope that she would be	able to results.	
	(a) find	(b) seek	(c) achieve	(d) manage
Q2	In the very beginning she h	ad a meeting with all the sta	aff, which turned out to be ex	tremely
	(a) productive	(b) producing	(c) produced	(d) production
Q3	Although many people war managment.	nted to remain to her pro	edecessor, they soon started	to respect her style of
	(a) trusting	(b) believing	(c) attached	(d) loyal
Q4	At the first series of intervie	ews the question was whether	er to appoint a newcomer or	a current employee.
	(a) project	(b) promote	(c) proffer	(d) protect
Q5	The decision was finally take	ken that appointments shoul	d be based purely and simpl	y on
	(a) marvel	(b) mandate	(c) merit	(d) mastery
Q6	There was a new spirit in the	ne company and for the first	time in ages staff at last felt	they were being
	(a) valued	(b) valuable	(c) valuing	(d) valid
Q7	Employees were beginning	to receive for the hard	work that they had been do	ing.
	(a) respect	(b) referral	(c) recognized	(d) recognition
Q8	It soon became apparent the time to the company.	nat under the new managem	ent people were also starting	g to some of their free
	(a) donate	(b) deliver	(c) contribute	(d) convert
Q9	Some of the longest servin	g staff actually looked t	o coming into work.	
	(a) on	(b) about	(c) through	(d) forward
Q10	At the end of her first year	it was to everyone that	as the new boss she had be	en totally accepted.
	(a) obvious	(b) granted	(c) taken	(d) thought





### Pay and Allowances

Q1	On the of her ten year	s' service she immediately q	ualified for the extended ann	nual leave of six weeks.
	(a) base	(b) basis	(c) ground	(d) foundation
Q2	Although he knew it was a sproblem.	sensitive subject, his boss h	ad to ask him the quest	ion about his drink
	(a) sincere	(b) fragile	(c) breakable	(d) delicate
Q3	At the interview each applic	cant was able to the lev	el of remuneration they wou	ld be expecting to receive.
	(a) negotiate	(b) demonstrate	(c) apply	(d) dispute
Q4	Under the new arrange when to finish.	ements coming into force so	on all employees can decide	e what time to start and
	(a) malleable	(b) shaped	(c) flexible	(d) bending
Q5	According to the contract you year.	ou are not for the new a	allowance until you have bee	n with the company one
	(a) allowed	(b) illegible	(c) selectable	(d) eligible
Q6	The only way you can hope	e to the level of your pay	y is to take on greater respon	nsibility.
	(a) rise	(b) raise	(c) arise	(d) raze
Q7	She is trying to get some for those years.	orm of to make up for th	e poor working conditions sh	ne had to put up with for all
	(a) cooperation	(b) confirmation	(c) compensation	(d) consideration
Q8	Of course there is a little ex	tra added to your salary bed	cause you will from the	inner city allowance.
	(a) increase	(b) benefit	(c) grow	(d) develop
Q9	The hourly for all part	time clerical assistants has ç	gone up by 40% since 2000.	
	(a) wage	(b) validity	(c) recompense	(d) value
Q10	Remember when you stop	work and, you will be al	ble to receive the company p	pension.
	(a) return	(b) retreat	(c) respite	(d) retire





### Internet Business (1)

Q1 One of the great advantages of using the Internet is that people can more quickly.			kly.	
	(a) interfere	(b) interrupt	(c) intervene	(d) interact
Q2	It's no good spending a sm	all fortune on new IT equipm	nent as it's more cost to	hire it.
	(a) affective	(b) addictive	(c) effective	(d) reductive
Q3	One of the fashionable way you've still lost your job.	s of saying you've been sac	ked is to say that your comp	any issizing but
	(a) down	(b) cut	(c) out	(d) through
Q4	The important thing to reali company areconnected	se is that your service is not ed.	a little island on its own bec	ause all the services in this
	(a) in	(b) inter	(c) out	(d) across
Q5	Whereas ten years ago we all over the world.	only dealt with customers in	this country nowadays we a	are truly with branches
	(a) worldly	(b) mondial	(c) globular	(d) global
Q6	One of the most successful going on.	I tools in your organisation is	that of good because	everybody knows what's
	(a) communication	(b) concentration	(c) contemplation	(d) consideration
Q7	Let me just what we h	ave agreed in the agenda so	far if nobody minds me goi	ng over it all again.
	(a) restore	(b) retake	(c) recap	(d) redo
Q8	You have to realise that no	t all your clients can reach y	ou online because they don'	t have to a computer.
	(a) address	(b) access	(c) acceptance	(d) approach
Q9	There are times when you	have to force yourself to imp	rove your performance and	that's simply called self-
	(a) movement	(b) mastery	(c) manifestation	(d) motivation
Q10	You must think big in this b	usiness and not just think sh	ort but what you hope	to do in ten years' time.
	(a) term	(b) period	(c) length	(d) time





Internet Business (2)

Q1	It's all very well having a dr	eam or an idea but you mus	t know where you're going a	nd what your is.
	(a) terminus	(b) terminal	(c) goal	(d) tendency
Q2	Her job in the company wa material was sent to her dir	s to sort out the relevant inforectors.	ormation thereby it so th	nat only appropriate
	(a) draining	(b) filtering	(c) cleaning	(d) dredging
Q3	She told him to stop wastin the	g time by coming up with trie	ed and tested ideas and in th	nis way simply re-inventing
	(a) circle	(b) round	(c) curve	(d) wheel
Q4	The product had been on the of a face lift or	he market for some years an	nd was selling well but some	how the image was in need
	(a) enhancement	(b) enthusiasm	(c) endeavour	(d) enticement
Q5	In the hope of finding fresh discover.	ideas he used the internet to	o help him by using as many	search as he could
	(a) gangways	(b) portals	(c) doorways	(d) passages
Q6	You must increase the sale society.	e of this commodity by trying	to interest a different age ra	nge and by into their
	(a) dripping	(b) floating	(c) tapping	(d) sailing
Q7	You'll never make any more	e money or new income	e if you keep using that unim	naginative marketing logo.
	(a) generate	(b) generalize	(c) germinate	(d) engender
Q8	Now that you've explained project.	the scope and of the m	arket, we are very keen to ir	nject some money into your
	(a) measurement	(b) distance	(c) width	(d) dimension
Q9	There is always a risk in ar	ny business when your	scheme is based on an entir	ely new concept.
	(a) venture	(b) journey	(c) adventure	(d) voyage
Q10	Get in there first and don't	hesitate to act as the boss a	nd take the	
	(a) place	(b) lead	(c) leading	(d) leader





### Verbal Communication Skills

Q1	Remember that this happer	ned first and was to the	episode that happened afte	rwards.
	(a) before	(b) since	(c) prior	(d) previous
Q2	As the police saw the accid	ent themselves, the driver a	voided the of having to	give a detailed report.
	(a) need	(b) requirement	(c) indictment	(d) necessity
Q3	It's a complete waste of time next.	e over who was to blan	ne, the main thing we have t	o do is decide what to do
	(a) arguing	(b) discussing	(c) repeating	(d) considering
Q4	It was easy to realise why t it.	he machine had stopped wo	rking since it was a direct	of his failure to maintain
	(a) complement	(b) concern	(c) consequence	(d) conviction
Q5	I am completely confused a too.	as to why she did it and so it	s not to imagine why of	ther people are mystified,
	(a) definite	(b) difficult	(c) debatable	(d) decided
Q6	If you want to try and influe argue from the	nce that political party it's be	est to become a member you	rself and then you can
	(a) entrance	(b) beginning	(c) side	(d) inside
Q7	I have great for them a	at this time because I have h	ad a similar experience.	
	(a) sincerity	(b) sympathy	(c) sorrow	(d) sadness
Q8	Feel free to visit anything o available.	f interest to you in the exhibi	tion and also you can c	of any of the refreshments
	(a) retake	(b) undertake	(c) partake	(d) intake
Q9	Many of the people in the country the disaster.	rowd were visibly crying bed	cause they all with those	e who had lost relatives in
	(a) resented	(b) regretted	(c) rejoined	(d) sympathized
Q10	I assure you that you will ha	ave no problem with the task	because it's as easy c	an be.
	(a) as	(b) than	(c) and	(d) it





### Corporate Policy (1)

Q1 Since last year my workload has increased				
(a) considerable	(b) considerably	(c) considered	(d) consider	
The ability to present your	thoughts in an organized	is critical.		
(a) box	(b) time	(c) manner	(d) concentration	
The company has sev	veral new policies recently.			
(a) implemented	(b) driven	(c) overtaken	(d) understood	
She provided the judge with	h evidence in support o	of the case.		
(a) concrete	(b) wooden	(c) athletic	(d) doomed	
He is paid a rather that	an by the hour.			
(a) degree	(b) percent	(c) wage	(d) salary	
The job seems to be in	mproving.			
(a) fence	(b) allowance	(c) market	(d) cruise	
Your resume needs w	ork.			
(a) many	(b) lot	(c) a	(d) some	
The operation is currently .	some vast changes.			
(a) undergoing	(b) under coming	(c) over going	(d) overcome	
Working as a team will bett	er enable the company to	its goals.		
(a) stretch	(b) remove	(c) reach	(d) take	
Who is in charge nego	otiations?			
(a) from	(b) of	(c) to	(d) with	
	(a) considerable  The ability to present your and a box  The company has seven (a) implemented  She provided the judge with (a) concrete  He is paid a rather that (a) degree  The job seems to be in (a) fence  Your resume needs where (a) many  The operation is currently and an and an and an and an an and an and an and an an and an an and an an an and an	(a) considerable (b) considerably  The ability to present your thoughts in an organized  (a) box (b) time  The company has several new policies recently.  (a) implemented (b) driven  She provided the judge with evidence in support of (a) concrete (b) wooden  He is paid a rather than by the hour.  (a) degree (b) percent  The job seems to be improving.  (a) fence (b) allowance  Your resume needs work.  (a) many (b) lot  The operation is currently some vast changes.  (a) undergoing (b) under coming  Working as a team will better enable the company to  (a) stretch (b) remove  Who is in charge negotiations?	(a) considerable (b) considerably (c) considered  The ability to present your thoughts in an organized is critical.  (a) box (b) time (c) manner  The company has several new policies recently.  (a) implemented (b) driven (c) overtaken  She provided the judge with evidence in support of the case.  (a) concrete (b) wooden (c) athletic  He is paid a rather than by the hour.  (a) degree (b) percent (c) wage  The job seems to be improving.  (a) fence (b) allowance (c) market  Your resume needs work.  (a) many (b) lot (c) a  The operation is currently some vast changes.  (a) undergoing (b) under coming (c) over going  Working as a team will better enable the company to its goals.  (a) stretch (b) remove (c) reach	





### Corporate Policy (2)

Q1	She is with having to do 2 people's jobs.				
	(a) tired	(b) tiring	(c) feel down	(d) fed up	
Q2	Being a mother 3 and	working full-time was too mu	uch.		
	(a) with	(b) at	(c) of	(d) for	
Q3	He works 6 days weel	ζ.			
	(a) a	(b) to	(c) of	(d) from	
Q4	It's the of a lifetime.				
	(a) opportunity	(b) compensation	(c) immersion	(d) details	
Q5	The left-overs each night a	re donated to a organiz	ation that feeds the homeles	SS.	
	(a) no money	(b) unprofitable	(c) profitless	(d) nonprofit	
Q6	It is very important that the	review is turned by the	deadline.		
	(a) over	(b) up	(c) in	(d) through	
Q7	Beginning in October we w	ill each employee's pas	t performance.		
	(a) evaluate	(b) elevate	(c) educate	(d) integrate	
Q8	People tend to gravitate	others who are the most I	ike themselves.		
	(a) over	(b) with	(c) toward	(d) like	
Q9	The owners are discussing	how they can cut costs with	out lowering salaries or	. off employees.	
	(a) cutting	(b) laying	(c) dumping	(d) firing	
Q10	You are the helpful pe	rson I have met.			
	(a) greater	(b) better	(c) biggest	(d) most	





### Corporate Policy (3)

Q1	A suck-up is someone who is their superior in an attempt to gain favor.				
	(a) willing to cheat	(b) overly nice to	(c) mean to	(d) always avoiding	
Q2	Another name similar to a s	suck-up is anoser.			
	(a) stiff	(b) big	(c) brown	(d) green	
Q3	Our income is at least	six-digits.			
	(a) annual	(b) allocated	(c) proverbial	(d) year	
Q4	You should solicit and utiliz	e feedback on all of your	••••		
	(a) encasements	(b) emulision	(c) elation	(d) endeavors	
Q5	He must master an of	technical skills.			
	(a) array	(b) arrow	(c) accord	(d) aridity	
Q6	It is crucial that we do not .	the momentum of the up	o-and-coming generation of	workforce.	
	(a) strive	(b) stifle	(c) stockade	(d) suture	
Q7	Let your creative juices	<b></b> .			
	(a) run	(b) collaborate	(c) solidify	(d) flow	
Q8	You may need to som	e of your phrasing because	some of these sentences are	e redundant.	
	(a) altar	(b) alter	(c) alternate	(d) allocate	
Q9	She implied her notable	for her opponent by wrink	ling her nose upon his arriva	ıl.	
	(a) un-tastiness	(b) tastelessness	(c) distaste	(d) distress	
Q10	The new supervisor has	the company with some e	exceptionally enlightening ne	w ways of thinking.	
	(a) furnished	(b) attained	(c) undergone	(d) retired	





### Behaviour Guidline

Q1	Your reputation you.				
	(a) processes	(b) precedes	(c) protrudes	(d) predicates	
Q2	Their vast efforts were	in the end.			
	(a) predilections	(b) penchant	(c) biased	(d) thwarted	
Q3	The corporate disorganizat	ion was really only a of	the director's indecisiveness	S.	
	(a) by-product	(b) anti-progression	(c) sensation	(d) co-operative	
Q4	She strode through th	e crowd.			
	(a) chaotic	(b) hastily	(c) confusion	(d) bewilderment	
Q5	The condescending manner	er in which he addresses his	employees is incredibly	••	
	(a) demonstrative	(b) disclaiming	(c) degrading	(d) demoting	
Q6 If an employee's performance is not up to par and the same is either unable or unwilling to change may be necessary.				illing to change, a	
	(a) personnel	(b) personal	(c) personified	(d) person's	
Q7	No one can liking her	because she is so warm and	d pleasant.		
	(a) stand	(b) anticipate	(c) aid	(d) help	
Q8	Engaging in gossip is a hig	hly act.			
	(a) distasteful	(b) untasty	(c) tasteless	(d) bland	
Q9	All loitering is strictly prohib	ited on the			
	(a) possessions	(b) pertinence	(c) promises	(d) premises	
Q10	We must start from 'ground	I'.			
	(a) 3	(b) 0	(c) 100	(d) 1	





### How to assess employees

Q1	His was entirely ambiguous.				
	(a) dilapidation	(b) denoting	(c) depiction	(d) defamation	
Q2	Giving extravagantly to cau	ıses in which you believe is ı	remarkably		
	(a) commending	(b) commendable	(c) convenient	(d) conventional	
Q3	Diversity is as importa	int as continuity.			
	(a) just	(b) equal	(c) like	(d) similar	
Q4	Our office is a bustling	of activity.			
	(a) hull	(b) hood	(c) hag	(d) hub	
Q5	He gave us little to no indic	ation his whereabouts.			
	(a) as of	(b) so as to	(c) as to	(d) as from	
Q6	The athletic abilities of the	circus performers was nothir	ng short of		
	(a) emphatic	(b) phenomenal	(c) exegetical	(d) documental	
Q7	Virtually every assignment	will require an of creati	vity.		
	(a) ailment	(b) element	(c) alignment	(d) eliminate	
Q8	He was contemplating	. a new technique.			
	(a) devising	(b) deviding	(c) despising	(d) deviating	
Q9	The industry is on the	of a colossal expansion.			
	(a) verse	(b) vermin	(c) volition	(d) verge	
Q10	While certain tasks may be	somewhat, neverthele	ss the genuine exchange of	information can occur.	
	(a) concocted	(b) conceived	(c) contrived	(d) conceeded	





### Money Slang Expressions

Q1 Mary: Did you know there are of slang words for money, like bread for example?				e?
	(a) many	(b) piles	(c) loads	(d) buckets
Q2	John: I suppose there are v	when you to think about	it — like dough, which is sir	milar to your word bread.
	(a) go	(b) follow	(c) take	(d) come
Q3	Mary: One of my is do	sh. I like the sound of it.		
	(a) favourites	(b) collections	(c) favourable	(d) specials
Q4	John: Well if you're to	sound. What about sponduli	icks?	
	(a) attending	(b) referring	(c) resorting	(d) trying
Q5	Mary: Yes, that's excellent.	Another short sound that	to me is brass.	
	(a) attracts	(b) adheres	(c) appeals	(d) attains
Q6	John: Another one that	with jolly is the word lolly.		
	(a) sounds	(b) strikes	(c) hits	(d) rhymes
Q7	Mary: An expression which	sounds very of course	is filthy lucre.	
	(a) decadent	(b) down	(c) deep	(d) divisive
Q8	John: That's true and then loot.	there's that word that also ha	as the same as someth	ing that's been stolen —
	(a) intention	(b) signification	(c) meaning	(d) sense
Q9	Mary: The one that sounds wherewithal.	very grand because it in a v	vay the fact that it mear	ns money and that's the
	(a) protects	(b) hides	(c) places	(d) holds
Q10	John: Actually, I'm a little could lend me some readie	about this but I haven't a	ny money to pay for the bus	home. Do you think you
	(a) awkward	(b) backward	(c) unused	(d) embarrassed





### Accounting terms

Q1	ine customary manner in v journal.	vhich a business analyzes a	nd records its is by first	entering them into a
	(a) transactions	(b) communications	(c) dealings	(d) ventures
Q2	Journal entries are entered	in order, meaning by d	ate, with the earliest date fire	st.
	(a) sequential	(b) numerical	(c) chronological	(d) successional
Q3	Once the transactions have General Ledger accounts.	e been entered into the journ	al they are or transferre	ed into their individual
	(a) noted	(b) lifted	(c) allocated	(d) posted
Q4	All increase with a deb	oit entry and decrease with a	credit entry.	
	(a) advantages	(b) associates	(c) assets	(d) assurances
Q5	Liabilities either have a cred	dit or no at all.		
	(a) scale	(b) balance	(c) debit	(d) debut
Q6	Capital accounts represent	the owner's worth in th	e business.	
	(a) equity	(b) value	(c) hammock	(d) net
Q7	accounts are accounts	s for your sources of busines	s-generated income.	
	(a) liability	(b) revenue	(c) balance	(d) drawing
Q8	The is the difference befor retail.	etween what a business pay	ys for an item wholesale and	what the business sells it
	(a) markup	(b) makeup	(c) makeshift	(d) moreover
Q9	An accounts payable	shows how much you owe ea	ach of your vendors.	
	(a) lecture	(b) leeway	(c) ledger	(d) manual
Q10	Accounts shows how	much money your customers	s owe you.	
	(a) incoming	(b) receivable	(c) obtainable	(d) collectable





### Payroll policy in the USA

Q1	pay is what an employee earns before deductions.				
	(a) Net	(b) Full	(c) Gross	(d) Complete	
Q2	pay is what an employ	vee actually receives after de	eductions.		
	(a) Net	(b) Reduced	(c) Final	(d) Gross	
Q3	An employee who is paid o work.	n receives the same pa	y each pay period no matte	r how many hours they	
	(a) commission	(b) salary	(c) overtime	(d) wage	
Q4	In the USA working over 40 receive your hourly me	hours per week is consider ultiplied time 1 1/2.	ed overtime. For each hour	of overtime in the USA you	
	(a) money	(b) dollars	(c) wage	(d) salary	
Q5	The rates for overtime in th	e USA are generally known	as		
	(a) pay-plus-one-half	(b) an hour and a half	(c) hour plus half	(d) time-and-a-half	
Q6	Federal taxes and Social S	ecurity are both examples of	f standard from your pa	ycheck.	
	(a) reduction	(b) deductions	(c) withdrawals	(d) removals	
Q7	In order to cash a check yo	u must it, or in other wo	ords sign the back.		
	(a) endorse	(b) stamp	(c) write	(d) balance	
Q8	You record how much each	of your employees should b	pe paid in the account.		
	(a) employee pay	(b) standard deductions	(c) net pay	(d) payroll	
Q9	An check is one that y cleared the bank.	ou have written and deducte	ed from your checkbook bala	nce but has not yet	
	(a) intermediate	(b) overdue	(c) outstanding	(d) overdrawn	
Q10	Books are all closed at the period.	end of an accounting period	. A more common term for a	n accounting period is a	
	(a) physical	(b) fiscal	(c) focal	(d) foreclosed	





### Job Interview Advice

Q1	When you go to a job interview, it is really important to dress				
	(a) unequally	(b) appropriately	(c) sparingly	(d) meagerly	
Q2	When filling out an applicat	ion, make sure you write you	ur answers		
	(a) mumbled	(b) tongue-tied	(c) intelligibly	(d) hazily	
Q3	Make sure you list your skil	Is and experience that you b	pelieve will meet the of	the employer.	
	(a) expectations	(b) attention	(c) carelessness	(d) abstraction	
Q4	In your job interview, don't	complain about previous job	s or former		
	(a) mayors	(b) visitors	(c) activists	(d) employers	
Q5	When answering questions	to the employer, be confide	ent and your words reall	y well.	
	(a) stutter	(b) articulate	(c) dribble	(d) mix up	
Q6	Avoid clothing such as	s jeans, flip flops, sneakers,	t-shirts, caps, etc.		
	(a) casual	(b) dressy	(c) formal	(d) stylish	
Q7	Bring as much information about yourself as you might need. On your make sure you include hobbies, volunteer work or anything that you've done that may pertain to that job.				
	<u> </u>		•	are you include hobbles,	
	<u> </u>		•	(d) journal	
Q8	volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript	that you've done that may p	ertain to that job.  (c) resume	·	
Q8	volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript	that you've done that may p  (b) college degree	ertain to that job.  (c) resume	·	
Q8 Q9	volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript It is usually really handy to (a) demotion	that you've done that may p  (b) college degree  have letters of from pre	ertain to that job.  (c) resume evious employers.  (c) dismissal	(d) journal (d) declination	
	volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript It is usually really handy to (a) demotion	that you've done that may p  (b) college degree  have letters of from pre  (b) recommendation	ertain to that job.  (c) resume evious employers.  (c) dismissal	(d) journal (d) declination	
	volunteer work or anything  (a) school transcript  It is usually really handy to  (a) demotion  Hint: Fill out the job application  (a) white out  If you don't remember some	that you've done that may p  (b) college degree  have letters of from pre  (b) recommendation  tion first with a pencil then w	ertain to that job.  (c) resume evious employers.  (c) dismissal with a pen, so you don't have  (c) ruler  ut jobs you had in the past, for	(d) journal  (d) declination  to use  (d) marker	



# و كاديل

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 45

### Dental Care Expressions

Q1	Most dentists are pract staff.	titioners, which means they	own their own business and	work alone or with a small
	(a) lone	(b) employed	(c) solo	(d) unemployed
Q2	Dentists sometimes perform	n corrective on gums a	nd supporting bones to treat	gum diseases.
	(a) brushing	(b) surgery	(c) replacement	(d) flossing
Q3	Dentists wear masks, glove	es, and safety glasses to pro	tect themselves and their pa	tients from
	(a) infectious diseases	(b) bad breath	(c) bites	(d) cavities
Q4	Orthodontists use braces o	r retainers to apply pressure	to teeth in order them.	
	(a) to pluck	(b) to misplace	(c) to fill	(d) to straighten
Q5	Q5 After finishing dental school, some people work together with established dentists as for a couple of years to build up experience and save money to equip an office of their own.			
	(a) receptionists	(b) nurses	(c) associates	(d) members
Q6	As dental technology impro	ves, dentists will be able to	offer more treatment to	their patients.
	(a) destructive	(b) effective	(c) eruptive	(d) affective
Q7	When dentists extract all of	your teeth, they replace the	missing teeth with	
	(a) fillings	(b) cavities	(c) braces	(d) dentures
Q8	Dentists use an assortment	t of like mouth mirrors, p	probes, forceps, brushes, ar	nd scalpels in their work.
	(a) instruments	(b) jumbles	(c) retainers	(d) performances
Q9	When decay or injuries	the blood or nerve supply of	of your tooth, you need a Ro	ot Canal.
	(a) brake	(b) infect	(c) sterilize	(d) purify
Q10	Wisdom teeth are always th	ne last to They commo	nly appear around the ages	17 to 25.
	(a) be born	(b) increase	(c) develop	(d) conglomerate





# Insurance Policy Vocabulary

Q1	I took out a life insurance with State Ranch Insurance Company last week.				
	(a) contract	(b) policy	(c) agreement	(d) deal	
Q2	My insurance are only	\$70 per month.			
	(a) receipts	(b) fees	(c) premiums	(d) payings	
Q3	In the event of my death, the	ne will be my widow.			
	(a) recipient	(b) widow	(c) donor	(d) beneficiary	
Q4	My insurance does not	me if I commit suicide.			
	(a) collect	(b) cover	(c) console	(d) contribute	
Q5	The amount of money that	my wife will get has already	been calculated by State Ra	anch's	
	(a) manager	(b) archivist	(c) actuary	(d) agent	
Q6	If I decide that I no longer need my insurance, I can cash it in for the amount of its value.				
	(a) rebate	(b) surrender	(c) discount	(d) return	
Q7	Before I got the insurance, I had to receive a complete physical				
	(a) investigation	(b) injection	(c) therapy	(d) examination	
Q8	I am feeling great, because the doctor told me that I have a life of 82 years!				
	(a) length	(b) line	(c) expectancy	(d) experience	
Q9	Even if I am late in paying, the insurance remains in effect for a period of 30 days.				
	(a) grace	(b) satisfaction	(c) long	(d) latent	
Q10	The insurance is pretty exp	pensive though: I am a police	eman, so there are a lot of or	ccupational	
	(a) troubles	(b) involvements	(c) hazards	(d) duties	





### Contracts and agreements

Q1	A contract is a agreer	nent that is reached betweer	n two individuals or parties.		
	(a) bound	(b) bounded	(c) binding	(d) boundary	
Q2	A contract between an indigetting	vidual and his or her employ	ver is for the services s/he wi	Il provide in exchange for	
	(a) paid	(b) serviced	(c) employed	(d) accrued	
Q3	a rental agreement to	live in an apartment for one	year is a kind of contract.		
	(a) Writing	(b) Sketching	(c) Signing	(d) Stamping	
Q4	The tenant promises to pay accommodation.	y a amount of rent, and	in return, the realty agent pr	omises to supply the	
	(a) large	(b) certain	(c) sum	(d) leased	
Q5	A customer into a contract each time s/he makes a purchase.				
	(a) goes	(b) joins	(c) becomes	(d) enters	
Q6	A contract is initiated when	a person makes an offer to	buy something and the selle	er his or her offer.	
	(a) agrees	(b) includes	(c) accepts	(d) signs	
Q7	In order for a contract to be completed, something of needs to be exchanged.				
	(a) worth	(b) value	(c) goods	(d) interest	
Q8	A contract has been create	ed when both the buyer and t	the seller have agreed that the	nere will be some kind of	
	(a) consideration	(b) service	(c) application	(d) business	
Q9	Any contract that is made t	o buy or sell something that	is is not enforceable ur	nder law.	
	(a) illogical	(b) illegible	(c) illegal	(d) illegitimate	
Q10	A contract is required to be	e made by those who are leg	ally capable, a condition call	ed	
	(a) capaciousness	(b) capacity	(c) credence	(d) credibility	





### The Business Plan

Q1	The initial responsibility of	a business plan is to help to	develop a business stra	ategy.	
	(a) strict	(b) hidden	(c) regional	(d) solid	
Q2	First, you should describe	your products and services a	and discuss the market that y	ou are	
	(a) goaling	(b) aiming	(c) targeting	(d) goading	
Q3	If you wish to interest inves	stors, you need to emphasize	e the company's profit		
	(a) potential	(b) chance	(c) taking	(d) deal	
Q4	You should be particularly	careful to adequately th	ne risks in the business.		
	(a) launch	(b) bare	(c) disclose	(d) unleash	
Q5	You should examine custo	mer and the benefits of	your products and services.		
	(a) pockets	(b) files	(c) needs	(d) returns	
Q6	the strong and weak points of any firms in competition with yours and look for marketplace opportunities.				
	(a) Equate	(b) Evaluate	(c) Erase	(d) Eliminate	
Q7	If you can find a particular market to focus on, you should investigate this further.				
	(a) location	(b) corner	(c) industry	(d) niche	
Q8	It may also be possible for you to your products differently in the marketplace to attract new customers.				
	(a) position	(b) set	(c) spread	(d) situate	
Q9	It is not a good idea to exaggerate sales projections, and it is just as poor an idea to operating costs.				
	(a) overtake	(b) undertake	(c) overestimate	(d) underestimate	
Q10	If you forecast conservative	ely, you will be more likely to	maintain an extra of ca	ash.	
	(a) pillow	(b) comforter	(c) pillar	(d) cushion	



# Charles Ramiles

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 49

### Conference Advice

Q1	81 Being a delegate at conferences and other gatherings is a valuable opportunity whether or not you presen				
	(a) gift	(b) negotiation	(c) paper	(d) presentation	
Q2	At such events, you will get	an accurate of the curi	rent direction of the industry		
	(a) opinion	(b) rationale	(c) sense	(d) thought	
Q3	And if you are scheduled to	give a talk, you will gain inc	reased		
	(a) action	(b) activity	(c) honorarium	(d) visibility	
Q4	Actually, it is not very important	rtant for you to attend any of	the exhibitions.		
	(a) vended	(b) vending	(c) vendor	(d) vent	
Q5	In order for you to be i	nto your industry and its ma	rket, it is important for you to	go to such events.	
	(a) plugged	(b) posted	(c) presented	(d) proven	
Q6 The importance of conferences is not the seminars or workshops, but the refreshment breaks the bar after the day is				ent breaks and chatting at	
	(a) accumulated	(b) cancelled	(c) discussed	(d) done	
Q7	The key feature of a confer	ence is the chance to meet t	those whom you would not	have met.	
	(a) elsewhere	(b) ever	(c) otherwise	(d) outside	
Q8	Be sure to carry your busin	ess cards, and do not hesita	te to cards with anyone	you meet.	
	(a) change	(b) charge	(c) except	(d) exchange	
Q9	And finally: do not forget to enjoy your host city: conference information packages often nearby attractions and sightseeing opportunities.				
	(a) delight	(b) enlighten	(c) limelight	(d) spotlight	
Q10	Well ahead of time, however your needs.	er, you should plan a balance	e of scheduled conference a	ctivities and events that	
	(a) align	(b) extend	(c) measure	(d) suit	



# و کاریاں

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 50

### Computer Health

Q1	Computer advisors recommend that you consider correct workstation and personal posture in order to minimize the chances of an injury.				
	(a) layout	(b) outsourcing	(c) overreach	(d) pullover	
Q2	The symptoms of such injur	ries may include in the	fingers, painful hands or wris	sts, or eye problems.	
	(a) dampness	(b) dumbells	(c) dumbness	(d) numbness	
Q3	A(n) workstation perm and eyes.	its you to work in a natural p	osition while minimizing the	strain on your arms, back	
	(a) allowed	(b) ideal	(c) imaginary	(d) luxurious	
Q4	On the other hand, a poorly	designed workstation will fo	orce you into uncomfortable	postures like over.	
	(a) bunching	(b) hunching	(c) lunching	(d) punching	
Q5	Experienced computer ope	rators know that a good chai	ir to their bodies.		
	(a) adapts	(b) adepts	(c) adheres	(d) adopts	
Q6	Use a chair that has a backrest supporting the of your back.				
	(a) carapace	(b) carpals	(c) curb	(d) curves	
Q7	Ensure that you have enough below the table top to fit your knees comfortably.				
	(a) inches	(b) location	(c) room	(d) volume	
Q8	Select a mouse that fits you	ur hand; be sure that it is as	flat as possible in order to m	inimize wrist	
	(a) position	(b) strain	(c) tendons	(d) watch	
Q9	The computer monitor need	ds to be separate from the ke	eyboard, and it should be	directly in front of you.	
	(a) centered	(b) concentrated	(c) focussed	(d) gathered	
Q10	A person's body is not interget up and stretch!	nded to remain motionless, e	even in a comfortable positio	n, for long of time; so	
	(a) hours	(b) lengths	(c) periods	(d) sections	





### Marketing Strategies

Q1	The first step most manage	ers to grow their busine	ss is to increase the number	of customers.
	(a) climb	(b) do	(c) take	(d) plant
Q2	Losses are usually suffered	d if inexperienced sales staff	are given the task of a	marketing scheme.
	(a) engineering	(b) exaggerating	(c) implementing	(d) tooling
Q3	Fundamental marketing str	ategy is to create prospectiv	e customers who are ready,	and able to buy.
	(a) flocking	(b) steady	(c) wealthy	(d) willing
Q4	The primary goal of a such	a strategy is to present sale	s staff with prospects to	. into paying customers.
	(a) connect	(b) connive	(c) convert	(d) convey
Q5	One thing that managers c	an do to increase their busin	ess is to reward existing cus	stomers for new ones.
	(a) referring	(b) renewing	(c) replying	(d) returning
Q6	Established customers are they are all too often taken	seldom asked whether they for	are interested in more or ne	w products or services;
	(a) gifts	(b) granite	(c) given	(d) granted
Q7	It can be the of a busi solicited to buy more.	ness to expect regular custo	mers to purchase standard of	quantities without being
	(a) undersizing	(b) undoing	(c) unravelling	(d) untying
Q8	Sharing news, information	and offers with customers in	creases their of repurc	nase.
	(a) affiliation	(b) frequency	(c) notification	(d) number
Q9	Customers should be offered	ed more value through comp	elementary products and ser	vices at the of sale.
	(a) area	(b) bill	(c) counter	(d) point
Q10	business is gained by	the company that gives the	customer what s/he wants.	
	(a) Reform	(b) Regard	(c) Repeat	(d) Replacement





#### Warranties

QT	the purchaser.	y is that it is a promise or	which is given by the selle	er or the manufacturer to
	(a) qualification	(b) quality	(c) quantification	(d) quantity
Q2	The purchaser must be giv	en the to see the warra	nty before s/he makes the p	urchase.
	(a) invoice	(b) opportunity	(c) paper	(d) return
Q3	Unfortunately, shoppers do	not usually pay attention to	the until a problem with	n the purchase arises.
	(a) coverage	(b) damage	(c) leverage	(d) overage
Q4	Many retailers view warran	ties as a technique.		
	(a) preferable	(b) procedural	(c) professional	(d) promotional
Q5	The use of warranties grad	ually developed as part of th	e process between sel	lers and customers.
	(a) bargaining	(b) gaining	(c) ingratiating	(d) regaining
Q6	An implied warranty is lega	lly in effect even if it is not in	form.	
	(a) outline	(b) spoken	(c) stated	(d) written
Q7	Any respectable manufactu	urer will an implied warr	anty.	
	(a) discard	(b) honor	(c) receive	(d) suspect
Q8	Clear is an affirmation	that the product has not bee	en stolen and is not otherwis	se illegal.
	(a) byline	(b) caption	(c) headline	(d) title
Q9	A warranty of for purp it was designed.	ose assures the purchaser the	hat the item will perform pro	perly the function for which
	(a) ability	(b) design	(c) fitness	(d) strength
Q10	Merchantability warrants th	at the item will up to rea	asonable expectations of the	e purchaser.
	(a) grow	(b) level	(c) live	(d) seem



# و کاریاں

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 53

### Office Technology Problems

Q1	The of technology in the	ne office increases the avera	age work day in the US by o	ver an hour and a half.
	(a) disuse	(b) misuse	(c) overuse	(d) reuse
Q2	One research project revea	lled that phone and email ha	bits can actually reduce	rather than improve it.
	(a) procedure	(b) processing	(c) productivity	(d) progress
Q3	At work, male employees a	re the greater time wasters v	when it to surreptitious	non-work activities.
	(a) comes	(b) evaluates	(c) generates	(d) reverts
Q4	Improperly dealing with phoworking habits, and th	one calls and emails hinders e work day.	workers from getting their jo	obs done, creates poor
	(a) brightens	(b) broadens	(c) lengthens	(d) lightens
Q5	Too much reliance on voice	e mail when making or p	phone calls was also spotlig	hted in the study.
	(a) cancelling	(b) dialing	(c) returning	(d) unmaking
Q6	The delay that is caused by caused time every day	the necessity of waiting for /.	critical responses to emails	was another problem that
	(a) cartage	(b) garbage	(c) passage	(d) wastage
Q7	· ·	at work every day was over was not used to good	two hours, of which an hour	and a half was because
	(a) condition	(b) effect	(c) management	(d) timing
Q8	On average, thirty minutes wasted attempting to locate	were wasted managing telep	ohone communications, whil	e ten more minutes were
	(a) coffee	(b) collations	(c) colleagues	(d) cosmetics
Q9	The communications t detriment to it.	hat once were an important	contribution to efficiency have	ve now begun to become a
	(a) instruments	(b) pieces	(c) tools	(d) utensils
Q10	One basic cause of lost effi be in a meeting, at a differen	ciency is that employees are ent desk, or away	e often unaware of another v	vorker's location, whether it
	(a) offsite	(b) outdoors	(c) overboard	(d) sightseeing



# و کاریا

### Secretarial Office Procedures

Q1	Modern technology continu	es to proliferate in offices ev	erywhere, and the secretary	's role has greatly
	(a) evolved	(b) mutated	(c) transmogrified	(d) transposed
Q2	Operational restructuring a responsibilities formerly	nd automated procedures ha for managerial levels.	ave presented secretaries w	th a broad range of new
	(a) assigned	(b) maintained	(c) reserved	(d) restricted
Q3	Nevertheless, amid these of	changes their duties hav	ve remained almost unchanç	ged.
	(a) center	(b) core	(c) interior	(d) special
Q4	A secretary is responsible for operation of a business.	for a range of administrative	and duties that are ess	ential to the efficient
	(a) clerical	(b) equitable	(c) menial	(d) stationary
Q5	A secretary serves as an infiles, and generates correspond	formation for an office, pondence.	organizes and maintains ha	rd copy and electronic
	(a) clearinghouse	(b) household	(c) outhouse	(d) warehouse
Q6	Many secretaries also	travel arrangements and co	ntact clients.	
	(a) apportion	(b) craft	(c) handle	(d) manipulate
Q7	A large part of a secretary's many are to attend.	s day is involved with negotia	ating meeting times, which is	s a(n) job, especially if
	(a) administrative	(b) cumbersome	(c) thankless	(d) unmanageable
Q8	Today, more and more sec graphics software.	retarial staff use PCs to run	database management,	. publishing, and computer
	(a) desktop	(b) keyboard	(c) virtual	(d) workstation
Q9	Secretaries nowadays are more than one executive st	often from old-fashione aff member.	d typing and dictation; there	fore, they can now support
	(a) eliminated	(b) fired	(c) relieved	(d) retired
Q10	secretaries are respor	nsible for fewer clerical duties	s than lower-level secretaria	l staff.
	(a) Corporate	(b) Executive	(c) Professional	(d) Section



# و کاریان

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 55

### Basic Electronics

Q1	Q1 Electronics is the study and utilization of systems that function by guiding electron flow in such as semiconductors.			low in such as
	(a) contrivances	(b) devices	(c) pieces	(d) servers
Q2	Designing and building elec	etronic circuits to solve	problems is the mandate of	electronics engineering.
	(a) parallel	(b) practical	(c) partial	(d) production
Q3	Research into innovative se	emiconductor technology and	d applications is considered	a of physics.
	(a) branch	(b) responsibility	(c) segment	(d) subsidiary
Q4	Electronic circuits are main distribution of electric power	ly used to control, process a	nd distribute information, an	d for the and
	(a) commutation	(b) contamination	(c) conversation	(d) conversion
Q5	These two purposes rely or	n the creation and detection	of electromagnetic and	electrical currents.
	(a) fields	(b) floors	(c) grounds	(d) surfaces
Q6	The rapid modern advance	ment of electronics began in	with the introduction o	f the radio.
	(a) earnest	(b) enthusiasm	(c) secret	(d) sincerity
Q7	There are three divisions to	an electronics system, an e	example of which is a televis	ion
	(a) box	(b) case	(c) kit	(d) set
Q8	First, the input is a broadca	st signal either received by i	ts antenna or in throug	h a cable.
	(a) cued	(b) fed	(c) led	(d) sped
Q9	Second, processing circuits	s inside the TV the brigh	ntness, colour and audio dat	a from this signal.
	(a) contract	(b) detract	(c) extract	(d) retract
Q10	Third and last, its output ap screen.	paratus, a cathode ray tube	, changes the electronic sigr	nals into a image on its
	(a) vaque	(b) valuable	(c) viable	(d) visible





#### **Business Letter Basics**

Q1	The first goal in writing a business letter is to get the recipient's				
	(a) address	(b) attention	(c) services	(d) trade	
Q2	One fundamental of e	ffective writing is to put the k	ey information at the beginn	ing.	
	(a) case	(b) example	(c) principle	(d) situation	
Q3	Avoid down the begin however.	ning of the letter with abunda	ant information of which the	reader is already aware,	
	(a) gearing	(b) setting	(c) weighing	(d) writing	
Q4	Effective writing is rea	ding that makes the recipien	it want to read further.		
	(a) affected	(b) effortless	(c) effusive	(d) offensive	
Q5	In writing commercial corre	spondence, it is important to	employ a friendly yet efficie	nt	
	(a) feeling	(b) mood	(c) tense	(d) tone	
Q6	Try to aim for a style,	but without employing bad g	rammar, slang, or otherwise	questionable English.	
	(a) controversial	(b) convenient	(c) conventional	(d) conversational	
Q7	Be merciless in eliminating or her patience.	the that most people p	ut into letters: it wastes the r	ecipient's time and tries his	
	(a) backing	(b) clouding	(c) complaining	(d) padding	
Q8	A good business letter is si	mple and straightforward wit	hout being simplistic or		
	(a) panoramic	(b) paternal	(c) patriotic	(d) patronizing	
Q9	The conclusion or ending p	paragraph should bring the co	ommunication to a polite and	d close.	
	(a) businesslike	(b) interminable	(c) measurable	(d) subtle	
Q10	Unfortunately, the ending phrases that detract from the	paragraphs in much commerone letter's	cial correspondence employ	wordy and overused	
	(a) contact	(b) contract	(c) extract	(d) impact	





## Annual Report

Q1	Our annual report was to the shareholders on 31 March.				
	(a) submerged	(b) submitted	(c) subordinated	(d) subtracted	
Q2	Turnover remained constar	nt through the year.			
	(a) annual	(b) fiscal	(c) physical	(d) revenue	
Q3	Profits declined sharply with	h the devaluation of the			
	(a) banknotes	(b) change	(c) currency	(d) money	
Q4	Sales fell gradually in the fi	rst two quarters, but in	the second half of the year.		
	(a) realigned	(b) recalled	(c) recovered	(d) resisted	
Q5	Costs reached in April				
	(a) an acme	(b) an apex	(c) a climax	(d) a peak	
Q6	Demand rose sharply after	our major competitor went in	nto		
	(a) bankruptcy	(b) export	(c) receiver	(d) difficulty	
Q7	Overhead levelled off when	utility charges were by	the government.		
	(a) cancelled	(b) frozen	(c) given	(d) tapped	
Q8	Prices were raised with the	introduction of our new	of widgets.		
	(a) batch	(b) line	(c) manager	(d) team	
Q9	Output up with deman	d.			
	(a) followed	(b) kept	(c) made	(d) put	
Q10	Although the company's ov	erall was weak, its botto	om line was still in the black		
	(a) action	(b) activity	(c) performance	(d) progress	





#### The Importation Process

Q1	dryers.	tation process, the purchase	er makes his selection from t	the supplier's of hair
	(a) atlas	(b) catalogue	(c) directory	(d) encyclopedia
Q2	Next, he sends an email to	check the availability of	••	
	(a) wares	(b) selection	(c) stock	(d) suppliers
Q3	Thereupon, he the hai	r dryers.		
	(a) commands	(b) demands	(c) orders	(d) requires
Q4	Soon, he receives a o	f the order from the supplier.		
	(a) confirmation	(b) delegate	(c) message	(d) waybill
Q5	Afterward, he receives a pr	o invoice.		
	(a) active	(b) bono	(c) forma	(d) tempore
Q6	Subsequently, his bank issu	ues a of credit for the a	mount of the invoice.	
	(a) debit	(b) letter	(c) missive	(d) receipt
Q7	Then, he receives the supp	lier's invoice for the hair drye	ers FOB of departure.	
	(a) date	(b) dock	(c) point	(d) wharf
Q8	After that, he receives the .	of lading from the transp	oorter.	
	(a) bill	(b) fee	(c) form	(d) list
Q9	Thereafter, he pays the train	nsporter for costs.		
	(a) boxing	(b) buying	(c) carrying	(d) shipping
Q10	Finally, he receives the hair	r dryers with a declarati	on form.	
	(a) costume	(b) customary	(c) customer	(d) customs





## Cellular Telephones

Q1	All the world, cellular telephones are being used more and more.				
	(a) about	(b) around	(c) in	(d) past	
Q2	Cell phones are hand	devices; they are also calle	d wireless or mobile phones		
	(a) carried	(b) crafted	(c) held	(d) made	
Q3	Cell phones are with u	users because they are smal	I, light and easily transported	d.	
	(a) common	(b) famous	(c) popular	(d) well-liked	
Q4	Cellular telephones are act	ually little different than two-	radios.		
	(a) channel	(b) party	(c) path	(d) way	
Q5	A caller speaks into a cell p	phone, and it picks his c	or her voice, transforming the	e sound into radio waves.	
	(a) at	(b) out	(c) over	(d) up	
Q6	Then these radio waves are	e transmitted through the atr	mosphere until they meet a .	base station.	
	(a) near	(b) nearby	(c) nearly	(d) neighborhood	
Q7	The station sends your phoreceiver.	one call the standard tel	ephone network, where it ev	rentually reaches the	
	(a) among	(b) around	(c) at	(d) through	
Q8	Cell phones provide a vast	array of these days, an	d new ones are being added	d all the time.	
	(a) buttons	(b) customers	(c) duties	(d) functions	
Q9	When someone calls you,	your cell phone receiver	radio waves sent out by the	e base station.	
	(a) collects	(b) detects	(c) elects	(d) selects	
Q10	Inside your cell phone, thes	se waves are converted	into the sound of the caller	s voice.	
	(a) back	(b) backward	(c) forth	(d) forward	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 60

## Job Advertising

Q1	Industry, or niche, en personnel.	nployment websites are proli	ferating as places for compa	nies to locate qualified
	(a) controlled	(b) only	(c) particular	(d) specific
Q2	Niche sites present a large	of qualified job-seekers	S.	
	(a) pane	(b) pod	(c) pool	(d) porch
Q3	The internet, in comparisor	n to other advertising media,	gives its users a broader	••••
	(a) reach	(b) reaction	(c) reality	(d) reason
Q4	The internet produces resu	ilts faster and more cheaply	than other advertising r	nedia.
	(a) aging	(b) old-fashioned	(c) redundant	(d) traditional
Q5	Companies these days loo	k at internet job advertising a	as an part of their staffir	ng efforts.
	(a) innate	(b) insignificant	(c) integral	(d) intelligent
Q6	Advertising positions on en	nployment websites can gen	erate a lot of from pote	ntial candidates.
	(a) electricity	(b) practice	(c) static	(d) traffic
Q7	But general sites often proc time for the results se	duce an insufficient number o en.	of qualified applicants, makii	ng the process relatively
	(a) consuming	(b) devoting	(c) devouring	(d) wasting
Q8	Niche site marketing target	s executives and profession	als of the industry	
	(a) desired	(b) employed	(c) presented	(d) served
Q9	Advertisements both on nic campaign.	che sites and using more cor	nventional methods are a pa	rt of a well staffing
	(a) centered	(b) loaded	(c) rounded	(d) stated
Q10	Niche sites often include jo	b postings, comparative sala	ary scales, curriculum vitae o	databases, and
	(a) all	(b) other	(c) forth	(d) more





## Job Applications

QT	The application form is use	ed by companies as a means	s or basic information in	om all applicants.	
	(a) acquiring	(b) distributing	(c) manipulating	(d) standardizing	
Q2	The application is a key ma	arketing tool for the applican	t in the job process.		
	(a) advertising	(b) gathering	(c) seeking	(d) wanted	
Q3	Companies utilize the appli	ication as a for deciding	g whether to interview the ap	plicant.	
	(a) background	(b) basis	(c) blueline	(d) bottomline	
Q4	The application form should	d be considered the applicar	nt's first test in direction	S.	
	(a) examining	(b) following	(c) indicating	(d) reading	
Q5	The application form should	d be filled out as as pos	ssible; it reflects the applican	t's nature.	
	(a) cleanly	(b) freshly	(c) neatly	(d) nicely	
Q6	On the form, answers shou	ıld be to the specific po	sition for which the person is	s applying.	
	(a) measured	(b) modified	(c) presented	(d) tailored	
Q7	No should be left on the form; for questions that are irrelevant, write "not applicable" ("n/a").				
	(a) answers	(b) blanks	(c) empties	(d) notes	
Q8	The goal of the application	is to obtain a personal interv	view, so do not provide any .	information.	
	(a) affirmative	(b) negative	(c) objective	(d) positive	
Q9	Questions should be answer	ered, but complete ans	wers need not necessarily be	e given.	
	(a) briefly	(b) comprehensively	(c) earnestly	(d) truthfully	
Q10	Specific salary limits should	d never be indicated on the a	application; just write "open"	or " ".	
	(a) negative	(b) negotiable	(c) undecided	(d) unknown	





#### Job Interviews

Q1	The first interview for the coposition's minimum qualific	andidate is the interview ations.	v, which is used to ascertain	whether s/he matches the	
	(a) initializing	(b) reviewing	(c) screening	(d) standing	
Q2	The interviewer(s) will have	e the applicant's resume in	and attempt to confirm the	ne information it contains.	
	(a) control	(b) hand	(c) office	(d) person	
Q3		vorrisome for most candidate whether they have the perso	• • •	·	
	(a) fit	(b) join	(c) match	(d) work	
Q4	A candidate who does not whole section.	interact positively with super	visors and co-workers may .	the operations of a	
	(a) corrupt	(b) disrupt	(c) erupt	(d) interrupt	
Q5	A group interview is one in	which the interviewer(s) atte	empt to distinguish the f	rom the followers.	
	(a) bosses	(b) chiefs	(c) heads	(d) leaders	
Q6	When a panel interview is, the candidate is interviewed by several people at the same time.				
	(a) established	(b) held	(c) positioned	(d) thrown	
Q7	The candidate should make eye with each member of the panel as s/he answers the panelist's question.				
	(a) arrows	(b) avoidance	(c) contact	(d) sight	
Q8	One technique the applicant should be aware of is the stress interview, which is occasionally used to out those who are unable to deal with adverse situations.				
	(a) cast	(b) toss	(c) weed	(d) wrench	
Q9	Stress may be introduced in candidate's responses with	nto this kind of interview by a	asking strange questions or	by reacting to the	
	(a) queries	(b) quietness	(c) silence	(d) snores	
Q10	In a stress interview, the candidate has only two choices: play or refuse such bad treatment by terminating the interview.				
	(a) along	(b) anyway	(c) games	(d) ignorant	





## Hiring the Right Person

Q1	In order to take on the right necessarily in that	candidate, the employer mu	ust examine both abilities an	d personality, although not
	(a) interview	(b) order	(c) resume	(d) time
Q2	The first step to hiring	is being aware of the abilitie	s that the ideal candidate sh	nould have.
	(a) congress	(b) process	(c) progress	(d) success
Q3	Before proceeding to advert to each skill.	tisement and interviews, cre	ate a list of skills needed for	the job and assign a
	(a) rate	(b) rating	(c) time	(d) timing
Q4	Placing a on education	n and experience is only con	nmon sense in the hiring pro	cess.
	(a) premier	(b) premium	(c) preview	(d) prime
Q5	If the applicant seems to be someone very adept at inte	e over-qualified for the position	on, you have found either a	diamond in the or
	(a) coal	(b) mine	(c) rough	(d) shop
Q6	If this applicant does not hat is the latter.	ave extensive practical expe	rience in a similar position, y	ou may rest that s/he
	(a) assured	(b) ensured	(c) insured	(d) secured
Q7	Nevertheless, occasionally a talented candidate is found who is willing to accept a position and pay for which he or she is overqualified.			
	(a) back	(b) cheque	(c) envelope	(d) scale
Q8	How successful the candida part of.	ate will be is determined in th	ne end by the team of the	he group s/he becomes a
	(a) biology	(b) chemistry	(c) physics	(d) sociology
Q9	The manager's goal is to enteam.	mploy individuals who are te	chnically and also have	personalities that suit their
	(a) decent	(b) deficient	(c) proficient	(d) prolific
Q10	Should questions remain conhis or her	oncerning the candidate follo	owing the traditional interview	v, it is then time to consult
	(a) references	(b) relatives	(c) remarks	(d) research





## Training New Staff

Q1	Well before beginning a tra	illing program, the trainer sin	odid sit down and prepare a	lesson for each day.	
	(a) itinerary	(b) plan	(c) plot	(d) scale	
Q2	The course needs to be we	Il prepared in advance so th	at all important points will be	<b></b> .	
	(a) covered	(b) exercised	(c) plotted	(d) protected	
Q3	Before or during the first cla	ass, it is important, if possible	e, to take time to to kno	w the individual students.	
	(a) get	(b) have	(c) learn	(d) study	
Q4	An effective trainer knows I	nis or her			
	(a) audience	(b) directions	(c) spectators	(d) teachers	
Q5	Put questions to the trained	es and encourage them to	in return.		
	(a) follow	(b) listen	(c) question	(d) quote	
Q6	Early on, the trainer should what his or her students already know, what previous experience they have, and what difficulties they have encountered.				
	(a) declare	(b) demand	(c) depict	(d) determine	
Q7	. ,	(b) demand overs where to emphas	. , ,	` ,	
Q7	In this way, the trainer disc	` ,	. , ,	` ,	
Q7 Q8	In this way, the trainer discinformation.  (a) bring	overs where to emphas	is and where to move more (c) place	quickly through the  (d) strike	
	In this way, the trainer discinformation.  (a) bring	overs where to emphas	is and where to move more (c) place	quickly through the  (d) strike	
	In this way, the trainer discinformation.  (a) bring  Training is a dynamic, two- (a) catalogue	(b) list way process; it should alway (b) dialogue et to cover the minor tasks the	is and where to move more  (c) place  /s be a rather than a sp  (c) monologue	quickly through the  (d) strike eech or presentation.  (d) travelogue	
Q8	In this way, the trainer discinformation.  (a) bring  Training is a dynamic, two- (a) catalogue  The trainer should not forget	(b) list way process; it should alway (b) dialogue et to cover the minor tasks the	is and where to move more  (c) place  /s be a rather than a sp  (c) monologue	quickly through the  (d) strike eech or presentation.  (d) travelogue	
Q8	In this way, the trainer discrinformation.  (a) bring  Training is a dynamic, two- (a) catalogue  The trainer should not forget well be to a recent hire (a) exciting	(b) list way process; it should alway (b) dialogue et to cover the minor tasks thee. (b) foreign is the list; remember that thi	is and where to move more  (c) place  s be a rather than a sp  (c) monologue  nat are familiar to a longer-te  (c) impossible	quickly through the  (d) strike eech or presentation.  (d) travelogue erm employee; these could  (d) lost	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 65

## Company Benefits

Q1	Company benefits are often a significant portion of the employee's compensation				
	(a) package	(b) parcel	(c) salary	(d) set	
Q2	When considering an offer,	the candidate should exami	ne any benefits offered by the	ne employer.	
	(a) preferred	(b) prescriptive	(c) progressive	(d) prospective	
Q3	Generous benefits can con	tribute up to 35 or 40 percer	t to the compensation	for a job.	
	(a) overage	(b) overall	(c) overpaid	(d) overseen	
Q4	Health insurance is an importaking it out on one's own.	ortant benefit; it is less expe	nsive through the employer a	at rates than when	
	(a) department	(b) division	(c) group	(d) team	
Q5	Should the employee become	me ill or have an accident, h	is or her medical is ade	quately covered.	
	(a) bandage	(b) injury	(c) repair	(d) treatment	
Q6	Many US employers now h	elp cover the expense of	facilities in their communit	ies.	
	(a) childcare	(b) childhood	(c) childish	(d) childlike	
Q7	Another important benefit no hours, within, each da	now often offered is flextime, y.	which allows the employee	to vary his or her working	
	(a) hours	(b) limits	(c) ranges	(d) reasons	
Q8	On the other hand, fewer co	ompanies are offering pension	on plans that guarantee a fix	ed monthly sum to	
	(a) employees	(b) layoffs	(c) retirees	(d) seniors	
Q9	Another benefit, the stock of subsidized prices.	ownership plan, permits the e	employee to buy of the	company's stock at	
	(a) sections	(b) segments	(c) shares	(d) slices	
Q10	is a work plan that per	mits the employee to work for	rom his or her home.		
	(a) Telecommunicating	(b) Telecommuting	(c) Teleconferring	(d) Teleiobbina	





## Starting Salary Expectations

Q1	If a well-qualified person is	assiduous in his or her job s	search, s/he may receive mo	re than one job
	(a) advertisement	(b) chance	(c) offer	(d) site
Q2	Location and cost of living	olay a big in determining	g salary.	
	(a) part	(b) percentage	(c) place	(d) portion
Q3	Both salary and cost of living	ng vary among urban, suburb	oan, and areas.	
	(a) countryside	(b) hamlet	(c) rural	(d) wilderness
Q4	Salaries in an urban area was be similar.	rill likely be higher than in the	e suburbs, while the purchas	sing of each salary
	(a) amount	(b) power	(c) rate	(d) result
Q5	The costs of living in a on the internet.	of geographical locations ca	an be compared by using sa	lary calculators available
	(a) center	(b) number	(c) percent	(d) quantity
Q6	and demand are big fa	actors in the starting salary a	company may offer.	
	(a) Offer	(b) Plea	(c) Request	(d) Supply
Q7	In a field with a large numb	er of candidates, there will b	e lower salaries and co	mpetition.
	(a) some	(b) steep	(c) stiff	(d) stout
Q8	Contrariwise, other fields no many of whom will offer	eed workers so badly that th dollar.	e candidate will have his or	her choice of employers,
	(a) maximum	(b) multiple	(c) silver	(d) top
Q9	Even so, within fields a ran	ge of salaries is offered, and	l industry and specific emplo	yer usually salary.
	(a) affect	(b) effect	(c) infect	(d) reflect
Q10	Finally, each candidate is of attracting employers and	ne-of-a-kind: his or her spec a salary.	cific qualifications and abilitie	s will play a major role in
	(a) demanding	(b) garnishing	(c) negotiating	(d) settling





### **Job Promotion**

Q1	Employees with ambition are often eager to into management.			
	(a) climb	(b) level up	(c) move	(d) raise
Q2	is the ability to make o	lecisions that will affect the c	company's future in a non-er	notional way.
	(a) Magnitude	(b) Majority	(c) Maturity	(d) Modesty
Q3	Such employees will have for decisions on these relatives	formed friendships in the cor ationships.	npany, and co-workers will b	be expecting them to make
	(a) affected	(b) based	(c) centered	(d) controlled
Q4	An employee's ability to confor it.	me up with ideas is a be	enefit to a company, and the	employee will be noticed
	(a) sound	(b) stable	(c) strict	(d) subtle
Q5	A manager knows what s/he needs to get done each day, and usually knows this at the end of the previous day, so s/he should get a plan thought out ahead of time.			
	(a) drawn	(b) form	(c) game	(d) morning
Q6	Promotions go to the emplorecommendation, those help	oyees who are the most help lpful employees will	to their bosses; when the b	oss is asked for a
	(a) come to mind	(b) know their place	(c) step right up	(d) wait it out
Q7	Management hopefuls show position.	uld watch what their boss do	es and gain some into	the responsibilities of the
	(a) foresight	(b) hindsight	(c) insight	(d) oversight
Q8	The proverb "familiarity	contempt" is quite applicat	ole to working in a position o	f authority.
	(a) breeds	(b) exceeds	(c) needs	(d) precedes
Q9	A manager cannot make cl	ose friends at the office; s/he	e should make instead.	
	(a) acquaintances	(b) allies	(c) employees	(d) enemies
Q10	Good managers know how	to remain friendly but		
	(a) impersonal	(b) standoffish	(c) stern	(d) stolid





#### The Balance Sheet

Q1	A balance sheet shows the	financial that a compa	ny has at a point in time and	where they came from.	
	(a) records	(b) resources	(c) returns	(d) revenues	
Q2	It is an instant photograph or year.	that displays the company's	financial at the end of a	a business month, quarter	
	(a) explanation	(b) position	(c) publication	(d) station	
Q3	The organization of a balar	nce sheet reflects this basic .	: assets equal debts plu	s equity.	
	(a) arrangement	(b) assessment	(c) equation	(d) question	
Q4	The of accounts is a li	sting of the accounts that are	e reflected in the financial st	atements.	
	(a) book	(b) chart	(c) table	(d) outline	
Q5	Assets are often listed in the into cash.	ne order of their — whic	h means how easy it would	be to convert each asset	
	(a) complexity	(b) liquidity	(c) security	(d) simplicity	
Q6	Assets are divided into three	ee categories: Current Asset	s, Fixed Assets, and As	ssets.	
	(a) Current fixed	(b) Different	(c) Fixed current	(d) Other	
Q7	Current assets will likely be turned into cash or converted into a(n) within a year.				
	(a) bonus	(b) expense	(c) option	(d) stock	
Q8	Fixed assets are saleable,	but are not expected to be c	converted to cash in the	course of business.	
	(a) average	(b) equal	(c) final	(d) normal	
Q9	Liabilities are debts or	stemming from goods or se	ervices received by the comp	any.	
	(a) obligations	(b) others	(c) outstandings	(d) owed	
Q10	If the assets of a company between the two numbers.	are greater than its liabilities	s, then the equity of the busin	ness is the positive	
	(a) calculation	(b) difference	(c) dividend	(d) sum	





#### **Income Statements**

Q1	also called aand-loss statement.			
	(a) earnings	(b) gain	(c) profit	(d) win
Q2	The first item on the statem sales.	ent is the total amount of sa	les of products or services;	this is often referred to as
	(a) gross	(b) mass	(c) overall	(d) whole
Q3	The main deduction from the produce the same goods of	nis revenue is called of a services.	sales, the amount of money	the company spent to
	(a) cost	(b) discount	(c) expense	(d) reduction
Q4	The next deduction is vary directly with production	expenses — for example, ad n.	dministrative salaries and re	search costs, which do not
	(a) fixed	(b) operating	(c) standard	(d) unproductive
Q5	Depreciation expenses the	wear and on assets like	e machinery, equipment and	l furnishings.
	(a) age	(b) change	(c) repair	(d) tear
Q6	The depreciation charge fo	r using these assets during t	he accounting period is a	of their original cost.
	(a) foundation	(b) fractile	(c) fragment	(d) function
Q7	income is the money t	hat the company earns by ke	eeping its cash in savings a	ccounts, term deposits, etc.
	(a) Illicit	(b) Inactive	(c) Interest	(d) Internal
Q8	Finally, tax is deducted	d.		
	(a) business	(b) commercial	(c) income	(d) value-added
Q9	The final entry is the li	ne, which represents net ear	rnings of the company during	g the accounting period.
	(a) balance	(b) base	(c) black	(d) bottom
Q10	Additionally, indicates earnings as dividends.	how much shareholders wo	uld receive if the company d	istributed all of its net
	(a) EPS	(b) GDP	(c) GNP	(d) VAT



## و کاریا

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 70

#### Cost Accounting

and allocations to judge operational efficiency.				e used for tracking costs
	(a) Corporate	(b) Domestic	(c) Management	(d) Monitoring
Q2	This is an accounting	system, rather than one for o	outside reporting.	
	(a) inner	(b) inside	(c) interior	(d) internal
Q3	There are no rules gov purposes.	verning how a company sho	uld keep track of cash flows	for cost accounting
	(a) amended	(b) fixed	(c) required	(d) restricted
Q4	budgeting is a form of	forecasted cost accounting	for long-term projects or exp	enditures.
	(a) Capital	(b) Major	(c) Overhead	(d) Terminal
Q5	Cost accounting application	ns are major financial in	everyday corporate decisio	n-making.
	(a) distractors	(b) drivers	(c) fetters	(d) operators
Q6	Cost accounting is important	nt for estimating the of o	current and future activities.	
	(a) foreseeability	(b) profitability	(c) sensibility	(d) variability
Q7	When good cost accounting non-profitable product or se	g procedures are, the coervice.	ompany may find out that the	ey have been producing a
	(a) contracted	(b) discarded	(c) implemented	(d) suggested
Q8	Cost accounting mana	agers toward company goals		
	(a) aggravates	(b) gravitates	(c) insulates	(d) motivates
Q9	It also measures the o	f managers and department	s in the company.	
	(a) acceleration	(b) doings	(c) performance	(d) seniority
Q10	costs change in propo	rtion to the level of production	on activity, while fixed costs i	remain unchanged.
	(a) Varicose	(b) Various	(c) Variable	(d) Versatile





### **Auditing**

(a) coherence

(b) command

Q1	The purpose of an audit is to gather and evaluate evidence in order to form an opinion on the of a company's financial statements.			
	(a) rationality	(b) realization	(c) reliability	(d) responsibility
Q2	The audit is usually no	more than a page in length	and is attached to the finan-	cial statements.
	(a) report	(b) response	(c) result	(d) review
Q3	Auditors are not responsible	e for the of the financial	statements of an company.	
	(a) evaluation	(b) examination	(c) position	(d) preparation
Q4	In the financial statements, valid, complete and ac	the company implicitly state ccurate.	s that all items, account bala	ances and transactions are
	(a) essentially	(b) generally	(c) materially	(d) precisely
Q5	An error in is committed	ed when the financial statem	ents include an item that sho	ould not be included.
	(a) accuracy	(b) auditing	(c) completeness	(d) validity
Q6	An error in is committed	ed when the financial statem	ents do not include an item	which should be included.
	(a) accuracy	(b) auditing	(c) completeness	(d) validity
Q7	An error in is committee should be included.	ed when the financial statem	ents include incorrect inform	ation about an item that
	(a) accuracy	(b) auditing	(c) completeness	(d) validity
Q8	One of the principal goals of	of the auditor is to add to	o this assertion.	
	(a) credentials	(b) credibility	(c) creditworthiness	(d) credulity
Q9	Audit risk is the risk that the are significantly	e auditor expresses an inapp	ropriate audit opinion when	the financial statements
	(a) misstated	(b) overstated	(c) restated	(d) understated
Q10	In addition to the financial s effectiveness.	statements, the auditor also e	examines the company's inte	ernal procedures for

(c) control

(d) correspondence





## Budgeting

Q1	Budgeting is a combination less clear.	of mathematics and guessy	vork: some are precisel	y known, while others are
	(a) factions	(b) factors	(c) fallacies	(d) fractions
Q2	Every company should pre	pare a complete budget and	constantly its performa	ince against that budget.
	(a) match	(b) merge	(c) mirror	(d) monitor
Q3	Any variation from a budge any problems.	t should be investigated and	explained, and action	should be taken to correct
	(a) planned	(b) potential	(c) practiced	(d) prompt
Q4	When you have set a budg	et, you should to it as n	nuch as possible, but revise	it when necessary.
	(a) stand	(b) start	(c) stick	(d) stretch
Q5	Budgeting itself can help a	company reduce costs, beca	ause every item in it must be	e beforehand.
	(a) certified	(b) justified	(c) ratified	(d) rectified
Q6	The wrong way to prepare	a budget is to simply include	everything at last year's lev	el plus annual
	(a) accrual	(b) increment	(c) inflation	(d) investment
Q7	Focus first on the largest co	osts, since they should have	the greatest for reducti	ion.
	(a) potency	(b) potential	(c) prediction	(d) projection
Q8	Do not overestimate the	sales for the budget perio	d.	
	(a) conjectural	(b) considered	(c) determined	(d) projected
Q9	Creating a(n) forecast against the likely monthly in	requires estimating the expension.	ected monthly expenditures	and matching those
	(a) cash flow	(b) current account	(c) operating	(d) turnover
Q10	Many companies maintain	a budget, so that they a	are continually budgeting for	this time next year.
	(a) floating	(b) moving	(c) rolling	(d) shiftina



## و کاریاں

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 73

#### Depreciation

Q1	•	quite straightforward; for ins loses a certain amount of va	·	• •
	(a) irreparable	(b) irreplaceable	(c) unrecognizable	(d) unreliable
Q2	Calculating and for thi	s loss in value of such an as	set is called depreciation.	
	(a) accounting	(b) applying	(c) disposing	(d) subtracting
Q3	Almost all companies invest than one year are consider	et in vehicles, furniture, mached assets.	ninery or buildings, and those	e that will be used for more
	(a) capital	(b) durable	(c) permanent	(d) sizeable
Q4	However, the entire cost of	such an asset cannot be	in the year it is acquired.	
	(a) deduced	(b) deducted	(c) reduced	(d) remaindered
Q5		gle year's income by the total rand a profit overstatement		ould result in a profit
	(a) consequent	(b) continuous	(c) previous	(d) succeeding
Q6	For assets that have a use	ful life of more than one year	the cost must be off o	ver at least two years.
	(a) carried	(b) reduced	(c) stated	(d) written
Q7	The yearly depreciation for presumably retain some va	an asset is calculated using lue.	its cost and the number	er of years that it will
	(a) formal	(b) gross	(c) initial	(d) list
Q8			(0)	(4) 1101
		e annual depreciation is sub the same as its market valu	tracted from the asset's cost	` '
		•	tracted from the asset's cost	` '
Q9	value, which presumably is (a) account Straight depreciation,	the same as its market valu	tracted from the asset's cost e. (c) book f depreciating assets, simply	this determines its
Q9	value, which presumably is (a) account Straight depreciation,	the same as its market value (b) actual the most common method of	tracted from the asset's cost e. (c) book f depreciating assets, simply	this determines its
Q9 Q10	value, which presumably is  (a) account  Straight depreciation, an asset by the number of  (a) ahead	the same as its market value (b) actual the most common method of years that it will presumably	tracted from the asset's cost e.  (c) book f depreciating assets, simply be of use.  (c) line	this determines its  (d) operational divides the initial cost of  (d) measure





#### Inventories

Q1	Inventory accounting starts	with the inventory on		
	(a) deck	(b) hand	(c) record	(d) stock
Q2	Inventories cannot be	until sold, and meanwhile th	ey are considered an asset.	
	(a) depleted	(b) eliminated	(c) expensed	(d) recorded
Q3	There are four generally ac	cepted approaches to inven-	tory valuation based on	cost.
	(a) basic	(b) historical	(c) physical	(d) presumed
Q4	The identification methor.	nod records actual cost flow:	each individual item and its	cost must be accounted
	(a) positive	(b) product	(c) specific	(d) total
Q5	The average method of accounting period.	divides the total cost of inver	ntory items by their total num	ber at the end of any
	(a) adjustable	(b) overall	(c) standard	(d) weighted
Q6	The moving average methor of each sale.	od uses an average cost for i	nventory items that is calcul	ated and at the time
	(a) added	(b) applied	(c) decided	(d) depicted
Q7		ory evaluation is based on th ory before they sell the newe	•	npanies normally sell the
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO
Q8	The method is based items sold.	on the presumption that the	most recent stock items pure	chased will be the initial
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO
Q9	The method presumes	s that the company will conti	nue to keep their oldest item	s in inventory.
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO
Q10	The method attempts	to ensure that perishable pro	oducts are sold while they ar	e still in good condition.
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO





**GAAP** 

Q1	accounting industry.	nting Principles are a set of a	accounting approved by	the professional
	(a) standards	(b) suggestions	(c) syllabuses	(d) systems
Q2	GAAP are a combination of reporting financial information	• • •	ards and the commonly acce	pted ways of recording and
	(a) authoritative	(b) guideline	(c) optional	(d) overriding
Q3	They can become accepted	d either as a result of due	or as a result of long term	practice.
	(a) placement	(b) polling	(c) procedure	(d) process
Q4	•	s the opinion that financial s ch information includes any	statements are "in conformity from these principles.	with generally accepted
	(a) departures	(b) duplications	(c) projections	(d) quotations
Q5		of 1929, the American Instintantian fairly general acceptance.	tute of Accountants introduc	ed five broad principles of
	(a) Bubble	(b) Bust	(c) Crash	(d) Plunge
Q6	It is relatively unimportant to assured that it is followed	, •	nethod is used by a company	v, so long as they are
	(a) conclusively	(b) consistently	(c) constantly	(d) cooperatively
Q7	_	created the Securities and d in preparing financial state	Commission (SEC), givenents.	ring it the authority to
	(a) Earnings	(b) Economic	(c) Evaluation	(d) Exchange
Q8	In 1938, Congress permitte	ed companies to use a new .	method, lifo, for income	tax purposes.
	(a) inclusive	(b) introductory	(c) inventory	(d) investment
Q9	In 1939, the AIA recommer principles" in the standard to		fairly in conformity with gene	rally accepted accounting
	(a) auditor's	(b) financial	(c) management	(d) stockholders'
Q10		940 promulgated the " p ith the revenues that they pr	rinciple", which places prima oduce.	ary emphasis on the
	(a) alignment	(b) approximation	(c) concord	(d) matching





#### Accountants

Q1	Most accounting positions reducation and experience.	equire a bachelor's degree i	n accounting or a related fie	ld or combination of
	(a) an attained	(b) a calculated	(c) a curricular	(d) an equivalent
Q2	Many companies want grad administration with in a	duates with a master's degre	e in accounting, or a master	's degree in business
	(a) a concentration	(b) an expertise	(c) a major	(d) a specialty
Q3	Some schools offer student commercial firms.	ts a chance for hands-on exp	perience with part-time	programs in accounting or
	(a) internship	(b) practice	(c) study	(d) tutorial
Q4	Accountants help make sur taxes are paid properly and	e that a firm is run efficiently I in a manner.	v, that its records are mainta	ined accurately, and that its
	(a) controlled	(b) courteous	(c) formal	(d) timely
Q5	Nowadays, accountants are consulting.	e the services they offe	r with budget analysis, inves	tment planning, and IT
	(a) broadening	(b) lengthening	(c) opening	(d) reformatting
Q6	accountants, many of firms.	whom are CPAs, generally h	nave their own companies o	r work for major accounting
	(a) Graduate	(b) Professional	(c) Public	(d) Senior
Q7	Some accountants specialisand embezzlement.	ze in accounting — inve	estigating white-collar crimes	s such as securities fraud
	(a) criminal	(b) forensic	(c) police	(d) undercover
Q8	Many work closely with law witnesses during trials.	enforcement officers and la	wyers during investigations	and often appear as
	(a) expected	(b) expert	(c) known	(d) respected
Q9	accountants record an	nd analyze the financial infor	mation of the firms in which	they are employed.
	(a) Business	(b) Internal	(c) Licensed	(d) Management
Q10	Government accountants w government departments a	ork in the public, maint nd agencies.	aining and monitoring the re	cordkeeping of
	(a) arena	(b) domain	(c) quarter	(d) sector





#### Retirement and Pensions

Q1	The relationship between w	vorker pensions and retireme	ent is of interest to man	agement and economists.
	(a) considerable	(b) enough	(c) plentiful	(d) sufficient
Q2	The reduction in retirement governmental and private.	age since World War II is us	sually to greater pensio	n benefits, both
	(a) aligned	(b) alleged	(c) assigned	(d) attributed
Q3	The anticipated difficulties i retirement.	in financing current public pe	ensions could be by cha	anges that delayed worker
	(a) instigated	(b) investigated	(c) mitigated	(d) relegated
Q4	Private pensions a lar	ge percentage of individual v	wealth in most of the develop	oed nations.
	(a) compare	(b) compile	(c) compost	(d) comprise
Q5	As a worker ages, both his	productivity and the of	working another wage perio	d will change.
	(a) difficulty	(b) disability	(c) disinterest	(d) disutility
Q6	In a perfect labor market, e indifferent to the age of reti	mployers, who always pay v rement.	vorkers the value of their	at any one time, will be
	(a) contract	(b) output	(c) pension	(d) salary
Q7	The most obvious reason for to accumulate untaxed until	or the existence of pensions I retirement.	is the tax advantage, since	pension are permitted
	(a) benefits	(b) calculations	(c) contributions	(d) payouts
Q8		yees benefit from a payment young and more than the a		
	(a) avenue	(b) envelope	(c) gap	(d) stream
Q9	This system reduces worker	er incentives for and che	eating and thereby raises the	eir lifetime wealth.
	(a) kiting	(b) lurking	(c) lying	(d) shirking
Q10		ns also help determine actua of his career causes the work	• •	ation and greater
	(a) defray	(b) delay	(c) denv	(d) detract





#### Start Your Own Bank

Q1	The goal of the state of Calbanks.	ifornia is to maintain a sound	d banking system without	limiting the entry of new
	(a) unduly	(b) unreally	(c) unruly	(d) unusually
Q2	A competitive financial envi	ironment provides choid	ce to the public and stimulate	es economic development
	(a) critical	(b) optimal	(c) maximal	(d) radical
Q3	The state chartering agence to serve the public's ne	y makes sure that a new bar eeds.	nk possesses the needed ca	pital and management
	(a) expertise	(b) labour	(c) practices	(d) recruitment
Q4	This agency is the bank's p	rimary, with the duty to	protect the public from ques	stionable banking practices.
	(a) administrator	(b) moderator	(c) originator	(d) regulator
Q5	The term "dual banking sys	tem" means that both the Ca	alifornia and the US governr	nents bank charters.
	(a) certify	(b) issue	(c) license	(d) publish
Q6	The word "State" or "Nation type of charter it has.	nal" as part of a bank's name	has nothing where it o	perates; this refers to the
	(a) in common with	(b) in comparison to	(c) to do with	(d) to understand by
Q7	Joining the Federal Reserv	e System is required for nati	onal banks, but for stat	e banks.
	(a) obligated	(b) obvious	(c) optimal	(d) optional
Q8	•	anks at a discount rate to he t" for banks suffering lice		h requirements, and is
	(a) chance	(b) legs	(c) request	(d) resort
Q9	The minimum amount of stock.	capital for a newly charte	red bank should total at leas	st \$2,500,000 in capital
	(a) collected	(b) direct	(c) fixed	(d) startup
Q10		age a broad and share ber due to tax or other cons		although the organizers
	(a) based	(b) diversified	(c) lengthy	(d) shallow



## و کاریان

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 79

#### Internet Investing

Q1	The Internet an excellent tool for both investors and fraudsters.				
	(a) becomes	(b) equals	(c) has	(d) makes	
Q2	online newsletters car	n certainly help investors gat	her valuable information.		
	(a) Legal	(b) Legible	(c) Legitimate	(d) Literary	
Q3	However, some companies	pay online newsletters to	their stocks.		
	(a) tally	(b) tongue	(c) tout	(d) treat	
Q4	These newsletters will profi	t if they convince inves	tors to buy specific stocks.		
	(a) attractively	(b) beautifully	(c) handsomely	(d) prettily	
Q5	The most egregious scalp to own holdings at an inordinate	the stocks they hype, thate profit.	ne price with recommendation	ns and then selling their	
	(a) clinging to	(b) driving up	(c) nailing down	(d) standing by	
Q6	Internet bulletin boards	threads made up of numer	ous messages on investme	nt opportunities.	
	(a) capture	(b) censure	(c) feature	(d) stature	
Q7	. , .	(b) censure ic widespread interest in an	` ,	` ,	
Q7	A single individual can mim	,	` ,	` ,	
Q7 Q8	A single individual can mim  (a) actors	ic widespread interest in an	unknown stock with a series (c) aliases	s of posts under various  (d) antonyms	
	A single individual can mim  (a) actors  Because spam is so easy a	ic widespread interest in an  (b) addresses	unknown stock with a series (c) aliases	s of posts under various  (d) antonyms	
	A single individual can mim  (a) actors  Because spam is so easy a investment deals.  (a) bogus  Many investment programs	ic widespread interest in an  (b) addresses  and cheap to produce, frauds	unknown stock with a series  (c) aliases sters frequently use it to find  (c) sub rosa of the classic scheme i	(d) antonyms investors for  (d) surplus	
Q8	A single individual can mim  (a) actors  Because spam is so easy a investment deals.  (a) bogus  Many investment programs	ic widespread interest in an  (b) addresses  and cheap to produce, frauds  (b) bonus  are just an internet version	unknown stock with a series  (c) aliases sters frequently use it to find  (c) sub rosa of the classic scheme i	(d) antonyms investors for  (d) surplus	
Q8	A single individual can mim  (a) actors  Because spam is so easy a investment deals.  (a) bogus  Many investment programs attempt to make money sin (a) escalation	(b) addresses and cheap to produce, frauds (b) bonus are just an internet version apply by recruiting new partici	unknown stock with a series  (c) aliases sters frequently use it to find  (c) sub rosa of the classic scheme i pants.  (c) level up	(d) antonyms investors for  (d) surplus n which participants  (d) pyramid	



# کانیل

### Evolution of the Stock Exchange

excerpted speech that he would not be able to answer this question him: "What is an Exchange excerpted speech that he would not be able to answer this question him: "What is an Exchange excerpted speech that he would not be able to answer this question him: "What is an Exchange excerpted speech that he would not be able to answer this question				•
	(a) asked to	(b) put to	(c) said to	(d) set to
Q2	The New York Stock Excha of their business by its mer	ange was originally formed to nbers.	o exchange rooms for the	ne convenient transaction
	(a) furnish	(b) reform	(c) refurbish	(d) renovate
Q3	The oldest Stock Exchange incoming and letters for	e in the world, the Amsterdar rom ships were registered.	m Exchange, started in a Po	st Office in 1598 where
	(a) backdated	(b) outgoing	(c) outstanding	(d) overseas
Q4	•	ne years after they started tra that they really got their ow	_	-
	(a) facade	(b) nature	(c) sense	(d) stead
Q5		s", by Joseph de la Vega, pu unless moderated by regula	•	uite precisely what an
	(a) lions	(b) scouts	(c) thieves	(d) wolves
Q6	·	an Exchange was a meeting and telephones, which on m		
	(a) forbidden	(b) foregone	(c) forestalled	(d) forgotten
Q7	In order to define what a St of technology.	ock Exchange is today, you	have to understand the unst	toppable progress, or,
	(a) barrage	(b) bombardment	(c) juggernaut	(d) ramrod
Q8	When the computer did away with the physical limitation of the Exchange within one single city or region, the technology lost its uniqueness, and it gave rise to			
	(a) competition	(b) correlation	(c) jurisdiction	(d) justification
Q9	-	nas been international equity equity investment, even		a ferocious appetite for
	(a) aboveboard	(b) nevertheless	(c) notwithstanding	(d) thereabouts
Q10	The fourth factor is the info free data.	rmation availability explosior	n that gave all investors near	ly access to nearly
	(a) uncontrolled	(b) unlimited	(c) unmanageable	(d) untenable



# کانیل 🕲

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level #81

#### Corporate Taxation

Q1	Rob Norton, of eCompany Now and Fortune magazines, notes in the article quoted below that corporate taxes are among the least efficient and least of taxes.				
	(a) avoidable	(b) defeatable	(c) defensible	(d) reprehensible	
Q2	The tax is popular with the	man, who believes, inc	orrectly, that it is paid by cor	porations.	
	(a) in the shop	(b) in the street	(c) on the block	(d) on the job	
Q3	The federal corporate incornot to partnerships or	ne tax applies only to some proprietorships.	businesses — those charter	red as corporations — and	
	(a) simple	(b) single	(c) sole	(d) strict	
Q4		three different rates on different income between \$50,000	·		
	(a) brackets	(b) components	(c) portions	(d) segments	
Q5	A good reason that state are out of states that imposed u	nd local corporate income ta unusually high taxes.	xes remain low is that corpo	rations could easily	
	(a) reinstate	(b) relegate	(c) relocate	(d) replace	
Q6	Except for emergency taxes percent tax on corporation	s in wartime, corporate profitincome.	ts were first taxed in 1909, w	hen Congress a 1	
	(a) decided	(b) enacted	(c) proscribed	(d) retracted	
Q7		6 was designed to increase o decrease the share from the		es collected via the	
	(a) individual	(b) personnel	(c) private	(d) single	
Q8		rate was cut, deductions for for many corporations rose.	capital expenditures were s	severely, and as a	
	(a) amended	(b) curtailed	(c) examined	(d) extended	
Q9	The central problem with the can pay taxes.	e corporate income tax from	an economic point of view	is that, ultimately, only	
	(a) entities	(b) companies	(c) people	(d) some	
Q10	·	y, Sir William Petty, one of the modities would eventually be		•	
	(a) planners	(b) precursors	(c) predecessors	(d) progenitors	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 82

## Commercial Property

Q1	•	gmann and Taube, 2001), pi t their current market values	• •		
	(a) comparative	(b) previous	(c) projected	(d) theoretical	
Q2	Much of the fair value deba	te has had a technical focus	on how to place fair values	on assets for which no	
	(a) apply	(b) compare	(c) exist	(d) obtain	
Q3	While the technical issues a statements.	are important, the real driver	should be improving fo	or users of financial	
	(a) opacity	(b) redundancy	(c) translucency	(d) transparency	
Q4	A single global standard wi	Il increase the of financ	ial presentations, which curr	ently vary considerably.	
	(a) completeness	(b) comprehension	(c) consistency	(d) control	
Q5	A comprehensive standard	comparability across a	Il types of financial institution	ns.	
	(a) correlates	(b) facilitates	(c) initiates	(d) legislates	
Q6	When accounting values for assets from their underlying market values, some managements take uneconomic actions to protect accounting performance measures.				
	(a) detract	(b) distract	(c) diverge	(d) divide	
Q7	•	S. savings and loan crisis in atinued to hold assets with be	•	s assets with market	
	(a) sold off	(b) sold out	(c) underwrote	(d) wrote off	
Q8	In hindsight, users of their fitime.	inancial statements were no	t well served by the account	ing system at the	
	(a) at hand	(b) in place	(c) on hold	(d) underway	
Q9	Fair value argue that r values removes these perv	neasuring financial assets a erse incentives.	s close as possible to their to	rue underlying economic	
	(a) presentations	(b) proponents	(c) propositions	(d) protocols	
Q10	Users would also benefit from	om a clearer picture of the e	conomic of the enterpri	se.	
	(a) breath	(b) health	(c) heart	(d) scene	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 83

#### Quality Control at Ford

Q1	• • •	ntrol problems, Tom Murphy more culpable than the auto	•		
	(a) exploding	(b) rising	(c) rolling	(d) spinning	
Q2	The Firestone tire got broader ailment afflicting th	the most attention, but in ma e No. 2 auto maker.	any respects it was merely a	symptom of a much	
	(a) debacle	(b) debut	(c) detachment	(d) deterrent	
Q3	A Ford executive contender mistakes.	d that suppliers deserved a t	rip to the for a number	of costly, boneheaded	
	(a) dentist	(b) market	(c) outhouse	(d) woodshed	
Q4	By last fall, however, the to	ne had softened; instead of	berating parts makers, Ford	was openly	
	(a) conciliatory	(b) congratulatory	(c) consolatory	(d) convivial	
Q5	Caught up in the industry-wengineering.	ride trend toward, Ford	may have relied too heavily	on suppliers for	
	(a) outsiders	(b) outsourcing	(c) overhead	(d) oversight	
Q6		Ms run the risk of becoming y purchase, rather than engi	•	ities — or liabilities — of	
	(a) subcontracted	(b) subjected	(c) subordinate	(d) subservient	
Q7	To the problem, Ford	reclaimed some engineering	responsibility.		
	(a) ramify	(b) realign	(c) rectify	(d) register	
Q8	The effect of the new proof taps for parts every date.	ohilosophy will be felt for yea ay.	ars to come by many of the 2	2,000 production suppliers	
	(a) rapid	(b) ripple	(c) side	(d) special	
Q9	Many suppliers are reservir most are cautiously	ng judgment until the strateg	y is fully implemented over t	he next two years, but	
	(a) optical	(b) optimal	(c) optimistic	(d) optional	
Q10	It is humbling for the company that pioneered mass production of the automobile to admit nearly 100 years later that it took its eye, that it sacrificed engineering prowess in what ironically was an attempt to make itself more efficient.				
	(a) for an eve	(b) off the ball	(c) out of the socket	(d) to the grindstone	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 84

## Product Development (1)

Q1	This white paper by the American Productivity & Quality Center explains that the most successful new productivity development teams are, with representation from a core group of areas such as finance, marketing, manufacturing, design, engineering, and research.				
	(a) bilateral	(b) cosmopolitan	(c) metropolitan	(d) multifunctional	
Q2	•	ovironment enables team me I facilitate brainstorming ses		the group, receive	
	(a) balance	(b) better	(c) bounce	(d) bring	
Q3	Team membership is vital t determine to be of the great	o the success of the group; test value is a critical step.	program managers to s	elect those individuals they	
	(a) demanding	(b) empowering	(c) inducting	(d) suggesting	
Q4	In addition, teams are being project.	g given greater authority and	held more for the succ	cess or failure of the	
	(a) accessible	(b) accountable	(c) actionable	(d) advisable	
Q5	The use of various team reward and recognition structures is mixed, with a trend toward more recognition as opposed to monetary				
	(a) conceptions	(b) considerations	(c) incentives	(d) incitements	
Q6	Several best-practice comp	anies have specific compan	ywide awards for work "	. the call of duty".	
	(a) above and beyond	(b) inside and outside	(c) through and through	(d) up to and including	
Q7	In addition, the NPD process new experiences, good or be	ss needs a "champion", who pad, present themselves.	is with monitoring and	adjusting the process as	
	(a) assigned	(b) chored	(c) lumbered	(d) tasked	
Q8	The NPD process can be and process design, and pr	into four general categoroduction and delivery.	ries: idea generation, concep	ot development, product	
	(a) broken down	(b) cut up	(c) gathered up	(d) sorted out	
Q9	One organization stores all	ideas in a database and rev	risits them until they are	. useless.	
	(a) deemed	(b) deleted	(c) determined	(d) discarded	
Q10	Once viable ideas are chose concepts proceed to full de	en, they must be further dev sign.	eloped, examined, and	before the select few	
	(a) itemized	(b) prioritized	(c) realized	(d) scrutinized	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 85

## Product Development (2)

Q1	The American Productivity & Quality Center study identified specific sources that tend to be good idea for new product development, including market research, focus groups, third-party/inventor input, and brainstorming.			
	(a) constructors	(b) containers	(c) generators	(d) guarantors
Q2	·	phase requires a more formates as increase will make a prod		
	(a) fashionable	(b) reasonable	(c) seasonable	(d) sustainable
Q3	At this point, an executive r	review generally approves th	e product for design and add	ditional resource
	(a) acquisition	(b) advisement	(c) allocation	(d) attachment
Q4	The product and process design stage involves turning the concept into a tangible product design and transforming that design into prototype or pilot.			
	(a) an active	(b) an actual	(c) a working	(d) a solid
Q5	Prototypes or pilots allow the originally expected.	ne designers to test and	. the ability of the product or	service to perform as
	(a) approve	(b) guarantee	(c) satisfy	(d) verify
Q6	At this stage, to change the	e original product, some	form of approval is required	i.
	(a) classification	(b) generation	(c) identification	(d) specification
Q7	This approval can range from	om upper management revie	w to individual functional are	ea review to team
	(a) ballot	(b) consensus	(c) hindsight	(d) poll
Q8	Once the final design is final	alized and approved, the pro	duct is into production.	
	(a) admitted	(b) advanced	(c) launched	(d) projected
Q9	Aup period normally i	s required before full produc	tion can begin.	
	(a) level	(b) round	(c) scale	(d) speed
Q10	A quality assurance group manufacturing site meets the	within each business unit is ne required	responsible for verifying that	the product and each
	(a) addenda	(b) agenda	(c) criteria	(d) quota





### Auto Leasing

(a) a guaranteed

(b) a relevant

Q1	for the amount by which a vehicle's value depreciates during the time you're driving it.				
	(a) concept	(b) design	(c) image	(d) observation	
Q2	Depreciation is the different the primary factor that dete	ce between a vehicle's original rmines the cost of leasing.	nal value and its value at lea	se-end ( value), and is	
	(a) remnant	(b) reserve	(c) residual	(d) retained	
Q3	Generally, European and J	apanese automobile ha	ave lower depreciation than	American brands.	
	(a) cars	(b) logos	(c) makes	(d) trademarks	
Q4	Manufacturer's Retail including optional package	Price (MSRP) is the full price and destination charges.	e for a vehicle as displayed	on its window sticker,	
	(a) Sales	(b) Standard	(c) Stated	(d) Suggested	
Q5	When you and your dealer cost".	sit down and agree on a lea	se price for a car, this becor	mes the cost, or "cap	
	(a) capitalized	(b) car and package	(c) cash projected	(d) contract approved	
Q6	Cap cost can be reduced by rebates, factory-to-dealer incentives, trade-in credit, or a cash payment; these are known as cap cost reductions.				
	(a) down	(b) first	(c) key	(d) prior	
Q7	•	the leasing company's mo on that money, the same as		r car and they rightfully	
	(a) binding over	(b) nailing down	(c) running through	(d) tying up	
Q8	This interest is expressed a number such as.00297.	as a money factor, sometime	es called lease factor, and is	specified as a small	
	(a) decimal	(b) denominator	(c) percentile	(d) unrounded	
Q9	A good rule of: Lease lower than local new-car lo	money factors, converted to an interest rates.	an annual interest rate, sho	ould be comparable to, if not	
	(a) calculation	(b) law	(c) measure	(d) thumb	
Q10	However, you may not qualify for great money factors unless if you have credit rating.				

(c) a spotless

(d) an unremarkable



#### انيل کارنيل

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level #87

## Essential Advertising

Q1	Stephen Whyte, CEO of Leo Burnett, observes that Marshall McLuhan may have had his when uttering his much-quoted statement, "Advertising is the greatest art form of the 20th Century".			
	<ul><li>(a) foot in his mouth</li><li>(c) nose to the grindstone</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) hat on backwards</li><li>(d) tongue in his cheek</li></ul>	
Q2	You can dispute whether of	r not advertising is art, but th	ere is no that advertising	ng is big business.
	(a) betting	(b) denying	(c) discussing	(d) speculating
Q3	Advertising's global landsca achieve international clout a	ape is changing constantly, a and economies of	as agencies and holding con	npanies consolidate to
	(a) scale	(b) size	(c) state	(d) success
Q4		and electronics are converged merger between AOL and T		dustry, illustrated by
	(a) alliances	(b) antagonists	(c) competitors	(d) cooperatives
Q5	·	roblems for advertisers, but argeting individuals, rather the		nities by increasing the
	(a) broadside	(b) bulletproof	(c) scattergun	(d) sharpshooter
Q6	Of the three central roles — relationship with the client of	- account manager, planner on a basis.	and creative — only the acc	count handlers manage the
	(a) day-in-and-day-out	(b) day-to-day	(c) from-time-to-time	(d) time-after-time
Q7	The account manager is the managers, planners and cr	e of the wheel — some eatives.	one who organises the ager	cy team of account
	(a) axle	(b) hub	(c) rim	(d) spoke
Q8	The planner's role is to find relationship between the br	the most communication and and the consumer.	on strategy and develop a re	eal insight into the
	(a) compelling	(b) complementary	(c) convenient	(d) convivial
Q9		nt executional thinkers, work ners' ideas and think up ads		• •
	(a) ability	(b) advantage	(c) ambience	(d) assonance
Q10	We develop relationships we something it.	vith possible future clients, e	ven though sometimes it is y	rears down the line before
	(a) banks on	(b) comes of	(c) happens to	(d) reacts from





Asset Classes

Q1	1 Cathy Smart and the investment analysts at 401k Forum help you get down to the with this article at the different asset classes.				
	(a) baseline	(b) basement	(c) basics	(d) basis	
Q2	Asset classes are the categories stocks, small-cap stocks, a	gories that your different invended international stocks.	estments into — such a	s cash, bonds, large-cap	
	(a) fall	(b) fan	(c) sift	(d) sort	
Q3	Studies have shown that th	e key to successful investing	g is to your wealth amo	ng different asset classes.	
	(a) diverge	(b) expand	(c) range	(d) spread	
Q4	•	et cap) is a measure of the softhe company's share		•	
	(a) corporate	(b) individual	(c) open market	(d) outstanding	
Q5	Market capitalization is important because history has shown us that the stocks of companies with different market caps differently in terms of return and risk.				
	(a) behave	(b) comply	(c) gain	(d) operate	
Q6	Cap-size shift: mid-cap stoo	cks may have once been de	fined as large cap, but fell or	ut of with investors.	
	(a) concern	(b) favor	(c) line	(d) satisfaction	
Q7	Mid-cap stock performance usually falls somewhere in between the returns of their large- and small-cap				
	(a) companions	(b) counterparts	(c) replicas	(d) surrogates	
Q8	However, mid- and small-ca	ap stock returns tend to be r	more than the returns o	f large-cap stocks.	
	(a) vaporous	(b) volatile	(c) voluminous	(d) voracious	
Q9	If a smaller company loses a few key executives, or if the economy takes a for the worse, it only takes a few nervous investors to cause the stock to drop drastically.				
	(a) dive	(b) path	(c) step	(d) turn	
Q10		and help protect your investmat another asset class within	•		
	(a) Departmentalization	(b) Differentiation	(c) Distribution	(d) Diversification	





**Business Law** 

(a) imagined

(b) instigated

QT	developing a common European and commercial law.			
	(a) civil	(b) corporate	(c) individual	(d) personal
Q2	The efforts and money which	ch it will cost to unify the priv	vate law will be repaid v	when it is there.
	(a) amply	(b) annually	(c) entirely	(d) mainly
Q3			on subjects which are commetors, and of debts and	
	(a) advisement	(b) alignment	(c) arrangement	(d) assignment
Q4	With a few exceptions the r		of European Contract Law	have been academics, but
	(a) practical	(b) practiced	(c) practicing	(d) practicum
Q5	The Members have not been representatives of specific political or governmental, and they have all pursued the same objective, to draft the most appropriate contract rules for Europe.			
	(a) interests	(b) liaisons	(c) platforms	(d) wings
Q6	The Principles may be comnon-binding rules, or ""		estatement of the Law of Cor	ntract, which consists of
	(a) by law	(b) false law	(c) near law	(d) soft law
Q7	Some of the Principles of E	uropean Contract Law reflec	ct ideas which have not yet.	in the law of any state.
	(a) adopted	(b) approached	(c) materialised	(d) realised
Q8	The Commission has made which may the trade.	e an effort to deal with those	issues in contract which fac	e business life of today and
	(a) adhere	(b) advance	(c) advertise	(d) advise
Q9	The Council and the Commission of the EU have been invited to prepare new procedural legislation in border cases, in particular on those elements which are instrumental to a smooth judicial co-operation.			
	(a) beyond	(b) both	(c) cross	(d) over
Q10	It is envisaged that the general principles of the law of contracts provided in the PECL will be in what may eventually become a European Civil Code.			

(c) integrated

(d) investigated





#### Email Do's and Don't's

Q1	convenience.	& Associates, writes that ema	ail is a medium of communic	cation for sheer
	(a) uncompared	(b) undivided	(c) unequal	(d) unparalleled
Q2	However, she warns that it	also carries many and	even dangers in the office e	nvironment.
	(a) deadfalls	(b) freefalls	(c) pitfalls	(d) pratfalls
Q3	Delivering a negative mess when it's received by email	age is difficult, even when it	is spoken face-to-face;	. is almost guaranteed
	(a) decisiveness	(b) defensiveness	(c) derisiveness	(d) discursiveness
Q4	What's worse, email can be how the other party has	e printed and saved: both pa them.	rties will often haul out their	"documentation" to prove
	(a) decried	(b) missed	(c) reviled	(d) wronged
Q5	If you receive an email that hours before you respond.	: you off, and your first r	reaction is to counterattack,	don't; close it and wait 24
	(a) checks	(b) fires	(c) seizes	(d) ticks
Q6	Because the tone and and carefully chosen words	are missing, it is more impo	ortant to use friendly languag	e, descriptive adjectives
	(a) inflection	(b) intention	(c) reflection	(d) retraction
Q7	If you don't consider how it understood, you could be o	will sound on the other end doing control later.	and take steps to shape the	delivery so the meaning is
	(a) communication	(b) courtesy	(c) damage	(d) passion
Q8		with poor punctuation, miss that what and how they write	•	
	(a) denies	(b) exaggerates	(c) telegraphs	(d) underlines
Q9	Email feels private, but it's	anything		
	(a) at all	(b) available	(c) but	(d) public
Q10	Write every email for your b	ooss's eyes: it's a great way	to keep you honest and	. sensitive.
	(a) politically	(b) positively	(c) practically	(d) probably





## Organizing a Business

Q1 According to Ron Kurtus of School for Champions, some companies may be successfu be even more profitable if they paid attention to the basics of organization.			uccessful, but they could	
	(a) casually	(b) mildly	(c) scarcely	(d) willfully
Q2	Good organization results i	n reducing losses due to	work or unclear objectives	i.
	(a) duplicate	(b) little	(c) over	(d) unplanned
Q3	All personnel do better wor of things.	k, because they know what t	they should be doing and wh	nat their place is in the
	(a) host	(b) plan	(c) process	(d) scheme
Q4	In order to improve, you mu	ust have a vision or goal of w	here you want to end	
	(a) it	(b) result	(c) point	(d) up
Q5	The primary purpose or rea	ason to start a business	is to earn profits for its own	ers or stockholders.
	(a) energy	(b) entity	(c) strategy	(d) synergy
Q6	For the of public relati	ons, such a stated purpose i	s kept private.	
	(a) cause	(b) comfort	(c) matter	(d) sake
Q7	You should also be aware	of your core: what are y	ou good at?	
	(a) comparisons	(b) competencies	(c) competitors	(d) complements
Q8	Often companies become compete.	diluted and start to get into a	field that they think is,	but in which they cannot
	(a) lucent	(b) lucrative	(c) ludicrous	(d) lugubrious
Q9	A good statement accordium.	urately explains why your co	mpany exists and what it ho	pes to achieve in the
	(a) corporate	(b) foundation	(c) mission	(d) public
Q10	, , , ,	re your business is by following the contract of the contract	_	•
	(a) BBB	(b) ISO	(c) POP	(d) QC



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 92



# SKUs and Pricing

Q1	Sales derive from a product's stock-keeping Units (SKU), the combination of the specific quality, price, container size, colour, model, etc, and the product name.			
	(a) deviant	(b) discreet	(c) peculiar	(d) unique
Q2	SKUs are what manufactur advertised.	ers produce, what retailers s	sell, and what consumers bu	y; are what are
	(a) brands	(b) images	(c) items	(d) wares
Q3	A large of SKUs for co	onsumer products has led to	myriad choices for custome	rs.
	(a) prepackaging	(b) preponderance	(c) proliferation	(d) proportion
Q4	This has led to complicated margins.	I supply and demand logistic	es, of brand loyalty and	more pressure on profit
	(a) eradication	(b) erasure	(c) erosion	(d) eruption
Q5	Buyers have become much	more in recent years,	forcing retailers to respond i	more quickly and efficiently.
	(a) decrying	(b) demanding	(c) dismaying	(d) distracting
Q6	Many stores use a psycholo \$19.95.	ogical pricing strategy called	odd pricing, prices end	d in odd numbers, such as
	(a) whenever	(b) whereby	(c) while	(d) whither
Q7 Presumably, customers see odd prices as being below even prices, and consequently a b				equently a bargain.
	(a) seriously	(b) slimly	(c) substantially	(d) surprisingly
Q8	On the other hand, luxury by \$10.00 or \$50.00.	poutiques, to project a in	mage for their products, use	even pricing such as
	(a) preponderant	(b) prepossessive	(c) prestigious	(d) prodigious
Q9	Multiple unit pricing is a strategy in which the customer perceives buying as involving more savings.			
	(a) frequent	(b) quantity	(c) repetitive	(d) wholesale
Q10	Multiple unit pricing is usually effective in increasing sales of a product, but it may not increase the rate consumption.			
	(a) customer	(b) immediate	(c) overall	(d) retail



# و کاریان

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 93

# Managerial Decisions

Q1	Dr. Said Atri, Professor of Economics at SUNY, explains that most managerial decisions involve making a choice from among courses of action or options in order to achieve a certain objective.			
	(a) alternate	(b) alternative	(c) opposing	(d) opposite
Q2	is the process by which a desired outcome is achieved through the most efficient course of action.			
	(a) Operations	(b) Opportunism	(c) Optimism	(d) Optimization
Q3	In consumption, a consumer with a amount of income purchases the mix of goods that provides him or her with the greatest level of satisfaction or utility.			
	(a) given	(b) limited	(c) predetermined	(d) standard
Q4	Often managerial decisions	s have to be made subject to	some	
	(a) considerations	(b) constraints	(c) constrictions	(d) contradictions
Q5	For instance, a manager that is trying to cut his labor costs may be under a union limiting his ability to lay off workers.			
	(a) contract	(b) house	(c) strike	(d) negotiation
Q6	A farmer who wants to take advantage of good market conditions and increase the size of his is limited by the amount of land that he has available.			
	(a) crop	(b) cultivar	(c) field	(d) produce
Q7	Managerial decisions are not made in a: economic and market conditions constantly change and managers must decide in accordance with the dynamics of the business environment.			
	(a) committee	(b) hermitage	(c) rush	(d) vacuum
Q8	As complex as managerial problems may appear, often their various elements can be fitted into microeconomic models; that is why managerial economics is also called "".			
	<ul><li>(a) applied microeconomics</li><li>(c) theoretical microeconomics</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) objective microeconomics</li><li>(d) virtual microeconomics</li></ul>	
Q9	The manager's internal environment is made up of those factors over which he has at least some of control.			
	(a) angle	(b) degree	(c) measurement	(d) power
Q10	Macroeconomics is to managers, as managers are often interested in knowing the state of the economy and the direction of macroeconomic measures such as interest rates and inflation.			
	(a) related	(b) relegated	(c) relevant	(d) requisite



# و کاریان

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 94

## Operations Management

Q1	of the organization — there	nanagement should exist only to support employees' efforts to be fully productive members in — therefore, any form of control is completely to management and employees, says of Authenticity Consulting, LLC.			
	(a) conducive	(b) congenial	(c) copacetic	(d) counterproductive	
Q2	The phrase "management coercive andhanded.	control" itself can have a neç	gative connotation, e.g. it car	n sound dominating,	
	(a) double	(b) heavy	(c) rough	(d) under	
Q3	Organizations often use documents to ensure complete and consistent information is gathered.				
	(a) photocopied	(b) prefabricated	(c) standardized	(d) stored	
Q4	Documents include titles ar	nd dates to detect different	of the document.		
	(a) copies	(b) signatories	(c) sources	(d) versions	
Q5	Organizations typically require a wide range of reports, e.g. financial reports, status reports, project reports, etc, to what's being done, by when and how.				
	(a) administer	(b) archive	(c) mandate	(d) monitor	
Q6	Computers have administrative controls through use of integrated management information systems, project management software, human resource information systems, office automation software, etc.				
	(a) categorized	(b) evolved	(c) instituted	(d) revolutionized	
Q7	Delegation is an approach to getting things done in with other employees.				
	(a) concordance	(b) conjunction	(c) preparation	(d) proposition	
Q8	Delegation generally includes assigning responsibility to an employee to complete a task, granting the employee authority to gain the resources to do the task and letting the employee decide how that task will be carried				
	(a) off	(b) on	(c) out	(d) over	
Q9	Typically, the person assigning the task shares with the employee for ensuring the task is completed.				
	(a) accountability	(b) advisability	(c) compensation	(d) satisfaction	
Q10	is carefully collecting and analyzing information in order to make managerial decisions.				
	(a) Estimation	(b) Evaluation	(c) Reconnaissance	(d) Restitution	



#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 95



Q1	Dr. John Sullivan, Head and Professor of Human Resource Management at San Francisco State University stresses the necessity of establishing a set of assessment tools that will let you know in advance where count and overhead costs are excessive.			
	(a) body	(b) hand	(c) head	(d) nose
Q2	have a strategy to move pe	not uncommon for new mark ople and resources rapidly f	rom areas of low to areas of	a higher
	(a) competition	(b) impact	(c) return	(d) traffic
Q3	Developing HR systems and metrics known as "" that indicate potential problems gives us sufficient time to develop plans and strategies to either avoid the problem or minimize its impact.			
	(a) fire detectors	(b) fog detectors	(c) lie detectors	(d) smoke detectors
Q4	A strength or back-fill plan differs from succession planning in that it only covers replacing key jobs with a single department; individual managers are held responsible for developing at least one individual to fill every key job.			
	(a) bench	(b) desk	(c) full	(d) industrial
One of the primary reasons employees leave their jobs is due to a lack of challenge, but HR can increase rates if it gets managers to develop individual "Challenge Plans" for each worker.				•
	(a) recidivism	(b) remaining	(c) retention	(d) return
Q6	Because most companies have eliminated many management positions, there are fewer opportunities for promotion to stimulate workers, so they need to develop transfer and job rotation plans to ensure the continued development of skills.			
	(a) holiday	(b) horizontal	(c) subsidiary	(d) supervised
Q7 New hires, as well as our current workers, are demanding an increasing array of benefits and we options like job sharing and sabbaticals.				nefits and work life
	(a) balance	(b) equality	(c) offset	(d) release
Q8	In order to rapidly resc competency inventories.	ources and fill unexpected va	acancies HR must develop c	omputerized skill or
	(a) reaffirm	(b) redeploy	(c) redesign	(d) redress
Q9	One of the primary reasons that employees quit their jobs are the bad management of their direct supervisor.			
	(a) activities	(b) exercises	(c) habits	(d) practices
Q10	A strong economy with large swings in the health of world economies makes predicting the supply of labor increasingly difficult.			
	(a) compared	(b) contrasted	(c) coordinated	(d) coupled





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 96

# Entrepreneurship

Q1	Millions of new enterprises are begun each year in spite of a more than 50% rate.			
	(a) failure	(b) initial	(c) interest	(d) return
Q2	There is increasing research by the media.	ch on the subject, more and	more courses in entreprene	urship, and heightened
	(a) coverage	(b) distribution	(c) journalism	(d) publication
Q3	Initiating a new business in innovative ideas.	volves considerable risk, as	well as an effort to overcom	e all the against
	(a) attitude	(b) inertia	(c) pressure	(d) protest
Q4	The French word "entrepreneur", translated, means simply "undertaker".			
	(a) accurately	(b) actually	(c) fully	(d) literally
Q5	The entrepreneur's connection with risk evolved in the 17th century, when an entrepreneur was someone who entered into a contract with the government to perform a service or to supply products.			
	(a) simulated	(b) stimulated	(c) stippled	(d) stipulated
Q6	ince the contract price was fixed, any resulting profits or losses the efforts of the entrepreneur — the etter he performed, the more profit he made.			
	(a) affected	(b) deflected	(c) effected	(d) reflected
Q7	In the 18th century, the person with capital was from the one who needed capital; in other words, the entrepreneur was distinguished from the capital provider.			
	(a) differentiated	(b) divided	(c) segregated	(d) separated
Q8	In contrast to an entrepreneur, a venture capitalist is a professional money manager who makes risk investments from a of capital to obtain a high rate of return.			
	(a) pool	(b) portfolio	(c) stock	(d) stream
Q9	In the mid-20th century, the	e of an entrepreneur as	an innovator was established	ed.
	(a) action	(b) notion	(c) occupation	(d) position
Q10	The concept of innovation	and newness is now an	part of entrepreneurship.	
	(a) intangible	(b) integral	(c) integrated	(d) intelligible





# Business English

(Answer Keys)





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 1 (Answer Keys)

#### Money accepted

A1 I like to visit other countries but I find the *cost* of travel is too high.

answer: (b) cost

A2 She is very happy because she starts her new *job* today.

answer: (a) job

A3 One day I hope I shall win the lottery.

answer: (d) win

A4 He must have a lot of money because this summer he is going on a cruise around the world.

answer: (b) around

A5 Have you read that book about the life of Van Gogh?

answer: (a) about

A6 Do you want any sugar in your coffee?

answer: (c) any

A7 They do not accept cheques in that restaurant.

answer: (a) accept

A8 I cannot work today because I have very bad toothache.

answer: (d) ache

A9 Children are not allowed in that public house.

answer: (b) allowed

A10 You can see the advertisement about the sale in the local paper.

answer: (d) advertisement





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 2 (Answer Keys)

#### Computers

A1 How are you getting on with your new computer?

answer: (b) with

A2 Not too bad but sometimes I just can't get the hang of it.

answer: (c) hang

A3 Do you mean it drives you up the wall?

answer: (a) wall

A4 Well, not that often but there are things that completely mystify me.

answer: (d) mystify

A5 What sort of things do you have in *mind*?

answer: (b) mind

A6 Well, take the times when everything freezes.

answer: (c) freezes

A7 Yes, I know what you mean that's when you'd like to smash it to pieces.

answer: (a) pieces

A8 Never mind, most of the time it behaves like a little angel.

answer: (b) angel

A9 And just think of all the benefits you get from having one.

answer: (c) benefits

A10 Personally I'm looking forward to my holidays when I'll be free of it for two weeks!

answer: (a) free





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 3 (Answer Keys)

#### Making an Appointment

A1 Welcome back <u>everybody</u> in this session — we're going to take a look at some of the vocabulary we used in session 2.

answer: (b) everybody

A2 To start with, can you <u>remember</u> what session 2 was all about?

answer: (d) remember

A3 Yes, that's right. It was all about the job I do every day. I expect you recall that I work for a financial company as a financial advisor.

answer: (b) as

A4 In other words I help people with investing their money.

answer: (c) investing

A5 My clients contact our office via email or phone and then we <u>make</u> an appointment.

answer: (a) make

A6 You arrange an appointment with another person because you want to <u>meet</u> or see them.

answer: (c) meet

A7 The two things that are important for an appointment are the time and the place. You say for example: Let's meet next Monday at 10 o'clock.

answer: (b) at

A8 Another word that is very similar in meaning to appointment is the word date. A date is usually a private meeting with *another* person.

answer: (d) another

A9 So, when you say: I've got a date with my boss, it means you <u>are going to</u> see your boss privately.

answer: (a) are going to

A10 Possibly you also know the expression 'blind date', which is a rendezvous with a person you have never seen before and you are meeting them <u>for</u> the first time.

answer: (c) for





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 4 (Answer Keys)

#### Late Again

A1 Do you know what time it is?

answer: (c) what

A2 No, I have no idea.

answer: (b) no

A3 It's time you got up.

answer: (d) up

A4 I don't believe you. You can't be right.

answer: (a) right

A5 I'm telling that you must hurry up or ...

answer: (c) hurry

A6 Or what? Come on, tell me.

answer: (b) Come

A7 Simply that you're going to be *late* for work.

answer: (a) late

A8 I think there's something you've forgotten.

answer: (d) forgotten

A9 Now, it's your *turn* to tell me.

answer: (b) turn

A10 Remember that there's no work today because it's Sunday.

answer: (c) because





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 5 (Answer Keys)

#### Shopping

A1 The trouble is I haven't made a <u>list</u>.

answer: (d) list

A2 Surely you must know what we need?

answer: (b) Surely

A3 Well, yes I do have a pretty good idea?

answer: (a) pretty

A4 Do we need any dairy products?

answer: (c) products

A5 Yes, we've almost run out of cheese, butter, milk.

answer: (b) of

A6 Right, we'd better get on with it.

answer: (a) better

A7 Oh and we'll also need some washing powder.

answer: (c) powder

A8 I assume there's nothing *else*. I said it would be quick. Oh dear.

answer: (d) else

A9 What's the matter?

answer: (b) matter

A10 Just look at the size of those huge *queues* at the checkouts.

answer: (c) queues





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 6 (Answer Keys)

#### On my Mobile

A1 Hello — I'm just *trying* out my new mobile.

answer: (d) trying

A2 Oh yes. Are you far away?

answer: (c) far

A3 Not really. I'm quite near.

answer: (b) near

A4 You <u>sound</u> very clear.

answer: (a) sound

A5 Well, I did spend a lot of money on it.

answer: (c) spend

A6 Tell where are you at the moment?

answer: (d) moment

A7 I've already told you I'm in the area.

answer: (b) area

A8 Well, this is very interesting but I am very busy.

answer: (a) busy

A9 Don't worry — I'll see you very soon.

answer: (c) worry

A10 Oh there goes the front door bell — oh it's you! I might have guessed.

answer: (d) guessed





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 7 (Answer Keys)

#### Basic Business English

A1 The water in the refrigerator should be *cold*.

answer: (c) cold

A2 Tonight I will come home early.

answer: (c) Tonight

A3 Do you take the bus to work?

answer: (a) take

A4 Have you lost weight?

answer: (b) lost weight

A5 She is a member of the gym.

answer: (d) of

A6 He is an executive.

answer: (b) is an

A7 My friend likes *to* work on extra projects.

answer: (a) to

A8 Please *leave* a message on the answering machine.

answer: (c) leave

A9 Yesterday they did very well in their class.

answer: (d) did

A10 At work we get a 30 minute lunch break.

answer: (b) break





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 8 (Answer Keys)

#### Business dialogue on the phone

A1 Bob: Do you <u>mind</u> if I use your phone to call my wife?

answer: (c) mind

A2 Bill: Sure. Would you <u>rather</u> use my cell phone or the one in my office?

answer: (a) rather

A3 Bob: The one in your office is fine. Do I need to *dial* anything special to get out of the building?

answer: (d) dial

A4 Bill: Yes. You should dial 9 and then your number.

answer: (a) should

A5 Bob: If another call comes in while I'm on the phone, should I put my wife on hold and take it?

answer: (b) hold

A6 Bill: No, that's alright. If you don't answer it will just go through to my voicemail and I can call them back later.

answer: (b) voicemail

A7 Bob picked up the *receiver* and dialed 9 then his home number.

answer: (d) receiver

A8 Bill straightened up the office, pretending not to listen to Bob's end of the conversation with his wife.

answer: (a) end

A9 Finally Bob hung up.

answer: (c) hung up

A10 Bill: I couldn't help but overhear you're having chicken for dinner tonight. Can I come over?

answer: (a) overhear





Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 9 (Answer Keys)

Chit Chat: At the garage

A1 Customer: Have you had a chance to look at my car yet?

answer: (d) look

A2 Mechanic: Yes, we've given it a *complete* examination.

answer: (a) complete

A3 Customer: And what do you think is wrong with it?

answer: (b) wrong

A4 Mechanic: That's a bit of a difficult answer to give in a few words.

answer: (c) bit

A5 Customer: Well, just give me the *general* picture.

answer: (b) general

A6 Mechanic: To start with It's losing a lot of oil.

answer: (d) with

A7 Customer: I see. Anything else?

answer: (a) else

A8 Mechanic: Well, there's a lot more. I mean the petrol tank has a *hole* in it.

answer: (b) hole

A9 Customer: Why don't you tell me the truth. What should I do?

answer: (c) truth

A10 Mechanic: Okay — I'll come straight to the *point* — buy a new car!

answer: (d) point





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 10 (Answer Keys)

#### Renting a place

A1 In order for you to buy a house in the United States, it is important that you have a good <u>credit</u> report.

answer: (c) credit

A2 If you have pets, it is always necessary to pay for a pet *deposit* when you rent an apartment.

answer: (a) deposit

A3 When you are interested in buying or renting a place you have to fill out <u>an application</u>, which is a type of

written request for an apartment or house.

answer: (b) an application

A4 Sometimes when you rent a studio apartment, it comes already *furnished*.

answer: (d) furnished

A5 Tenant is a person who is renting the apartment or house.

answer: (b) Tenant

A6 Landlord is a person who owns and runs an apartment building, a house or a land.

answer: (c) Landlord

A7 If you wish to temporarily rent your apartment to someone else, that means you sublet your apartment to that

person.

answer: (a) sublet

A8 It is always good to provide a reference letter to the landlord to prove that you are a good character.

answer: (d) a reference

A9 Lease is a contract that determines for how long you can stay at the place you are renting and how much you

have to pay.

answer: (b) Lease

A10 Application fees are usually non-refundable, which means you don't get your money back.

answer: (c) non-refundable





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 1 (Answer Keys)

#### Applying for that Job

A1 I would be very interested in *applying* for that job.

answer: (c) applying

A2 Do you want to *stand* as a candidate in the local elections?

answer: (a) stand

A3 They are completely *fed* up with all the noise in the centre of town.

answer: (b) fed

A4 The reason there are no buses is because the drivers are on strike.

answer: (c) strike

A5 The government has changed its policy and had a complete change of heart.

answer: (d) heart

A6 This supermarket is trying to target young shoppers by offering fashionable clothes.

answer: (a) target

A7 You should have bought up those shares when they were cheap.

answer: (c) bought up

A8 You must try and hurry up because my patience is *running* out.

answer: (a) running

A9 Have you ever tried your hand at running a business?

answer: (c) hand

A10 After all these years she has decided to take early retirement.

answer: (d) retirement





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 2 (Answer Keys)

#### Accounts

- A1 In order to check all the telephone calls made during the month I want the account to be <u>itemized</u>.

  answer: (d) itemized
- A2 All the representatives are allowed to spend money for entertaining with their <u>expense</u> account. answer: (c) expense
- A3 To spread the cost of spending on articles you buy many big departments let you open a <u>credit</u>. answer: (b) credit
- A4 Once you are earning money and you want to keep it safe, you can always <u>open</u> an account with a bank. answer: (a) open
- A5 At the end of thirty days the company will ask you to <u>settle</u> the account. answer: (d) settle
- A6 The finance director is responsible for <u>keeping</u> the accounts for the business. answer: (b) keeping
- At the end of the financial year it is the responsibility of the chief finance officer to <u>publish</u> the accounts. answer: (c) publish
- A8 Before they got married, they decided to open a <u>joint</u> account. answer: (b) joint
- A9 If you have saved some money, it is a good idea to put the money into a <u>deposit</u> account. answer: (d) deposit
- A10 However hard I try, I find it impossible to account <u>for</u> this missing sum of money. answer: (c) for





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 3 (Answer Keys)

#### Letter Writing

A1 I think it would be a good idea to mention in your letter that you have worked in that type of business previously.

answer: (b) mention

A2 You need to improve the *layout* of this letter because one or two things are in the wrong place.

answer: (c) layout

*A3* Before you put the letter in the envolope, make sure you *fold* it in the right way.

answer: (a) fold

A4 If you want this letter to reach the bank tomorrow, you have no choice but to send it by express mail.

answer: (b) express

*A5* When you are going to write an important letter like that, it is absolutely essential that you assemble all the facts first.

answer: (d) assemble

*A6* When you read something you've written on the computer screen, it often looks all right although you should always proof read it first.

answer: (c) proof

*A7* I advise you to check beforehand with a letter or a phone call if you intend to pay them a visit in order to save a wasted journey.

answer: (d) beforehand

*A8* Since that package contains valuable items, you must send it by *registered* post.

answer: (c) registered

*A9* Quite honestly I cannot trust this particular letter to be sent by post and so I am using the services of a courier

to deliver it for me.

answer: (a) courier

A10 I'm sure that computer program you use creates a very good letter design but it's far too complicated for me.

answer: (b) complicated





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 4 (Answer Keys)

#### Flying on a Plane

A1 The worst thing about flying is when you take off.

answer: (c) off

A2 Landing is also a rather *frightening* experience, too.

answer: (a) frightening

A3 Come to think of it the bit between leaving the ground and coming down again can also *play* on the nerves.

answer: (b) play

A4 Of course during the flight the airline staff try to keep your mind occupied.

answer: (d) occupied

A5 They ask you if you want to buy things you don't in all *honesty* want.

answer: (b) honesty

A6 The captain, whose voice is so <u>relaxed</u> you feel as if you're sitting at home watching television, starts chatting

to you.

answer: (b) relaxed

A7 He tries to give you the *impression* that you're out in your car watching the countryside roll by.

answer: (c) impression

A8 Then you start to eat your meal and discover that the knives and forks are made of plastic and snap under

pressure.

answer: (d) pressure

A9 As you've probably *gathered*, I'm not really keen on flying.

answer: (b) gathered

A10 Mind you, once you've landed and you're saying goodbye to the smiling hostess, it's great to know you've

survived.

answer: (a) survived





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 5 (Answer Keys)

#### Planning a Business

A1 It is essential before starting a business to work on a plan to <u>avoid</u> problems later on.

answer: (c) avoid

A2 The biggest <u>risk</u> in business can be eliminated if you have sufficient capital to start with.

answer: (b) risk

A3 Even when the economic situation is strong, there is always present the need for planning in a new business.

answer: (d) strong

Whatever happens in the future there is absolutely no <u>substitute</u> for good market research before you launch a

new product.

answer: (c) substitute

A5 Your *primary* concern is naturally the plan but don't forget your capital or your premises.

answer: (b) primary

A6 When people are considering whether to loan your new business a substantial sum, they are going to evaluate

your potential.

answer: (c) evaluate

A7 It is worthwhile gathering as much market research information as possible before you work out your plan.

answer: (d) gathering

A8 Her next task was to have a meeting with the bank manager to demonstrate that she had a secure enough

plan to warrant a loan.

answer: (b) demonstrate

A9 There are certain weaknesses in your plan that need to be addressed urgently if you are to succeed.

answer: (c) addressed

A10 Since the start of the business many new ideas have developed out of the original plan.

answer: (a) developed





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 6 (Answer Keys)

#### Computers

- A1 My computer is not capable of saving material on a separate <u>disc</u> because it has no floppy drive. answer: (c) disc
- A2 I understand that I can make it possible for both my computers to share the same programs by means of <u>networking</u>.
  answer: (d) networking
- A3 I had only had my computer for three weeks when I had to have the hard drive <u>replaced</u>.

  answer: (a) replaced
- A4 Laptop computers are becoming more and more <u>popular</u> in the business world. answer: (b) popular
- A5 You have to have a really <u>sharp</u> mind in order to get your head round today's computing technology. answer: (d) sharp
- A6 The great advantage of having an external zip drive is that you can use it as an extra means of <u>storage</u>. answer: (d) storage
- A7 They tried very hard to install the new components on the computer but the language in the manual was too <a href="technical">technical</a> for them to understand.

  answer: (a) technical
- When you look at the modern office today you could compare the changes with those that took place in the industrial <u>revolution</u> in the 19th century.
  answer: (b) revolution
- A9 In order to <u>facilitate</u> the method by which staff pay is calculated the company has bought a new software package.
  answer: (d) facilitate
- A10 Obviously a computer can take all the hard work out of <u>processing</u> a large mass of data. answer: (c) processing





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 7 (Answer Keys)

#### Business Expressions (1)

- A1 I heard of a new company today with which we should co-operate and <u>do</u> business with. answer: (d) do
- A2 Shortly after he was dismissed from the firm he decided to <u>set</u> himself up in his own business. answer: (b) set
- A3 They went <u>into</u> business shortly after their children had left home and got married. answer: (c) into
- As soon as they heard what had happened, they <u>made</u> it their business to find out the truth. answer: (a) made
- A5 I would ask you kindly not to interfere with what I'm doing as in all honesty it's <u>none</u> of your business. answer: (c) none
- A6 Despite all the alternations that are taking place in the department store, the management wanted to explain it was business as <u>usual</u>.
  answer: (d) usual
- A7 She knew that there was some kind of <u>funny</u> business going on because strange things were happening. answer: (c) funny
- A8 We really can't delay any more with our plans and must <u>get</u> down to business as soon as possible. answer: (b) get
- A9 When the bomb went off, most of the injured were just ordinary people going <u>about</u> their business. answer: (a) about
- Although they had high hopes that they would be successful, they <u>went</u> out of business within six months. answer: (c) went





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 8 (Answer Keys)

#### Business Expressions (2)

- A1 I've warned you before that you shouldn't get involved in this matter and you have <u>no</u> business discussing it. answer: (c) no
- A2 That's really not my concern at all and I'm certainly not <u>in</u> the business of telling others what to do. answer: (a) in
- A3 She was very enthusiastic about her new job and was making rapid progress <u>like</u> nobody's business. answer: (d) like
- A4 I really wouldn't joke about it because these people are deadly serious and <u>mean</u> business. answer: (b) mean
- A5 He didn't hesitate to tell me that I wasn't wanted and just told me to <u>mind</u> my own business. answer: (d) mind
- A6 I'm afraid it won't be possible to talk to the boss today because he's away <u>on</u> business till Tuesday.
  answer: (b) on
- A7 He was very keen that we kept in touch and for that reason he handed me his business <u>card</u>. answer: (c) card
- A8 This is the really important part of the machine and that's why we call it the business <u>end</u>. answer: (b) end
- A9 The whole site has nothing but offices and administration centres and that's why we call it a business <u>park</u>.

  answer: (d) park
- A10 All the famous film stars, actors, directors and writers were at the festival representing the world of <u>show</u> business.

answer: (c) show





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 9 (Answer Keys)

#### How to agree

A1 You can be absolutely sure I'm on your <u>side</u>.

answer: (d) side

A2 You can rely on me for your support.

answer: (b) rely

A3 Our views clearly *coincide* at this point I'm pleased to say.

answer: (d) coincide

A4 Fortunately the leader and all her members were singing from the same *hymn* sheet.

answer: (a) hymn

A5 It's good that we both have the same way of *looking* at things.

answer: (c) looking

A6 I'm pleased to say that we speak on this matter with one voice.

answer: (d) voice

A7 I certainly won't *raise* any objection when you make your proposal.

answer: (b) raise

A8 I'm with you all the way as far as that's concerned.

answer: (a) with

A9 I'm happy to endorse those sentiments and wish you every success.

answer: (c) endorse

A10 When it comes to the vote I'm willing to put my hand up and support you.

answer: (d) hand





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 10 (Answer Keys)

#### How to apologize

A1 Please <u>forgive</u> me for interrupting you, I didn't realize you were busy with someone else.

answer: (d) forgive

A2 I'm very sorry that I'm late but there is a train strike on at the moment.

answer: (b) sorry

A3 Please send my apologies to the meeting as I shan't be able to attend.

answer: (a) apologies

A4 There's really no excuse for my behaviour last night. I can only think that I'd had too much to drink.

answer: (c) excuse

A5 I know I shouldn't have made those remarks about your work and I hope you now know how deeply I <u>regret</u>

what I said.

answer: (b) regret

A6 I must beg your pardon, I mistook you for somebody else.

answer: (d) beg

A7 If it helps to put things right, please let me take back everything I said earlier.

answer: (b) back

A8 Please accept this small present as my way of making amends for all the trouble I've caused.

answer: (c) amends

A9 All I can do now is simply beg your *indulgence* and hope that in time we can get back to where we used to be.

answer: (d) indulgence

A10 In their religion as long as they repent, they will be forgiven their sins.

answer: (a) repent





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 11 (Answer Keys)

#### How to ask the way

A1 Am I going in the right <u>direction</u> for the post office?

answer: (d) direction

A2 Can you tell me please how I <u>get</u> to the cinema from here? answer: (b) get

A3 Could you please <u>point</u> me in the direction of the motorway? answer: (c) point

A4 I'm making for the M25 motorway — is this road the most <u>direct</u> route? answer: (d) direct

A5 Could you tell me please how <u>far</u> I am from the town centre? answer: (b) far

A6 Can you help please because I've lost my way and <u>need</u> to get to the shops before closing time? answer: (a) need

A7 I'm <u>making</u> for the town hall — am I anywhere near? answer: (b) making

A8 I took the wrong <u>turning</u> at the last road junction, can you tell me how I get back on the motorway? answer: (d) turning

A9 <u>According</u> to this map I should be near the church. Is it near? answer: (c) According

A10 Is this <u>right</u> for the railway station? answer: (d) right





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 12 (Answer Keys)

#### How to complain

A1 I'm really not satisfied with the way you have <u>handled</u> the situation. answer: (b) handled

A2 I've really had enough of all your excuses, what I want is some <u>action</u>. answer: (a) action

A3 You've refused to help me now for six months and so I shall now have to take the matter <u>further</u>. answer: (d) further

A4 I must <u>insist</u> you do something immediately as I've been patient long enough. answer: (c) insist

A5 I now want some kind of compensation for the total <u>lack</u> of service I've experienced. answer: (a) lack

A6 I'm obviously not getting anywhere with my complaint please let me talk to someone <u>senior</u> to you. answer: (d) senior

A7 I'm very unhappy with the way I've been <u>treated</u>. No one seems at all interested in my case. answer: (b) treated

A8 I believe I have very good <u>grounds</u> for suing your company for negligence. answer: (c) grounds

A9 If you don't do something today, I shall be <u>forced</u> to take legal action. answer: (d) forced

A10 You're the tenth person I've been put through to and I'm on the point of losing my <u>temper</u>. answer: (b) temper





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 13 (Answer Keys)

#### How to criticize

- A1 Quite honestly I didn't think <u>much</u> of the standard of acting in the play.

  answer: (d) much
- A2 If you want my <u>honest</u> opinion, I thought the food tasted revolting. answer: (c) honest
- A3 To come straight to the <u>point</u> I think the management team needs replacing. answer: (d) point
- A4 There are several matters on which I should like to take <u>issue</u> concerning your report. answer: (c) issue
- A5 There's really no virtue in me pussy<u>footing</u> around because I might as well tell you it's awful. answer: (b) footing
- A6 I have a long <u>list</u> of things I think are wrong, where shall I start? answer: (d) list
- A7 I'm afraid to tell you that your standard of work has fallen well below what we think is <u>acceptable</u>.

  answer: (c) acceptable
- A8 In all honesty if I said that everything was all right, I'd simply be <u>lying</u>. answer: (a) lying
- A9 If you can't improve your level of work, I'm afraid you'll have to look <u>elsewhere</u> for another job. answer: (b) elsewhere
- A10 I'm sick and <u>tired</u> of always having to put right your mistakes. answer: (d) tired





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 14 (Answer Keys)

#### How to disagree

A1 I'm sorry but I can't <u>share</u> your opinion on that.

answer: (b) share

A2 I very much regret that we must part company on that issue.

answer: (c) part

A3 Let's be honest about it we'll never agree on that because our views are diametrically opposed.

answer: (d) opposed

A4 We'll never agree, that's clear so let's beg to differ.

answer: (c) beg

A5 You can argue with me till the cows come *home* but I can't accept that.

answer: (d) home

A6 I really see no point in continuing this argument because we have no common ground.

answer: (c) common

A7 There's absolutely no way I can *meet* you on that matter.

answer: (a) meet

A8 Nothing in the world will ever make me change my *mind* on that subject.

answer: (b) mind

A9 I would love to meet you half way but I'm afraid I can't because with me it's a matter of principle.

answer: (d) principle

A10 Let's face it, you and I will never see eye to eye on this.

answer: (c) face





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 15 (Answer Keys)

#### How to encourage

A1 Well done! This is a very good piece of work.

answer: (b) done

A2 I must congratulate you on your efforts. Keep it up!

answer: (c) Keep

A3 Don't give up whatever you do. I'm sure you'll *make* it in the end.

answer: (d) make

A4 I'll stand by you no matter what happens.

answer: (a) stand

A5 I'm sure if you persevere, you'll succeed.

answer: (d) persevere

A6 You've clearly got talent and it's obvious that you'll get to the top.

answer: (c) talent

A7 I've watched a lot of young people try to make a success of it, but you're the only one I really believe in.

answer: (d) believe

A8 I see no *reason* why you shouldn't be accepted as an employee.

answer: (c) reason

A9 Never give up. That's a good philosophy.

answer: (a) give

A10 You mustn't ever be put off by a few setbacks.

answer: (c) put





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 16 (Answer Keys)

#### Online Marketing Campaign

A1 She was going to discuss the matter <u>either</u> with her colleagues or her family. answer: (d) either

A2 Our project team tried hard to think <u>of</u> all the possible alternatives before making a decision. answer: (a) of

A3 Timing can be <u>extremely</u> crucial when you're considering launching a new online marketing campaign. answer: (c) extremely

A4 Are you able to <u>accept</u> our conditions of delivery in line with our recent invoice? answer: (c) accept

A5 Fortunately for us we're finding our new internet division is showing an increased <u>profit</u>.

answer: (b) profit

A6 Following some recent research our engineers <u>found</u> that our index system has scope for fast improvement. answer: (c) found

A7 In our line of business it is vital to host our website on our own server <u>instead</u> of getting someone else to do it. answer: (d) instead

A8 Before you employ new staff you should carry out a <u>careful</u> examination of their personal qualities and professional experience.

answer: (a) careful

A9 Thanks to the high standards of service we offer our customers, we have been able to establish an excellent <u>reputation</u>.

answer: (c) reputation

A10 An interactive website can save your organisation <u>significant</u> amounts of time and money that would otherwise be spent on correspondence.

answer: (b) significant





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 17 (Answer Keys)

#### Adverbially Speaking

A1 They had to drive slowly up the hill because the car was very old.

answer: (c) slowly

A2 Please listen *carefully* because this is important.

answer: (d) carefully

A3 Sorry we're late but we got here as *quickly* as we could.

answer: (b) quickly

A4 He mumbled throughout his speech so I could hardly understand a single word.

answer: (c) hardly

A5 I trust his judgement — he *never* makes a mistake.

answer: (a) never

A6 You've completely ruined my new carpet with your filthy shoes.

answer: (d) completely

A7 You haven't actually written that letter, have you?

answer: (c) actually

A8 I have *repeatedly* told her not to do that and yet she always does.

answer: (b) repeatedly

A9 It was a very long day but we eventually arrived in time for tea.

answer: (d) eventually

A10 He didn't want me to enter and hotly disputed my reason for being there.

answer: (a) hotly





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 18 (Answer Keys)

#### Letter of Complaint (1)

- A1 I am writing this letter to you as a sort of last <u>resort</u> since all my attempts to phone you answer: (d) resort
- and to try and make an <u>appointment</u> to meet you and discuss my problem with you have been unsuccessful. answer: (c) appointment
- A3 I would like to tell you the story from the <u>very</u> beginning. answer: (d) very
- A4 In January this year I bought a washing machine from you for which I paid <u>cash</u> answer: (a) cash
- A5 and made <u>arrangements</u> for it to be delivered to my home in Southcote on the following Tuesday.
  answer: (b) arrangements
- A6 I stayed in all day on <u>purpose</u> as you had informed me that you could not be sure at what time of day the washing machine would arrive.
  answer: (c) purpose
- A7 In the end nobody came that day. When I phoned, I was told it <u>would</u> come the following Tuesday. answer: (d) would
- A8 Again I stayed in all day in <u>vain</u> and there was no delivery. answer: (a) vain
- A9 After six more phone calls I <u>eventually</u> succeeded in settling on a date answer: (c) eventually
- A10 and the machine came on Tuesday February 20th almost 5 weeks after the <u>promised</u> delivery date.
  answer: (b) promised





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 19 (Answer Keys)

#### Letter of Complaint (2)

answer: (d) Apparently

A1 I had the washing machine fitted by a <u>reputable</u> plumber but he was unable to make the thing work. answer: (c) reputable

A2 <u>Apparently</u> one of the components was faulty and he recommended that I got back to you so that a replacement could be fitted.

A3 When I telephoned your store and explained the <u>situation</u> to your receptionist, answer: (b) situation

A4 I was <u>greeted</u> with the comment, 'Oh not you again' answer: (d) greeted

A5 which I found most <u>offensive</u> especially since throughout the protracted period of waiting for the machine answer: (c) offensive

A6 I remained calm although I believe I have every reason for <u>kicking</u> up a fuss. answer: (b) kicking

A7 I eventually got put <u>through</u> to the technical department answer: (a) through

A8 who were most off hand answer: (d) off

A9 and told me there was <u>little</u> that could be done immediately answer: (b) little

A10 since there were a number of people off sick.

answer: (c) off





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 20 (Answer Keys)

#### Letter of Complaint (3)

- A1 We now move on to late March when I imagine that the sick employees were fully <u>recovered</u> answer: (d) recovered
- A2 and one of your technical staff came out to see me with the intention of replacing the <u>defective</u> part. answer: (a) defective
- A3 Unfortunately he had <u>brought</u> the wrong part with him answer: (c) brought
- A4 and was very <u>unsure</u> as to when he would be able to find the right part and get it back to me. answer: (b) unsure
- Another visit took <u>place</u> in late April but the engineer, although he had got the right part with him, was unable to make the washing machine work.

  answer: (d) place
- A6 It was at this stage that I was seriously considering getting <u>rid</u> of the machine answer: (a) rid
- A7 and asking for a <u>refund</u>
  answer: (b) refund
- A8 When I <u>raised</u> this matter with one of your staff answer: (d) raised
- A9 I was informed that this was out of the <u>question</u> answer: (c) question
- A10 and they would send someone in the '<u>near</u> future'.
  answer: (a) near





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 21 (Answer Keys)

### Letter of Complaint (4)

- A1 At the beginning of May I decided that the only course of action was to <u>pay</u> a visit to your store answer: (c) pay
- A2 and meet you face to face so that the matter could be settled once and for <u>all</u>.
  answer: (d) all
- A3 Admittedly I should have checked first since when I reached the shop I was led to believe that you were out for the day.
  answer: (a) Admittedly
- A4 Throughout this time of course I have been without the <u>facility</u> of a washing machine answer: (b) facility
- A5 and have had to use the local <u>launderette</u>.answer: (c) launderette
- A6 From the end of May until August I have been away on business and was surprised that <u>during</u> that period answer: (d) during
- A7 no effort has been made to write to me and keep me <u>up</u> to date.

  answer: (b) up
- A8 Since returning in September I have made at least a dozen phone calls and quite frankly I have reached the end of my <u>tether</u>.

  answer: (a) tether
- A9 and must <u>insist</u> that you do something immediately to put the matter right. answer: (c) insist
- A10 If I do not hear from you by the end of this week I shall be forced to <u>seek</u> legal advice. answer: (d) seek





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 22 (Answer Keys)

#### Retirement Plans

A1 When Dad turned 40 we gave him an <u>over</u> the hill party.

answer: (d) over

A2 Young workers should begin *investing* now in preparation for retirement.

answer: (a) investing

A3 Fortunately we have more than enough volunteers for the job.

answer: (c) Fortunately

A4 He threw away the yogurt because it was *out* of date.

answer: (d) out

A5 Talk to your insurance agency about the *coverage* your plan provides.

answer: (a) coverage

A6 Consumers are constantly bombarded with pleas to buy products that they, 'can't live without.'

answer: (b) bombarded

A7 She is very *meticulous* in everything she does.

answer: (d) meticulous

A8 Gas prices are at an all-time high.

answer: (b) high

A9 Analysts said the acquisition would boost earnings.

answer: (a) boost

A10 Fire code regulations require that fire extinguishers be places strategically throughout the building.

answer: (d) require





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 23 (Answer Keys)

# Daily Business Activities

A1 My interview went very well. I think I will get the job.

answer: (a) interview

A2 She likes your *style* of writing.

answer: (d) style

A3 There is a water *fountain* in the hallway next to the bathroom.

answer: (d) fountain

A4 This report is due next week.

answer: (b) due

A5 I cannot print the flyers because the *printer* is out of paper.

answer: (a) printer

A6 We normally serve five hundred *customers* every day.

answer: (b) customers

A7 At the annual picnic we will be serving hotdogs and chicken.

answer: (a) serving

A8 From time to time the inspector comes to make sure that everything meets health standards.

answer: (c) to

A9 The bigger they are the harder they fall.

answer: (d) fall

A10 Do you keep your files in your desk drawer.

answer: (b) drawer





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 24 (Answer Keys)

#### Faxes

A1 Our fax machine is <u>down</u>, could you please mail us a hardcopy instead?

answer: (c) down

A2 Did you receive the fax I sent you this morning?

answer: (b) sent

A3 I did not receive your fax. Are you sure you dialed the right number?

answer: (d) dialed

A4 The cover sheet should note who the fax is to, who it is from, the fax number, the number of pages and what

the fax is regarding.

answer: (a) cover sheet

A5 Load all documents to be faxed *face* up in the fax tray.

answer: (a) face

A6 Always write a short memo to explain what the fax is for and who it should go to.

answer: (b) memo

A7 I prefer e-mail to fax machines because it is so much less complicated.

answer: (c) to

A8 I would rather just send e-mails from now on because it is easier.

answer: (d) from now on

A9 If you want to submit a document that contains a *signature* a fax might be better than an e-mail.

answer: (b) signature

A10 Push the start button to send the fax, then watch to make sure the paper <u>feeds</u> through right and does not get

wadded up.

answer: (c) feeds





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 25 (Answer Keys)

# Placing an order via phone

A1 Receptionist 1: Thank you for calling ABC Inc., this is Mary. How may I <u>direct</u> your call? answer: (d) direct

A2 Phil: Could you <u>put me through</u> to accounting please? answer: (a) put me through

A3 Receptionist 1: One <u>moment</u> please. answer: (d) moment

A4 Receptionist 2: Thank you for calling Friendly Neighbors! <u>How</u> can I help you today? answer: (d) How

A5 Fred: May I <u>speak</u> with the supervisor of international affairs please? answer: (b) speak

A6 Receptionist 2: I'm sorry, sir, he's unavailable right now. Would you like for me to <u>transfer</u> you to his voicemail?
answer: (c) transfer

A7 Fred: No thank you. I'll <u>try</u> back again later. answer: (b) try

A8 To-go specialist: Thank you for calling Motzeralla's 'to-go'. <u>This is</u> Amy, how can I help you? answer: (d) This is

A9 Nick: I would like to <u>place</u> a to-go order. answer: (c) place

A10 To-go specialist: What can I <u>get</u> for you today sir?

answer: (a) get





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 26 (Answer Keys)

## Will and Living Will

A1 A <u>Living</u> Will is a legal document that informs the doctor of what care you would like to receive in specific situations.

answer: (c) Living

A2 A <u>Will</u> is a legal declaration that states how people want their belongings to be taken care of after their death. answer: (a) Will

A3 Because there is always <u>confusion</u> between "Will" and "Living Will", many states have adopted the names "Health Care Directive" or "Advanced Health Care Directive" for "Living Will".

answer: (b) confusion

A4 <u>Estate</u> Planning is the general planning of an individual's wealth, along with the arrangements for his will and taxes for after his death.

answer: (d) Estate

A5 Neither Will or Living Will can be replaced by one another. A <u>thorough</u> estate plan will contain both of these documents.

answer: (b) thorough

- A6 When people want to have a secure health protection, they get <u>Health</u> Insurance. This will assure them proper medical care when they need treatment for an illness or preservation of their mental of physical well-being. answer: (c) Health
- A7 If you don't have a Will and you die, your estate will be <u>disposed</u> comforming with a strict legal formula possibly causing a troublesome dispute over your belongings.

answer: (a) disposed

A8 Although some do, it is not advisable for couples to write "<u>Joint</u> Wills" for two reasons: it is only effective after both spouses die and it cannot be changed even if only one of them is dead.

answer: (a) Joint

A9 It is necessary for two witnesses who are not <u>beneficiaries</u> of the will to be present when an individual signs his will.

answer: (d) beneficiaries

A10 For a will to be properly <u>executed</u> it must be signed.

answer: (b) executed





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 27 (Answer Keys)

### Ways of commenting

A1 If you want my honest opinion, I thought the play was rubbish.

answer: (d) rubbish

*A*2 It was quite a good film but I thought the characters were a bit like cardboard.

answer: (b) cardboard

*A3* It's quite a nice car but there was not very much *room* in the back.

answer: (c) room

She's pleasant enough but not very pretty. In fact I'd say she was rather plain. A4

answer: (a) plain

*A5* The first time you see the view you can't believe it. It almost takes your breath away.

answer: (d) away

*A6* I sat through the concert feeling really bored and sleepy and had to stop myself from yawning several times.

answer: (b) yawning

*A7* It was one of the most embarrassing moments of my life and I just wanted the ground to open up and swallow

answer: (c) open

*A8* In my opinion no one in their right mind would ever go and pay to see a play like that.

answer: (d) like

A9 The room was good, the bed was comfortable and the service was excellent but the hotel food left a lot to be

desired.

answer: (b) desired

A10 To be perfectly honest with you I think that this is the best test I've ever taken in my entire life.

answer: (a) life





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 28 (Answer Keys)

### Ways of disapproving

A1 There is no way that I can agree to you <u>leaving</u> early today.

answer: (c) leaving

A2 I must object and make it clear that I am totally <u>against</u> any measures that suggest changes to the original

scheme.

answer: (c) against

A3 He has the habit of always rejecting any idea that will change the current arrangements.

answer: (a) habit

A4 I cannot condone that sort of *behaviour* in my establishment and would ask you to remember that in future.

answer: (d) behaviour

A5 I have no choice really but to turn *down* your recent proposal because it is completely unworkable.

answer: (c) down

A6 They can't possibly go along with your suggestions because it will involve too much expenditure.

answer: (b) along

A7 Quite honestly I'd have to be out of my *mind* to sanction what is a crazy proposition.

answer: (d) mind

A8 When her father discovered that his daughter wanted to marry a pop singer, he decided to put every <u>obstacle</u>

in their way to prevent the marriage.

answer: (a) obstacle

A9 He told me there was definitely no *chance* that I would pass my examination until I did some work.

answer: (b) chance

A10 You could tell by the way he refused to smile that he didn't like the story.

answer: (c) way





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 29 (Answer Keys)

# Ways of greeting

A1 Great to see you again. I haven't seen you <u>for</u> ages.

answer: (d) for

A2 Welcome to our house. Come in and make yourself comfortable.

answer: (a) comfortable

A3 How do you do? I don't think we've met before.

answer: (d) before

A4 Hi Mary. Where have you been hiding yourself all this time?

answer: (b) hiding

A5 Good morning, sir. I hope you will have an enjoyable *stay* in our hotel.

answer: (a) stay

A6 Good evening to you all. Let me find you a *table* near the window.

answer: (c) table

A7 How are you, David.? I must admit you're looking very well.

answer: (d) admit

A8 Hello there. I just don't believe it. You haven't changed a bit since we last met.

answer: (a) bit

A9 Ah, you must be Mary's husband. Do come in and *meet* everyone.

answer: (d) meet

A10 Here you are at last! I hope your *journey* here wasn't too horrible.

answer: (b) journey





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 30 (Answer Keys)

# Way of saying goodbye

A1 I'm afraid it's time we left.

answer: (b) time

A2 If you don't *mind*, I think we'll be cutting along.

answer: (d) mind

A3 I'll be seeing you then in due course.

answer: (c) course

A4 Well, as they say all good things come to an end.

answer: (a) end

A5 Thank you so much for *having* us you must come to us next time.

answer: (d) having

A6 Good bye then and *remember* me to all your family.

answer: (b) remember

A7 If we don't leave now I'm afraid we'll *miss* the last train.

answer: (c) miss

A8 It's been great meeting up again and we mustn't *leave* it so long next time.

answer: (a) leave

A9 Looks *like* we ought to be going really as it's got so late.

answer: (b) like

A10 Well, there's *nothing* for it but simply to wish you well and say goodbye.

answer: (d) nothing





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 31 (Answer Keys)

## Ways of approving

A1 I'm quite happy to support you in your <u>application</u> for a loan.

answer: (c) application

A2 I must admit I think your idea is well worth considering.

answer: (d) worth

A3 I shall certainly recommend your *proposal* for improving safety in the work place.

answer: (a) proposal

A4 You can *count* on me for support when the next election comes up.

answer: (b) count

A5 I would wholeheartedly like to endorse your scheme for saving water.

answer: (c) wholeheartedly

A6 The local council has approved the plans for *extending* their house.

answer: (d) extending

A7 You can rely on me to support you when the matter is discussed at the next meeting.

answer: (a) rely

A8 His choice of a new wife *met* with his parents' approval.

answer: (b) met

A9 They all promised they would stand by him when he put forward the idea of a strike.

answer: (c) by

A10 The meeting unanimously supported the chairman when he suggested that they close the meeting.

answer: (d) close





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 32 (Answer Keys)

# Ways of showing pleasure

A1 Now that's what I call absolutely *perfect*.

answer: (a) perfect

A2 You couldn't have made that drink better if you'd *tried*.

answer: (d) tried

A3 What a delightful *scent* those flowers give off when you touch them.

answer: (c) scent

A4 Words just fail me when I try to say how happy I am.

answer: (a) fail

A5 I can safely say that I don't think I've ever enjoyed myself so much before.

answer: (b) safely

A6 There's really nothing like it, is there when you find you've got all the answers to the test right?

answer: (d) got

A7 The only problem with your cooking is that the more I eat, the more I want some more.

answer: (c) some

A8 I must be *dreaming* because it's all too good to be true.

answer: (b) dreaming

A9 Just let me try one more of your delicious chocolates and then I'll *promise* not to take any more.

answer: (a) promise

A10 It's absolute *bliss* here. I think I'll stay at this hotel one more week.

answer: (c) bliss





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 33 (Answer Keys)

# Ways of showing anger

A1 I've had just as much as I can <u>stomach</u> from you.

answer: (c) stomach

A2 You do that again and I'll bite your head off.

answer: (d) bite

A3 I'm sorry but I can't take any more. I'm afraid I've reached screaming point.

answer: (a) screaming

A4 You just dare touch that piece of paper and I'll kill you.

answer: (b) dare

A5 How many more times do I have to repeat it to you, stupid?

answer: (c) repeat

A6 I know you find this highly amusing but to me it's no *laughing* matter.

answer: (d) laughing

A7 I'm warning you. I can take just that much and *no* more.

answer: (b) no

A8 Everybody just get <u>out</u> of my way and leave me alone.

answer: (a) out

A9 Not another word from either of you. That's final.

answer: (b) final

A10 Right. I'm leaving. You can do whatever you like. I couldn't care less.

answer: (d) less





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 34 (Answer Keys)

## Ways of thanking

A1 Words can't possibly <u>express</u> how grateful I am for what you have done.

answer: (d) express

A2 Thank you so much for helping me. I really appreciate it.

answer: (c) appreciate

A3 A thousand thanks for all your hard work. I shall never forget it.

answer: (b) forget

A4 They showed their great gratitude by sending us a large sum of money.

answer: (a) sum

A5 Thank you for all you've done from the *bottom* of my heart.

answer: (d) bottom

A6 I'm sending this bunch of flowers as a small token of my thanks and appreciation.

answer: (b) token

A7 How can I possibly thank you enough for all you've done?

answer: (c) possibly

A8 On the watch they gave him were the words: *in* gratitude for 40 years loyal service.

answer: (d) in

A9 It's very difficult for children to *enclose* their gratitude for what their parents have done for them.

answer: (c) enclose

A10 Look upon this as a sort of thank you present for all your endeavours on our behalf.

answer: (b) sort





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 35 (Answer Keys)

### Ways of threatening

- A1 If I've <u>told</u> you once, I've done it a hundred times. Don't do it! answer: (c) told
- A2 I'll give you just one more <u>chance</u> and after that, you'll be in real trouble. answer: (d) chance
- A3 I'm telling you loud and <u>clear</u> that you really must get it right this time.

  answer: (b) clear
- A4 She told him that if his manners didn't <u>improve</u>, he would be sent home. answer: (d) improve
- A5 He agreed because he said it was like having a gun held to his <u>head</u>.
  answer: (c) head
- A6 I'll lend you money for the very last time because after that you're on your <u>own</u>. answer: (a) own
- A7 I can't tell you how lucky you've been this time but just <u>wait</u> till next time.
  answer: (b) wait
- A8 I'm prepared to <u>overlook</u> your mistake on this occasion but I can't ever do it again. answer: (d) overlook
- A9 If you leave me now, you don't <u>need</u> to come back. answer: (a) need
- A10 Let me put it simply one more incident like that and you're out on your <u>ear!</u> answer: (c) ear





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 36 (Answer Keys)

#### How to make exclamations

A1 What a wonderful day to see the mountains <u>on!</u> answer: (c) on

A2 How stupid can I get! I <u>left</u> my keys in the door overnight.

answer: (d) left

A3 For goodness sake stop complaining about the weather! It'll stop raining soon.

answer: (c) complaining

A4 What on earth are you talking about? I can't make head or tail of it.

answer: (a) tail

A5 How nice of you to come all this way just to wish me a happy birthday.

answer: (d) way

A6 What a disaster! I don't believe anything else could go wrong now.

answer: (b) wrong

A7 Wow! You've certainly made a good *job* of decorating this room.

answer: (a) job

A8 Well blow me down! I just can't believe I've actually passed my exam.

answer: (b) passed

A9 You could have knocked me down with a feather! You mean to say he's actually cleaned my car.

answer: (d) actually

A10 I'll go to the foot of my stairs! It must be at *least* 20 years since we last met.

answer: (c) least





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 37 (Answer Keys)

# Ways of agreeing

A1 I'm certainly with you on that.

answer: (b) with

A2 I'm of a like mind on that, too.

answer: (d) like

A3 Yes, we definitely see eye to eye on that one.

answer: (c) to

A4 In that respect we are of *one* mind on that.

answer: (a) one

A5 I can't argue with that.

answer: (d) argue

A6 Let's shake on that.

answer: (b) shake

A7 There's only one word I can use now to show my agreement and that's — deal.

answer: (c) deal

A8 I'll confirm that in writing to show my acceptance.

answer: (a) confirm

A9 There's absolutely no doubt whatsoever that you're right.

answer: (b) whatsoever

A10 The terms seem eminently suitable to me.

answer: (d) terms





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 38 (Answer Keys)

# Ways of disagreeing

A1 I'll have to part company with you there, I'm afraid.

answer: (c) part

A2 There's no way I can accept that.

answer: (d) accept

A3 We'll have to agree to differ over that.

answer: (a) differ

A4 Don't even think about it! I can't possibly take that on board.

answer: (c) board

A5 No matter how *persuasive* you are, I won't change my mind.

answer: (d) persuasive

A6 You can't talk until the cows come home. I won't accept that scheme.

answer: (b) cows

A7 Sorry the subject is now closed.

answer: (a) closed

A8 I regret I have no choice but to reject the plan out of hand.

answer: (c) hand

A9 No matter how much you object, I am convinced I am right and you're wrong.

answer: (b) convinced

A10 You might as well admit it! You haven't a <u>leg</u> to stand on.

answer: (d) leg





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 39 (Answer Keys)

### Expressions and phrases with money

A1 My grandfather keeps all his money in a <u>cash box</u> under his bed.

answer: (c) cash box

A2 What's the currency of India?

answer: (c) currency

A3 The president stated in the press conference that the economic situation was very serious.

answer: (c) economic

A4 I like horse racing, but I never bet any money. I think gambling is stupid.

answer: (a) bet

A5 There's a cash machine at the bank if you need some money.

answer: (c) cash machine

A6 Alan's parents must be wealthy. They've just bought him a new car.

answer: (b) wealthy

A7 As my uncle's an *accountant*, he helps me manage my finances.

answer: (c) accountant

A8 When my grandfather died, I discovered that he left me some money in his will.

answer: (c) will

A9 At the end of each month my employer pays my wages into the bank.

answer: (c) wages

A10 I'm broke at the moment. Can you lend me ten pounds until the weekend?

answer: (b) broke





Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 40 (Answer Keys)

Poverty in the US: living standards expressions

A1 Poverty is a relative measure that depends on prices, the standard of living, and the <u>incomes</u> that others earn. answer: (b) incomes

A2 Poverty is a major problem in America — and one that is extremely difficult to <u>resolve</u>. answer: (b) resolve

A3 Families and individuals are defined as living in <u>poverty</u> if their incomes fall below certain levels. answer: (b) poverty

A4 Poverty in the United States is more <u>extensive</u> than most people realize. answer: (d) extensive

A5 One reason for the continued high poverty number is the growing gap in the <u>distribution</u> of income. answer: (a) distribution

A6 Weekly <u>pay checks</u> tend to be lower for people employed in service industries. answer: (b) pay checks

A7 During the 1990's, salaries for highly skilled employees <u>soared</u>, while wages for those who are less skilled remained about the same.
answer: (a) soared

A8 The decline of unions means that low skilled workers have to look <u>elsewhere</u> for less pay. answer: (c) elsewhere

A9 The shift from two-parent families to single-parent families and other non-family arrangements tends to <u>lower</u> average family income.

answer: (d) lower

A10 According to recent <u>statistics</u>, nearly 35 million Americans live in poverty. answer: (b) statistics





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 41 (Answer Keys)

## Dressing expressions

A1 We choose to wear different outfits for different occasions, putting on jumpers and scarves when it is cold and <u>dressing up</u> smartly for formal events.

answer: (c) dressing up

A2 To French people, the American idea of <u>dressing down</u> looks like a homeless person who just finished a oncea-year trip to the laundromat.

answer: (a) dressing down

A3 The New York Islanders <u>dressing room</u> sustained severe damage when a sewage pipe burst at Nassau Coliseum.

answer: (d) dressing room

A4 My boss put on her *dressing gown* and made herself some coffee.

answer: (c) dressing gown

A5 I've witnessed an employee screaming at her manager in a store, another worker stomping out of a restaurant, and a boss *dressing down* an employee in a public place.

answer: (b) dressing down

A6 The <u>dressing room</u> is approx. 3 1/4 feet wide by 4 feet deep, and has a full length mirror attached inside the door.

answer: (c) dressing room

A7 The door opened a few inches to reveal a beautiful woman wearing a red <u>dressing gown</u>.

answer: (c) dressing gown

A8 <u>Dressing up</u> for work doesn't make you more productive on the job — but it does make you look and act more professional, and it upgrades your image in the eyes of others.

answer: (c) Dressing up

A9 The intelligent <u>dressing room</u>, can scan your measurements and display how a particular item of clothing will look on you on a projection screen.

answer: (a) dressing room

A10 This presidential suite features a combined sleeping/living area with two king-sized beds, a wardrobe and dressing table, bathroom with separate shower, and floor-to-ceiling doors that open to a private balcony.

answer: (b) dressing table





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 1 (Answer Keys)

#### Code of Practice

A1 The company had its own code of *practice* in these matters.

answer: (b) practice

A2 This is a *prime* example of what not to do.

answer: (d) prime

A3 Plans have already been drawn up to deal with such situations.

answer: (c) up

A4 Thousands of subscribers are already signing up for this new telephone service.

answer: (b) subscribers

A5 Job losses are mainly in the *blue-collar* sectors of the industry.

answer: (a) blue-collar

A6 The circular will contain key financial information to help investors.

answer: (a) key

A7 The report is *likely* to show better than expected results.

answer: (d) likely

A8 So many of these animals have been shot over the years that they are now classed as *endangered* species.

answer: (b) endangered

A9 Some people are *reluctant* to learn a foreign language.

answer: (c) reluctant

A10 It was a big sacrifice for her to give up her acting career to look after her family.

answer: (b) sacrifice





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 2 (Answer Keys)

## Spin Doctors

A1 Most of the money *raised* was donated to charity.

answer: (a) raised

A2 They are showing a *revival* of a 1930's musical at the Theatre Royal.

answer: (b) revival

A3 When they had both retired, they settled in a small village by the sea.

answer: (d) settled

A4 The students at this university are *housed* in blocks of flats on the campus.

answer: (a) housed

A5 I have no wish to have any *dealings* with a firm like that.

answer: (c) dealings

A6 Voters find it difficult to believe politicians because the latter use so many spin doctors.

answer: (b) spin

A7 We are told there will be little economic *progress* this year.

answer: (a) progress

A8 Unfortunately she has been given an insurmountable task.

answer: (a) insurmountable

A9 It is essential to have air *conditioning* in your car when you drive in a hot climate.

answer: (c) conditioning

A10 Manufacturers are bringing out a new range of computers this year.

answer: (b) out





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 3 (Answer Keys)

#### Credit Card Holders

A1 The stock market has hit new lows this year.

answer: (a) lows

A2 The government has decided to hold an *enquiry* into the latest financial scandal.

answer: (b) enquiry

A3 The animal rights organisation has *launched* a new campaign to make people aware of cruelty to animals.

answer: (a) launched

A4 I was totally *unaware* of the increased taxes.

answer: (d) unaware

A5 The price of petrol has *risen* again.

answer: (b) risen

A6 The ordinary person is again being asked to stump up to pay for dental treatment.

answer: (a) stump up

A7 This car is intended for the *export* market only.

answer: (c) export

A8 Credit card holders struggle very hard to *reduce* the amount they owe.

answer: (a) reduce

A9 This charity was set up to *collect* money for the poor.

answer: (a) collect

A10 Everything turned out all right in the end.

answer: (d) turned out





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 4 (Answer Keys)

#### Job Interview

- A1 Tell us something about your <u>background</u> in the engineering industry? answer: (b) background
- A2 I see from your <u>application</u> form that you have had three different jobs in the last 5 years. answer: (d) application
- A3 What sort of <u>period</u> of time would you stay with us if we offered you the job? answer: (c) period
- A4 Describe how you would describe <u>yourself</u> in five years' time. answer: (d) yourself
- A5 Give us some idea of what you believe are your <u>strengths</u> and weaknesses. answer: (b) strengths
- A6 As this is a managerial post, we must ask you how you deal with bad <u>time</u> keeping or unpunctuality in an employee.
  answer: (c) time
- A7 Imagine one of your staff loses her temper and shouts at you in front of others, how would you <u>deal</u> with this? answer: (d) deal
- A8 What would you say to a member of your staff who always <u>handed</u> his work in late? answer: (b) handed
- A9 I should explain that we would naturally <u>honour</u> any previous holiday arrangements you have made. answer: (d) honour
- A10 Finally now that we've asked you several questions, do you want to <u>put</u> any to us? answer: (b) put





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 5 (Answer Keys)

#### **Business**

- A1 I was pleased to receive your response to my proposal but there are one or two points that need <u>clarification</u>.

  answer: (c) clarification
- A2 A report has just been <u>published</u> that gives details of the causes of this trend towards informality in the business sector.
  - answer: (a) published
- A3 According to the <u>findings</u> in the report it is clear that employees under the age of 35 prefer to dress casually at work.
  answer: (c) findings
- A4 Thirty years ago this kind of informality would not have been <u>tolerated</u>. answer: (d) tolerated
- A5 All employees are kindly requested to <u>refrain</u> from smoking in the presence of customers. answer: (c) refrain
- A6 The meeting went on for three hours and as a result there was no time left to discuss all the topics on the <u>agenda</u>.
  - answer: (d) agenda
- A7 There's really no point in hoping to add important topics right at the end of the meeting under the heading of any other <u>business</u>.

  answer: (a) business
- A8 The chairman was obliged to bring the meeting to a <u>halt</u> because a fire broke out in the adjoining room. answer: (d) halt
- A9 It is absolutely essential that the clerk takes care to <u>minute</u> any decisions that have been reached during the meeting.
  answer: (b) minute
- As so few members had turned up at the meeting, it was decided to <u>postpone</u> it until further notice. answer: (c) postpone





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 6 (Answer Keys)

### Finance (1)

A1 The one big fear of all world economies is that of <u>recession</u>.

answer: (c) recession

A2 You are never too young to start *investing* some money in a savings account.

answer: (d) investing

A3 If ever you find you have an unexpected expense, you can always withdraw some money from your savings.

answer: (d) withdraw

A4 At certain times of the year your shares will yield a good profit but you must also be prepared for them to go

down in value.

answer: (a) yield

A5 You can *cut* the cost of insuring your car if you keep it in a garage.

answer: (c) cut

A6 We got a very good *deal* when we bought that three piece suite for half its usual price.

answer: (a) deal

A7 Now that the summer has started, big department stores are hoping that sales of holiday items will take off.

answer: (c) take off

A8 The two companies have decided to merge because they believe that their combined resources will produce

greater profits.

answer: (a) merge

A9 When someone dies and their assets reach a certain figure, their family has to pay an additional tax.

answer: (c) assets

A10 The loan you have taken out is for a *fixed* term, which in your case is 5 years.

answer: (b) fixed





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 7 (Answer Keys)

## Finance (2)

- A1 When you go to an auction and you want to buy a particular item, you can simply make a <u>bid</u> for it. answer: (d) bid
- A2 The larger company did not really want to join with the smaller one because it was more interested in a <u>takeover</u>.
  answer: (d) takeover
- A3 <u>Trading</u> on the stockmarket just before Christmas is usually very slow. answer: (b) Trading
- A4 This sport centre has largely been <u>funded</u> by money that has come from the national lottery. answer: (d) funded
- A5 The reason for the <u>slowdown</u> in the economy is because there is a great deal of uncertainty at the moment. answer: (c) slowdown
- A6 The <u>upturn</u> in the market was seen as a positive sign that the recession was over. answer: (a) upturn
- A7 The <u>order</u> books for manufacturers of small cars are now full following the rise in petrol. answer: (b) order
- A8 The future of his job was at <u>stake</u> when he made the decision to invest in new machinery. answer: (c) stake
- A9 After their house had been <u>valued</u>, they decided to sell it and buy a bigger one. answer: (a) valued
- A10 Fifty people were made <u>redundant</u> when the company suffered a severe financial shock. answer: (d) redundant





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 8 (Answer Keys)

## Finance (3)

- A1 If you cannot get a job and remain <u>unemployed</u> for a long period, you can claim some money from the state. answer: (c) unemployed
- A2 The great thing about this guarantee is that there is never any doubt and there is no <u>quibble</u> about getting your money back.
  answer: (c) quibble
- A3 There is a substantial <u>shortfall</u> between the money you have available and the amount you need to spend. answer: (b) shortfall
- A4 When you retire, you should get a pension and a <u>lump</u> sum from your employers. answer: (a) lump
- A5 <u>Investors</u> are people who put money into a business in the hope of making a profit. answer: (d) Investors
- A6 When you take out a large loan over many years, you don't start paying off the <u>capital</u> for some time. answer: (c) capital
- A7 We will make no <u>charge</u> for the catalogue, which you can take with our compliments. answer: (c) charge
- A8 It may seem a long way into the future but in the end you will get some <u>benefit</u> from your investment. answer: (b) benefit
- A9 There is still an outstanding <u>balance</u> on that account, which must be paid in 30 days. answer: (a) balance
- A10 Interest <u>rates</u> are at their lowest level since the 1950's. answer: (b) rates





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 9 (Answer Keys)

## Money

A1 It's useful when you go to an auction if you're ready with cash in <u>hand</u>.

answer: (d) hand

A2 I prefer to deal in <u>hard</u> cash rather than cheques.

answer: (b) hard

A3 Every office has a certain amount of *petty* cash to pay for things like tea, coffee or stamps.

answer: (d) petty

A4 At the moment we are experiencing some cash *flow* problems because little money is coming in.

answer: (c) flow

A5 At the casino you can cash *in* your chips at the desk.

answer: (d) in

A6 Whatever she does, she just can't help *making* money.

answer: (b) making

A7 There doesn't seem to be anyone working really hard for the business and yet they all seem to earn <u>easy</u>

money.

answer: (c) easy

A8 If you don't want to use a cheque or postal order, you can always use a money order.

answer: (a) order

A9 That new invention has been very successful and has proved to be a money spinner for its creator.

answer: (c) spinner

A10 This machine is obviously useless and if I were you I'd get your money back.

answer: (a) back





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 10 (Answer Keys)

## Advertising

- A1 In order to make a sensible <u>comparison</u> among the different vacuum cleaners available, it is important to do some research.
  - answer: (b) comparison
- A2 The local department store has to make a sustained effort at this time of the year to <u>satisfy</u> customer demand for summer clothing.
  - answer: (a) satisfy
- A3 A good team leader must be able to <u>inspire</u> his colleagues to face the challenge of a downturn in business. answer: (d) inspire
- A4 The <u>current</u> trend in children's desire to wear designer label clothes should be exploited. answer: (b) current
- A5 You have to <u>convince</u> the public that it is in their own interest to read the instructions on all our medicines. answer: (c) convince
- A6 In order to survive in this business you must adopt a <u>competitive</u> stance. answer: (d) competitive
- The <u>consumption</u> of alcohol is not allowed in any of the company's premises in order to present a clean image.
   answer: (b) consumption
- A8 When you are setting out to <u>attract</u> new customers in an advertisement, choose the right words. answer: (c) attract
- A9 The really effective television commercial is the one that <u>persuades</u> you of its authenticity. answer: (a) persuades
- A10 I can strongly recommend this <u>product</u> as the best available on the market today.
  answer: (b) product





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 11 (Answer Keys)

### At the Shops

A1 We got there early so that we could get the best <u>bargains</u> in the sale before anyone else.

answer: (c) bargains

A2 If you bear with me, I'll go and see whether we have that in your size.

answer: (c) bear

A3 The trouble with these huge superstores is that they don't have enough <u>checkouts</u> to deal with customers at

busy times.

answer: (d) checkouts

A4 It started off as a small street corner shop over 30 years ago but it has now expanded into a massive

department store.

answer: (a) expanded

A5 Take a good look at the receipt when you leave so that you can see that all the items have been listed.

answer: (b) items

A6 Whenever I go to the old part of a city, I like to *explore* all the shops selling antiques.

answer: (d) explore

A7 Are you aware of the latest *trend* in children's clothing?

answer: (b) trend

A8 They're quite *strict* in their policy of not giving refunds without a receipt in this store.

answer: (c) strict

A9 They have a *mandatory* restriction in the shop with regard to the number of items of clothing that you can try

on at one time.

answer: (d) mandatory

A10 The extent of the merchandise available in this one store is more than you can possibly imagine.

answer: (a) merchandise





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 12 (Answer Keys)

### At the Computer

A1 Without the right software I'm afraid you can't access that particular program.

answer: (b) access

A2 The aim of the office manager is to <u>allocate</u> enough room on the building plans so that each employee can have space for a personal computer.

answer: (c) allocate

A3 Remember that before you leave your workstation, always shut down your computer.

answer: (d) shut down

A4 It's quite easy if you want to find folders and files on the computer, all you do is click here and it immediately starts searching.

answer: (b) searching

A5 I have tried and tried again and again and no matter what I do it still shows "error" — I just can't <u>figure out</u> what's wrong.

answer: (c) figure out

A6 I spent hours writing that report and checking all the information was correct and then without thinking I pressed the 'delete' button.

answer: (b) 'delete'

A7 It's a really clever piece of software because it enables you to <u>display</u> on your screen all the information in columns.

answer: (c) display

A8 Unfortunately this program is not *compatible* with the operating system on my computer.

answer: (b) compatible

A9 When you see that particular symbol on the screen, you have to take that as a <u>warning</u> that something is wrong.

answer: (d) warning

A10 With this program you can always check your spelling and grammar and if you don't want to accept what it shows, you simply press 'ignore'.

answer: (a) 'ignore'





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 13 (Answer Keys)

## Money Matters (1)

- A1 Even after their recent heavy expenses, they still found there was a healthy <u>balance</u> in their bank account. answer: (c) balance
- As the builder wanted cash for the work he had done, she had to go to the bank personally to <u>take out</u> the money herself.

answer: (b) take out

A3 It was considered a very good time to apply for a <u>mortgage</u> to buy the house because interest rates were very low.

answer: (c) mortgage

A4 Before they could borrow a large sum of money to buy the house, they had to make sure they had enough money to be able to make a <u>down</u> payment.

answer: (a) down

All the <u>transactions</u> you make on your internet account are recorded so that you can check the details at any time.

answer: (d) transactions

A6 I'm afraid this cheque will be of no value until you have put your signature on it.

answer: (a) signature

A7 The bank refused to <u>accept</u> the money order because the customer had no proof of identity.

answer: (c) accept

A8 Under the rules laid down by the bank there is a <u>restriction</u> on the amount of money you can get out from a cash machine in any one day.

answer: (b) restriction

A9 The bank clerk at the counter did not know the customer and in view of the large amount of money involved was naturally *cautious* about paying out the sum on the cheque.

answer: (d) cautious

A10 The bank will simply not let you <u>borrow</u> any money unless you can prove that you have been in regular employment for at least three years.

answer: (c) borrow





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 14 (Answer Keys)

## Money Matters (2)

- A1 Good <u>accounting</u> procedures are very important if you want to run a business profitably and successfully. answer: (b) accounting
- A2 The company fell heavily into <u>debt</u> when it took on too many customers and offered them all cheap warranties. answer: (a) debt
- A3 Once you have built up your company, you must remember to keep in touch with your original *clients*. answer: (c) clients
- A4 Each department within the organisation is given a <u>budget</u> within which it has to remain for the whole year. answer: (d) budget
- When the time came to close the business down, its entire <u>assets</u> had to be calculated so that the creditors could be paid off.

  answer: (b) assets
- A6 The manager called in her chief clerk because she could not <u>reconcile</u> the figures on the monthly spreadsheet. answer: (c) reconcile
- A7 Every year the college finance officer did not look forward to the visit from the government official who came to <a href="mailto:audit"><u>audit</u></a> the accounts.

  answer: (d) audit
- A8 It was a great relief to Charlie when he realized that he had come to the end of his agreement with the bank and there was only one <u>outstanding</u> payment left.

  answer: (c) outstanding
- A9 The building society sent a letter to all its savers and <u>borrowers</u> that there would be a reduction in the interest rate.

  answer: (b) borrowers
- A10 Shortly after the couple had bought their first house, they saw the number of bills <u>accumulate</u> rapidly. answer: (c) accumulate





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 15 (Answer Keys)

### Money Matters (3)

A1 The representative of the financial consultants assured her that the policy of the firm was that of complete commitment.

answer: (c) commitment

A2 There is no need to worry about the money side of the project because <u>funds</u> are available from the charity sponsoring us.

answer: (b) funds

A3 The present finance minister has adopted a very <u>conservative</u> approach towards change and always follows a very cautious policy.

answer: (d) conservative

As all advisers always do, she stressed that investing in this particular market had to be considered as a <u>long-term</u> commitment over at least 10 years.

answer: (c) long-term

A5 The best way to develop an income for the future is to invest in a series of companies and in that way to build up a *portfolio*.

answer: (b) portfolio

A6 I strongly recommend investing in these shares because you will get a very good <u>return</u> after only a few years. answer: (c) return

A7 The question is whether it is <u>wise</u> to sell up all your shares at this stage rather than wait to see how the market is next year.

answer: (b) wise

A8 There is no question that the most important <u>resource</u> in that company is its youthful enthusiasm.

answer: (c) resource

A9 If you want to make a good job of selling shares to the public, you must have an element of <u>aggression</u> in your approach.

answer: (b) aggression

A10 It's a personal matter whether you choose stock from this company or from that because in the end it's an attitude of mind.

answer: (c) attitude





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 16 (Answer Keys)

#### Money Matters (4)

- A1 There is one date you mustn't forget and that's the <u>deadline</u> for sending in details of your earnings to the tax office.
  - answer: (b) deadline
- A2 If you are self-employed, you must make sure that you <u>fill out</u> the form indicating how much you have earned. answer: (c) fill out
- A3 If the department agrees that you have paid too much tax in the year, you will receive a <u>refund</u> in due course. answer: (d) refund
- A4 Each month when you receive your pay, the employer <u>withholds</u> a certain amount to pay towards your pension.
  answer: (a) withholds
- A5 When you take out a loan, you have to pay interest on the amount you <u>owe</u>. answer: (c) owe
- A6 In the tax office there will be a <u>file</u> that holds all the documents and papers connected with you. answer: (a) file
- A7 There is quite a heavy financial <u>penalty</u> attached to any action that involves late payment of taxes. answer: (d) penalty
- 48 Under the new regulations you can agree yourself to <u>calculate</u> the tax you have to pay on the income over the previous year.
  answer: (b) calculate
- As the couple had a <u>joint</u> account, the money to pay the mortage was taken from there. answer: (a) joint
- A10 You can decide, if you so wish, to *give up* your right to take your pension at an earlier date. answer: (b) give up





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 17 (Answer Keys)

## **Quality Control**

- A1 The reason why I always buy my clothes at this store is because all the <u>brands</u> they sell are of very high quality.

  answer: (c) brands
- A2 Before these articles leave the factory to be forwarded to the retailer, each one is thoroughly <u>inspected</u>. answer: (d) inspected
- A3 The advantages of working for this company is that all employees <u>perceive</u> themselves as a member of the team.

  answer: (c) perceive
- A4 If for any reason customers do not like the item they have bought, they always <u>take it back</u> and get a refund. answer: (b) take it back
- A5 The great thing about this particular material is that however much you screw it up, it never <u>wrinkles</u>. answer: (a) wrinkles
- A6 The company insists that all their products are <u>uniform</u> in respect of their quality, specification and look. answer: (d) uniform
- A7 This is the department for children's clothes and each <u>garment</u> is marked with the recommended age range. answer: (b) garment
- A8 The sole purpose of this jacket is to <u>repel</u> water and if you wear it in the rain and still get wet, it's useless. answer: (c) repel
- A9 The whole look of the shop front is <u>enhanced</u> by the introduction of bright colours. answer: (d) enhanced
- A10 These pots are being sold as seconds because each one has a slight <u>defect</u> in the glaze. answer: (a) defect





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 18 (Answer Keys)

## **Product Improvement**

A1 Before the product is put on the market, the company must <u>ascertain</u> whether it complies with safety standards.

answer: (c) ascertain

A2 It is absolutely essential to do some thorough <u>research</u> before you even think of putting a new product on the market.

answer: (b) research

A3 You have a <u>responsibility</u> to the public to ensure your toy products are suitable for children to play with. answer: (a) responsibility

A4 The company is busy trying to <u>solve</u> the problems arising from the sudden drop in sales of their cosmetic products.

answer: (b) solve

A5 The job of the <u>organizer</u> of this particular section is to train the members to deal politely with any complaints from the public.

answer: (b) organizer

A6 Inspiration has its place in any form of product development but at the same time you also need to adopt some kind of *systematic* approach.

answer: (a) systematic

- A7 A <u>logical</u> approach to new ideas is to be welcomed but you do need a strong element of imagination as well. answer: (d) logical
- A8 Since 1993 or if you like within the last <u>decade</u>, there have been many products that have failed because of poor marketing.

answer: (b) decade

A9 We would definitely like to <u>examine</u> the proposal you have presented to us with a view to including it in our current range of products.

answer: (c) examine

A10 As we have enough money in our present budget, we are happy to launch this new product in the nature of an <a href="experiment">experiment</a>.

answer: (b) experiment





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 19 (Answer Keys)

## Employment and Training

A1 We're paying for a stand at the new industrial exhibition with a view to <u>generating</u> interest among potential employees in our company.

answer: (b) generating

A2 For the first three months of your employment with the firm you will be under the care of a <u>mentor</u>.

answer: (d) mentor

A3 Although she was very tempted to accept the job she was offered, she had to <u>reject</u> the offer because the salary would have been insufficient.

answer: (b) reject

A4 A university education is of course important but it is essential that all employees undergo a period of intensive *training*.

answer: (c) training

A5 A newsletter is sent out every ten days to all the staff so that they receive a regular <u>update</u> on recent appointments.

answer: (a) update

A6 Part of the ongoing training is to ensure that a regular time and place are <u>set up</u> for department heads to meet their staff.

answer: (c) set up

A7 The head of department acknowledged that the <u>success</u> of the section was largely due to high quality support staff.

answer: (a) success

A8 The pace of change in that industry is so fast that staff find it hard to <u>keep up with</u> the latest developments. answer: (d) keep up with

A9 It is the policy of the company to <u>conduct</u> all interviews for new recruits with a member of the trade union present.

answer: (b) conduct

A10 In view of the excessive workload you have at the moment I won't expect you to keep <u>on track</u> during the next few days.

answer: (c) on track





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 20 (Answer Keys)

## Agreements

A1 The contract was signed by the three partners who thus agreed to <u>abide</u> by terms and conditions contained in it.

answer: (c) abide

A2 There was nothing in the contract that <u>specified</u> who would be responsible in the event that one of the partners became seriously ill.

answer: (b) specified

A3 An independent adviser was called in after the collapse of the company to <u>resolve</u> some of the issues that were not clear.

answer: (d) resolve

A4 One of the <u>parties</u> mentioned in the original agreement has decided that she does not want to continue with the profit-sharing scheme.

answer: (d) parties

A5 In view of the serious problems associated with the takeover the newspaper company has decided to <u>cancel</u> its offer of financial help.

answer: (c) cancel

A6 The main problem was that the newly formed organisation was not attracting enough work and so they decided to <u>engage</u> the services of a public relations expert.

answer: (b) engage

A7 That company has been in business for over 100 years and in fact was established in 1899.

answer: (b) established

A8 After the complaint had been received from the customer about poor service, she was given a written assurance that the matter would be put right.

answer: (c) assurance

A9 They were very careful to make sure in the original agreement that <u>provision</u> would be made to pay for staff redundancies.

answer: (d) provision

A10 We decided to employ a solicitor who would be able to <u>determine</u> the extent of our liability in this matter.

answer: (d) determine





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 21 (Answer Keys)

## Super Supermarkets

- A1 If you ask someone for their <u>stance</u> on supermarkets as opposed to the small corner shop, you will get varying replies.
  - answer: (c) stance
- A2 The first question you have to ask is who are the customers that they are each trying to <u>target</u>. answer: (a) target
- A3 When you tell the inhabitants of a small village that the little local store is going to close, many will express dismay.
  - answer: (d) dismay
- A4 There will naturally be <u>splits</u> in the various sections of the community as to the benefits or disadvantages of losing the little store.
  - answer: (b) splits
- A5 Of course we all get <u>plagued</u> with endless leaflets through the door telling us of bargains at the local supermarket.
  - answer: (a) plagued
- A6 Big discussions take place in the area as to whether a supermarket will come to the area and waiting for the outcome can be quite <u>nerve racking</u> for the small shop owner.
  - answer: (c) nerve racking
- A7 Inquiries are held which seem to go on forever and you only wish that the procedure could be <u>speeded up</u>. answer: (c) speeded up
- A8 Protest meetings are held but invariably they end in a <u>shambles</u> because they are not organized properly. answer: (b) shambles
- A9 Then the final result is announced that there is to be a <u>merger</u> between EASISHOP and GOSHOP, which will then become a super supermarket.
  - answer: (d) merger
- A10 The confused customer is now in a terrible <u>dilemma</u> because in the old days there was just one brand of butter to buy and now there is a choice of 24.
  - answer: (c) dilemma





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 22 (Answer Keys)

#### Are You in Debt?

- A1 Going on a spending <u>spree</u> with your credit card and no concern about how you pay back the money you borrow, is a growing habit these days.
  - answer: (b) spree
- A2 There is a popular demand for the system that allows credit companies to offer unlimited credit to young people to be *overhauled*.
  - answer: (a) overhauled
- A3 It has been <u>disclosed</u> by a government agency that the percentage of under 25 year olds owing large sums to companies is on the increase.
  - answer: (d) disclosed
- A4 One director of a major credit company has already been forced to <u>step down</u> because of the bad publicity his company has attracted.
  - answer: (c) step down
- A5 One solution that has been suggested to control credit is to <u>step up</u> the regulations to make it more difficult to get credit in the first place.
  - answer: (b) step up
- A6 The main problem is that a debt <u>culture</u> has developed recently believing that it is cool to owe large sums of money.
  - answer: (d) culture
- A7 Recent reports have <u>revealed</u> that being in debt is not now looked upon as a disgrace but rather as an attractive way of life.
  - answer: (a) revealed
- A8 In reality it's a very long *haul* to get from owing to paying off all your debts.
  - answer: (c) haul
- A9 There are frequently <u>clashes</u> in the family home between parents and children about whether you should enter into credit agreements.
  - answer: (b) clashes
- A10 What concerns people most are the mounting <u>fears</u> among governments that it will take at least a generation for us to be rid of excessive debt.
  - answer: (c) fears





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 23 (Answer Keys)

#### Guarantees and Warranties

A1 If you go to an unauthorized garage to have your car serviced, the <u>consequence</u> is that your warranty will be invalid.

answer: (a) consequence

A2 The guarantee, as I understood it, <u>implied</u> that everything was covered.

answer: (b) implied

A3 I regret to inform you that as your guarantee *expired* last week, we can't help you.

answer: (c) expired

A4 A warranty is to be looked on as a sort of *promise* between the manufacturer and you.

answer: (d) promise

A5 Sometimes people don't bother about guarantees because the <u>reputation</u> of the manufacturer is enough for them.

answer: (d) reputation

A6 Certain warranties *require* the purchaser to have the item serviced at regular intervals.

answer: (c) require

A7 You will find that such warranties are not worth buying because the cover provided is <u>frequently</u> not worth the extra expense.

answer: (b) frequently

A8 This kind of legislation is in existence to *protect* the customer from worthless warranties.

answer: (b) protect

A9 You sometimes have to consider very seriously whether to buy a second hand car which has no guarantee.

answer: (a) consider

A10 Sometimes you get a one year warranty, a two year one or even a six month one — they all vary.

answer: (d) vary





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 24 (Answer Keys)

## At the Office (1)

- A1 Concern was expressed by the office manager that the company would buy an <u>affordable</u> financial package. answer: (b) affordable
- A2 The main <u>provider</u> of stationery for the office suddenly announced there would be an overall increase in their prices.

answer: (d) provider

A3 The chief administrative officer disliked lack of attention to detail and insisted that such mistakes should never recur.

answer: (a) recur

A4 Once again the company has had to make a <u>reduction</u> in the number of office staff to try and recoup their losses.

answer: (b) reduction

A5 The <u>stock</u> of zip discs in the office is running dangerously low.

answer: (c) stock

A6 If the managers want to stay employed, they will have to learn how to stay on <u>top</u> of their jobs.

answer: (b) top

- A7 It's not worth paying for an annual service when you can simply call the supplier on an as-<u>needed</u> basis. answer: (a) needed
- A8 The new office manager will be in <u>charge</u> of all the IT requirements that the company uses. answer: (d) charge
- A9 Currently there is a shortage of clerical staff but it is hoped that by the end of the year they will be up to full capacity.

answer: (b) capacity

A10 Staff are always encouraged to work by themselves and whenever they meet a problem, they should use their own *initiative*.

answer: (a) initiative





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 25 (Answer Keys)

#### At the Office (2)

- A1 On her retirement she was given a substantial cheque in <u>appreciation</u> of all the work she had done over the last 20 years.
  - answer: (c) appreciation
- A2 Having attended the office procedures course all employees were expected to <u>reinforce</u> what they had learned and introduce it into their daily routine.
  - answer: (a) reinforce
- A3 Visiting clients had commented on the casual dress <u>code</u> of most of the clerical staff.
  - answer: (d) code
- A4 The <u>practice</u> of staff doing physical exercises before the start of the day is well established in Japanese companies.
  - answer: (c) practice
- A5 There is a lengthy procedure used in this office for staff who have produced shoddy work and it begins with a <u>verbal</u> warning.
  - answer: (b) verbal
- A6 There was no fixed agenda for that particular day as it was to be regarded simply as a <u>casual</u> meeting. answer: (d) casual
- A7 At the interview all the candidates were shown round the building but could only really catch a *glimpse* of the sort of work being carried out.
  - answer: (c) glimpse
- A8 They really need to keep a check on the stationery supplies as they've run <u>out of</u> A4 paper once again. answer: (c) out of
- A9 Managers prefer to select people who have been <u>exposed</u> to many different types of office environments. answer: (b) exposed
- A10 A troubleshooter was brought into the office from another firm to get rid of some very <u>outdated</u> procedures. answer: (a) outdated





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 26 (Answer Keys)

## Legal Expressions

A1 If you drive faster than the stated speed limit, you are simply <u>breaking</u> the law.

answer: (d) breaking

A2 However angry you may get at what someone has done to you, the police always advise you not to take the law into your own *hands*.

answer: (b) hands

A3 In London in any underground station it is *against* the law to smoke.

answer: (d) against

A4 Even if you think you may have got away with a crime, in most cases the long <u>arm</u> of the law will catch you.

answer: (a) arm

A5 In that particular industry everyone has to look after themselves because the law of the *jungle* rules.

answer: (c) jungle

A6 They have no respect for modern conventions and do exactly what they want — they are a law <u>unto</u> themselves.

answer: (a) unto

A7 Her parents are very strict and frequently lay down the law about the way she behaves.

answer: (c) lay

A8 Although technically his judgement was not according to the <u>letter</u> of the law, most people thought the judge was right to let the man go free.

answer: (d) letter

A9 I get the impression sometimes that she thinks she can never do anything wrong almost as if she is <u>above</u> the law.

answer: (a) above

A10 All governments want people to live in peace and comfort and so they try to promote a sense of law and order.

answer: (b) order





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 27 (Answer Keys)

#### Invoices

- A1 There is an additional <u>charge</u> added to the price of the product if you want to have it delivered to your house. answer: (b) charge
- A2 You should have read the <u>terms</u> of payment as soon as you received the invoice for the goods. answer: (d) terms
- A3 In order to cut down the expenses of compiling and sending out the invoices, you need to employ an <u>efficient</u> administrator.

  answer: (c) efficient
- A4 It's always a good idea to get an <u>estimate</u> of what the cost of the work will be before the invoice lands on your doormat.
  answer: (b) estimate
- A5 I do like to get a <u>prompt</u> reply to my letters especially when they are referring to the amount of money I'm supposed to be paying.
- A6 Just as we were about to leave the restaurant, the waiter came running up to apologize there had been a *mistake* in the bill.

answer: (c) mistake

answer: (a) prompt

A7 The company were very quick to point out it was their fault we had been sent the wrong invoice and they <u>rectified</u> it immediately.

answer: (b) rectified

- A8 In view of our previous orders over the last year we were offered a 10% <u>discount</u> on any future dealings. answer: (d) discount
- A9 He appreciated the additional welcome and help he received from the department store staff as he had after all been a longstanding <u>customer</u>.

answer: (a) customer

A10 She got quite angry about the size of the invoice until it was pointed out that it was the government who imposed the value added tax.

answer: (b) imposed





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 28 (Answer Keys)

#### **Taxes**

- A1 If you are self-employed, it is your responsibility to <u>calculate</u> how much tax you should legally pay. answer: (d) calculate
- A2 I had a letter from the office of the Collector of Taxes telling me that I had to pay back all the money I <u>owed</u> over the last 3 years.
- A3 The arrangement they have is that all the money that has to be paid in tax out of their earnings comes from their *joint* account.

  answer: (d) joint
- A4 Under the current legislation if you are late in paying your taxes, then you have to face a financial *penalty*. answer: (a) penalty
- A5 He is in a terrible rush to complete his tax returns by Tuesday otherwise he won't be able to reach the <u>deadline</u>.

answer: (b) deadline

answer: (c) owed

A6 It doesn't happen very often but I actually got some money from the tax office and with the <u>refund</u> I'm going to treat myself.

answer: (c) refund

- A7 Before you can claim any money back on overpayment of tax, you have to <u>fill out</u> an application form. answer: (b) fill out
- A8 You can elect, if you want, to transfer your tax free allowance to your <u>spouse</u>. answer: (a) spouse
- 49 Until it's clearly established which tax group you are in, your employer will be asked to <u>withhold</u> a certain amount of your pay.
  answer: (c) withhold
- A10 There have been so many queries about his tax situation that there is now a huge <u>file</u> containing the details in the office.

answer: (d) file





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 29 (Answer Keys)

#### **Finance**

A1 It's a gamble at the moment whether the company will make profit in its second year but that nevertheless is the *desired* aim.

answer: (c) desired

A2 Each year the Chancellor of the Exchequer stands up in the House of Commons and gives a <u>forecast</u> of what is seen as the economic outlook for the country.

answer: (a) forecast

A3 I think that your financial optimism is not really justified and you should adopt a more <u>realistic</u> attitude.

answer: (d) realistic

A4 If you want to increase sales of a particular product, you must be sure that you are <u>targeting</u> the right customers.

answer: (c) targeting

A5 The idea caught on very quickly and people were queuing up to buy the goods so that year the company's investment *yielded* substantial profits.

answer: (b) yielded

A6 Overall it has not been a bad year as our costs are well down on last year's.

answer: (a) Overall

A7 Managers complained bitterly at the Annual General Meeting that <u>levels</u> of production had dropped to an all time low.

answer: (d) levels

A8 You have to accept that this kind of expenditure is quite typical in an enterprise of this kind.

answer: (b) typical

A9 The figures that have just been published by the company's accountants will give management some kind of *perspective* on how sales are going.

answer: (d) perspective

A10 Whenever a member of staff makes a claim for travel expenses, they have to provide a <u>detailed</u> account of their journeys.

answer: (a) detailed





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 30 (Answer Keys)

#### Interviews and Jobs

- A1 One of the most important qualities which the panel is looking for in a candidate is the <u>ability</u> to work with others.
  - answer: (d) ability
- A2 Once the applications have been looked at the usual procedure for the panel is to follow <u>up</u> the references of those candidates who have been shortlisted.
  - answer: (c) up
- A3 They were so impressed with the way she reacted to their questions that they didn't <u>hesitate</u> to offer her the job.
  - answer: (b) hesitate
- As this job was of a very specialist nature an <u>expert</u> was invited to join the interview panel. answer: (a) expert
- A5 After the interview one of the candidates <u>constantly</u> phoned the office to see whether he had been successful. answer: (c) constantly
- A6 She was in such a state of extreme nervousness when she was <u>called in</u> for the interview that she burst into tears.
  - answer: (b) called in
- A7 From the point of view of relevant <u>background</u> she was the ideal candidate at least on paper. answer: (d) background
- A8 It is absolutely essential in an interview to give the impression at least that you are full of <u>confidence</u>. answer: (c) confidence
- A9 One of the most popular questions asked of interviewees is to explain their strengths and <u>weaknesses</u>. answer: (a) weaknesses
- A10 Each candidate was asked to <u>present</u> a short account of how they saw the future of the company. answer: (b) present





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 31 (Answer Keys)

#### Working Well

- A1 The boss was appointed in the hope that she would be able to <u>achieve</u> results. answer: (c) achieve
- A2 In the very beginning she had a meeting with all the staff, which turned out to be extremely <u>productive</u>. answer: (a) productive
- Although many people wanted to remain <u>loyal</u> to her predecessor, they soon started to respect her style of managment.
   answer: (d) loyal
- A4 At the first series of interviews the question was whether to appoint a newcomer or <u>promote</u> a current employee.
  answer: (b) promote
- A5 The decision was finally taken that appointments should be based purely and simply on <u>merit</u>. answer: (c) merit
- A6 There was a new spirit in the company and for the first time in ages staff at last felt they were being <u>valued</u>.

  answer: (a) valued
- A7 Employees were beginning to receive <u>recognition</u> for the hard work that they had been doing. answer: (d) recognition
- A8 It soon became apparent that under the new management people were also starting to <u>contribute</u> some of their free time to the company.
  answer: (c) contribute
- A9 Some of the longest serving staff actually looked <u>forward</u> to coming into work. answer: (d) forward
- A10 At the end of her first year it was <u>obvious</u> to everyone that as the new boss she had been totally accepted. answer: (a) obvious





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 32 (Answer Keys)

## Pay and Allowances

- A1 On the <u>basis</u> of her ten years' service she immediately qualified for the extended annual leave of six weeks. answer: (b) basis
- A2 Although he knew it was a sensitive subject, his boss had to ask him the <u>delicate</u> question about his drink problem.

answer: (d) delicate

A3 At the interview each applicant was able to <u>negotiate</u> the level of remuneration they would be expecting to receive.

answer: (a) negotiate

44 Under the new <u>flexible</u> arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish.

answer: (c) flexible

A5 According to the contract you are not <u>eligible</u> for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.

answer: (d) eligible

- A6 The only way you can hope to <u>raise</u> the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility. answer: (b) raise
- A7 She is trying to get some form of <u>compensation</u> to make up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.

answer: (c) compensation

- A8 Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will <u>benefit</u> from the inner city allowance. answer: (b) benefit
- A9 The hourly <u>wage</u> for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000. answer: (a) wage
- A10 Remember when you stop work and <u>retire</u>, you will be able to receive the company pension.

answer: (d) retire





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 33 (Answer Keys)

#### Internet Business (1)

- A1 One of the great advantages of using the Internet is that people can <u>interact</u> more quickly.
  - answer: (d) interact
- A2 It's no good spending a small fortune on new IT equipment as it's more cost <u>effective</u> to hire it. answer: (c) effective
- A3 One of the fashionable ways of saying you've been sacked is to say that your company is <u>down</u>sizing but you've still lost your job.
  - answer: (a) down
- A4 The important thing to realise is that your service is not a little island on its own because all the services in this company are <u>inter</u>connected.
  - answer: (b) inter
- Whereas ten years ago we only dealt with customers in this country nowadays we are truly *global* with branches all over the world.
  - answer: (d) global
- A6 One of the most successful tools in your organisation is that of good <u>communication</u> because everybody knows what's going on.
  - answer: (a) communication
- A7 Let me just <u>recap</u> what we have agreed in the agenda so far if nobody minds me going over it all again. answer: (c) recap
- A8 You have to realise that not all your clients can reach you online because they don't have <u>access</u> to a computer.
  - answer: (b) access
- A9 There are times when you have to force yourself to improve your performance and that's simply called selfmotivation.
  - answer: (d) motivation
- A10 You must think big in this business and not just think short <u>term</u> but what you hope to do in ten years' time. answer: (a) term





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 34 (Answer Keys)

#### Internet Business (2)

- A1 It's all very well having a dream or an idea but you must know where you're going and what your *goal* is. answer: (c) goal
- A2 Her job in the company was to sort out the relevant information thereby <u>filtering</u> it so that only appropriate material was sent to her directors.

answer: (b) filtering

A3 She told him to stop wasting time by coming up with tried and tested ideas and in this way simply re-inventing the *wheel*.

answer: (d) wheel

A4 The product had been on the market for some years and was selling well but somehow the image was in need of a face lift or *enhancement*.

answer: (a) enhancement

A5 In the hope of finding fresh ideas he used the internet to help him by using as many search <u>portals</u> as he could discover.

answer: (b) portals

A6 You must increase the sale of this commodity by trying to interest a different age range and by <u>tapping</u> into their society.

answer: (c) tapping

A7 You'll never make any more money or <u>generate</u> new income if you keep using that unimaginative marketing logo.

answer: (a) generate

A8 Now that you've explained the scope and <u>dimension</u> of the market, we are very keen to inject some money into your project.

answer: (d) dimension

- A9 There is always a risk in any business <u>venture</u> when your scheme is based on an entirely new concept. answer: (a) venture
- A10 Get in there first and don't hesitate to act as the boss and take the lead.

answer: (b) lead





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 35 (Answer Keys)

#### Verbal Communication Skills

A1 Remember that this happened first and was <u>prior</u> to the episode that happened afterwards.

answer: (c) prior

A2 As the police saw the accident themselves, the driver avoided the <u>necessity</u> of having to give a detailed report.

answer: (d) necessity

A3 It's a complete waste of time <u>arguing</u> over who was to blame, the main thing we have to do is decide what to

do next.

answer: (a) arguing

A4 It was easy to realise why the machine had stopped working since it was a direct <u>consequence</u> of his failure to

maintain it.

answer: (c) consequence

A5 I am completely confused as to why she did it and so it's not <u>difficult</u> to imagine why other people are

mystified, too.

answer: (b) difficult

A6 If you want to try and influence that political party it's best to become a member yourself and then you can

argue from the inside.

answer: (d) inside

A7 I have great sympathy for them at this time because I have had a similar experience.

answer: (b) sympathy

A8 Feel free to visit anything of interest to you in the exhibition and also you can <u>partake</u> of any of the

refreshments available.

answer: (c) partake

A9 Many of the people in the crowd were visibly crying because they all sympathized with those who had lost

relatives in the disaster.

answer: (d) sympathized

A10 I assure you that you will have no problem with the task because it's as easy as can be.

answer: (a) as





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 36 (Answer Keys)

# Corporate Policy (1)

A1 Since last year my workload has increased <u>considerably</u>.

answer: (b) considerably

A2 The ability to present your thoughts in an organized *manner* is critical.

answer: (c) manner

A3 The company has *implemented* several new policies recently.

answer: (a) implemented

A4 She provided the judge with *concrete* evidence in support of the case.

answer: (a) concrete

A5 He is paid a salary rather than by the hour.

answer: (d) salary

A6 The job market seems to be improving.

answer: (c) market

A7 Your resume needs some work.

answer: (d) some

A8 The operation is currently *undergoing* some vast changes.

answer: (a) undergoing

A9 Working as a team will better enable the company to *reach* its goals.

answer: (c) reach

A10 Who is in charge of negotiations?

answer: (b) of





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 37 (Answer Keys)

# Corporate Policy (2)

A1 She is fed up with having to do 2 people's jobs.

answer: (d) fed up

A2 Being a mother of 3 and working full-time was too much.

answer: (c) of

A3 He works 6 days a week.

answer: (a) a

A4 It's the opportunity of a lifetime.

answer: (a) opportunity

A5 The left-overs each night are donated to a *nonprofit* organization that feeds the homeless.

answer: (d) nonprofit

A6 It is very important that the review is turned *in* by the deadline.

answer: (c) in

A7 Beginning in October we will evaluate each employee's past performance.

answer: (a) evaluate

A8 People tend to gravitate *toward* others who are the most like themselves.

answer: (c) toward

A9 The owners are discussing how they can cut costs without lowering salaries or *laying* off employees.

answer: (b) laying

A10 You are the most helpful person I have met.

answer: (d) most





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 38 (Answer Keys)

#### Corporate Policy (3)

A1 A suck-up is someone who is overly nice to their superior in an attempt to gain favor.

answer: (b) overly nice to

A2 Another name similar to a suck-up is a *brown*-noser.

answer: (c) brown

A3 Our annual income is at least six-digits.

answer: (a) annual

A4 You should solicit and utilize feedback on all of your endeavors.

answer: (d) endeavors

A5 He must master an array of technical skills.

answer: (a) array

A6 It is crucial that we do not stifle the momentum of the up-and-coming generation of workforce.

answer: (b) stifle

A7 Let your creative juices flow.

answer: (d) flow

A8 You may need to alter some of your phrasing because some of these sentences are redundant.

answer: (b) alter

A9 She implied her notable distaste for her opponent by wrinkling her nose upon his arrival.

answer: (c) distaste

A10 The new supervisor has furnished the company with some exceptionally enlightening new ways of thinking.

answer: (a) furnished





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 39 (Answer Keys)

#### Behaviour Guidline

A1 Your reputation precedes you.

answer: (b) precedes

A2 Their vast efforts were thwarted in the end.

answer: (d) thwarted

A3 The corporate disorganization was really only a *by-product* of the director's indecisiveness.

answer: (a) by-product

A4 She strode hastily through the crowd.

answer: (b) hastily

A5 The condescending manner in which he addresses his employees is incredibly degrading.

answer: (c) degrading

A6 If an employee's performance is not up to par and the same is either unable or unwilling to change, a

personnel change may be necessary.

answer: (a) personnel

A7 No one can *help* liking her because she is so warm and pleasant.

answer: (d) help

A8 Engaging in gossip is a highly distasteful act.

answer: (a) distasteful

A9 All loitering is strictly prohibited on the premises.

answer: (d) premises

A10 We must start from 'ground 0'.

answer: (b) 0





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 40 (Answer Keys)

#### How to assess employees

A1 His depiction was entirely ambiguous.

answer: (c) depiction

A2 Giving extravagantly to causes in which you believe is remarkably commendable.

answer: (b) commendable

A3 Diversity is *just* as important as continuity.

answer: (a) just

A4 Our office is a bustling hub of activity.

answer: (d) hub

A5 He gave us little to no indication as to his whereabouts.

answer: (c) as to

A6 The athletic abilities of the circus performers was nothing short of *phenomenal*.

answer: (b) phenomenal

A7 Virtually every assignment will require an *element* of creativity.

answer: (b) element

A8 He was contemplating devising a new technique.

answer: (a) devising

A9 The industry is on the *verge* of a colossal expansion.

answer: (d) verge

A10 While certain tasks may be somewhat *contrived*, nevertheless the genuine exchange of information can occur.

answer: (c) contrived





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 41 (Answer Keys)

## Money Slang Expressions

A1 Mary: Did you know there are <u>loads</u> of slang words for money, like bread for example?

answer: (c) loads

A2 John: I suppose there are when you <u>come</u> to think about it — like dough, which is similar to your word bread.

answer: (d) come

A3 Mary: One of my favourites is dosh. I like the sound of it.

answer: (a) favourites

A4 John: Well if you're referring to sound. What about spondulicks?

answer: (b) referring

A5 Mary: Yes, that's excellent. Another short sound that *appeals* to me is brass.

answer: (c) appeals

A6 John: Another one that *rhymes* with jolly is the word lolly.

answer: (d) rhymes

A7 Mary: An expression which sounds very decadent of course is filthy lucre.

answer: (a) decadent

A8 John: That's true and then there's that word that also has the same <u>meaning</u> as something that's been

stolen — loot.

answer: (c) meaning

A9 Mary: The one that sounds very grand because it in a way <u>hides</u> the fact that it means money and that's the

wherewithal.

answer: (b) hides

A10 John: Actually, I'm a little embarrassed about this but I haven't any money to pay for the bus home. Do you

think you could lend me some readies?

answer: (d) embarrassed





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 42 (Answer Keys)

## Accounting terms

A1 The customary manner in which a business analyzes and records its <u>transactions</u> is by first entering them into a journal.

answer: (a) transactions

A2 Journal entries are entered in *chronological* order, meaning by date, with the earliest date first.

answer: (c) chronological

A3 Once the transactions have been entered into the journal they are <u>posted</u> or transferred into their individual General Ledger accounts.

answer: (d) posted

A4 All assets increase with a debit entry and decrease with a credit entry.

answer: (c) assets

A5 Liabilities either have a credit or no balance at all.

answer: (b) balance

A6 Capital accounts represent the owner's *net* worth in the business.

answer: (d) net

A7 revenue accounts are accounts for your sources of business-generated income.

answer: (b) revenue

A8 The <u>markup</u> is the difference between what a business pays for an item wholesale and what the business sells it for retail.

answer: (a) markup

A9 An accounts payable *ledger* shows how much you owe each of your vendors.

answer: (c) ledger

A10 Accounts receivable shows how much money your customers owe you.

answer: (b) receivable





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 43 (Answer Keys)

#### Payroll policy in the USA

A1 Gross pay is what an employee earns before deductions.

answer: (c) Gross

A2 Net pay is what an employee actually receives after deductions.

answer: (a) Net

A3 An employee who is paid on <u>salary</u> receives the same pay each pay period no matter how many hours they

work.

answer: (b) salary

A4 In the USA working over 40 hours per week is considered overtime. For each hour of overtime in the USA you

receive your hourly wage multiplied time 1 1/2.

answer: (c) wage

A5 The rates for overtime in the USA are generally known as *time-and-a-half*.

answer: (d) time-and-a-half

A6 Federal taxes and Social Security are both examples of standard <u>deductions</u> from your paycheck.

answer: (b) deductions

A7 In order to cash a check you must *endorse* it, or in other words sign the back.

answer: (a) endorse

A8 You record how much each of your employees should be paid in the payroll account.

answer: (d) payroll

A9 An outstanding check is one that you have written and deducted from your checkbook balance but has not yet

cleared the bank.

answer: (c) outstanding

A10 Books are all closed at the end of an accounting period. A more common term for an accounting period is a

fiscal period.

answer: (b) fiscal





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 44 (Answer Keys)

#### Job Interview Advice

- A1 When you go to a job interview, it is really important to dress <u>appropriately</u>.

  answer: (b) appropriately
- A2 When filling out an application, make sure you write your answers <u>intelligibly</u>.

  answer: (c) intelligibly
- A3 Make sure you list your skills and experience that you believe will meet the <u>expectations</u> of the employer. answer: (a) expectations
- A4 In your job interview, don't complain about previous jobs or former <u>employers</u>.

  answer: (d) employers
- A5 When answering questions to the employer, be confident and <u>articulate</u> your words really well. answer: (b) articulate
- A6 Avoid <u>casual</u> clothing such as jeans, flip flops, sneakers, t-shirts, caps, etc. answer: (a) casual
- A7 Bring as much information about yourself as you might need. On your <u>resume</u> make sure you include hobbies, volunteer work or anything that you've done that may pertain to that job.

  answer: (c) resume
- A8 It is usually really handy to have letters of <u>recommendation</u> from previous employers. answer: (b) recommendation
- A9 Hint: Fill out the job application first with a pencil then with a pen, so you don't have to use white out.

  answer: (a) white out
- A10 If you don't remember some particular information about jobs you had in the past, feel free to ask the employer if you can take the application home so you can do some <u>research</u>.
  answer: (d) research





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 45 (Answer Keys)

#### Dental Care Expressions

A1 Most dentists are <u>solo</u> practitioners, which means they own their own business and work alone or with a small staff.

answer: (c) solo

A2 Dentists sometimes perform corrective <u>surgery</u> on gums and supporting bones to treat gum diseases. answer: (b) surgery

A3 Dentists wear masks, gloves, and safety glasses to protect themselves and their patients from <u>infectious</u> <u>diseases</u>.

answer: (a) infectious diseases

A4 Orthodontists use braces or retainers to apply pressure to teeth in order <u>to straighten</u> them. answer: (d) to straighten

After finishing dental school, some people work together with established dentists as <u>associates</u> for a couple of years to build up experience and save money to equip an office of their own.

answer: (c) associates

As dental technology improves, dentists will be able to offer more <u>effective</u> treatment to their patients. answer: (b) effective

A7 When dentists extract all of your teeth, they replace the missing teeth with <u>dentures</u>. answer: (d) dentures

A8 Dentists use an assortment of <u>instruments</u> like mouth mirrors, probes, forceps, brushes, and scalpels in their work.

answer: (a) instruments

A9 When decay or injuries <u>infect</u> the blood or nerve supply of your tooth, you need a Root Canal. answer: (b) infect

A10 Wisdom teeth are always the last to <u>develop</u>. They commonly appear around the ages 17 to 25. answer: (c) develop





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 46 (Answer Keys)

Insurance Policy Vocabulary

- A1 I took out a life insurance <u>policy</u> with State Ranch Insurance Company last week. answer: (b) policy
- A2 My insurance <u>premiums</u> are only \$70 per month. answer: (c) premiums
- A3 In the event of my death, the <u>beneficiary</u> will be my widow. answer: (d) beneficiary
- A4 My insurance does not <u>cover</u> me if I commit suicide. answer: (b) cover
- A5 The amount of money that my wife will get has already been calculated by State Ranch's <u>actuary</u>.

  answer: (c) actuary
- A6 If I decide that I no longer need my insurance, I can cash it in for the amount of its <u>return</u> value. answer: (d) return
- A7 Before I got the insurance, I had to receive a complete physical <u>examination</u>.

  answer: (d) examination
- A8 I am feeling great, because the doctor told me that I have a life <u>expectancy</u> of 82 years! answer: (c) expectancy
- A9 Even if I am late in paying, the insurance remains in effect for a <u>grace</u> period of 30 days. answer: (a) grace
- A10 The insurance is pretty expensive though: I am a policeman, so there are a lot of occupational <u>hazards</u>. answer: (c) hazards





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 47 (Answer Keys)

## Contracts and agreements

A1 A contract is a *binding* agreement that is reached between two individuals or parties.

answer: (c) binding

A2 A contract between an individual and his or her employer is for the services s/he will provide in exchange for getting *paid*.

answer: (a) paid

A3 Signing a rental agreement to live in an apartment for one year is a kind of contract.

answer: (c) Signing

A4 The tenant promises to pay a <u>certain</u> amount of rent, and in return, the realty agent promises to supply the accommodation.

answer: (b) certain

A5 A customer *enters* into a contract each time s/he makes a purchase.

answer: (d) enters

A6 A contract is initiated when a person makes an offer to buy something and the seller <u>accepts</u> his or her offer.

answer: (c) accepts

A7 In order for a contract to be completed, something of *value* needs to be exchanged.

answer: (b) value

A8 A contract has been created when both the buyer and the seller have agreed that there will be some kind of consideration.

answer: (a) consideration

A9 Any contract that is made to buy or sell something that is *illegal* is not enforceable under law.

answer: (c) illegal

A10 A contract is required to be made by those who are legally capable, a condition called *capacity*.

answer: (b) capacity





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 48 (Answer Keys)

#### The Business Plan

A1 The initial responsibility of a business plan is to help to develop a <u>solid</u> business strategy. answer: (d) solid

A2 First, you should describe your products and services and discuss the market that you are <u>targeting</u>. answer: (c) targeting

A3 If you wish to interest investors, you need to emphasize the company's profit <u>potential</u>. answer: (a) potential

A4 You should be particularly careful to adequately <u>disclose</u> the risks in the business. answer: (c) disclose

A5 You should examine customer <u>needs</u> and the benefits of your products and services. answer: (c) needs

A6 <u>Evaluate</u> the strong and weak points of any firms in competition with yours and look for marketplace opportunities.

answer: (b) Evaluate

A7 If you can find a particular market <u>niche</u> to focus on, you should investigate this further. answer: (d) niche

A8 It may also be possible for you to <u>position</u> your products differently in the marketplace to attract new customers.

answer: (a) position

A9 It is not a good idea to exaggerate sales projections, and it is just as poor an idea to <u>underestimate</u> operating costs.

answer: (d) underestimate

A10 If you forecast conservatively, you will be more likely to maintain an extra <u>cushion</u> of cash.

answer: (d) cushion





## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 49 (Answer Keys)

#### Conference Advice

A1 Being a delegate at conferences and other gatherings is a valuable opportunity whether or not you present a <u>paper</u>.

answer: (c) paper

At such events, you will get an accurate <u>sense</u> of the current direction of the industry. answer: (c) sense

A3 And if you are scheduled to give a talk, you will gain increased <u>visibility</u>. answer: (d) visibility

A4 Actually, it is not very important for you to attend any of the <u>vendor</u> exhibitions.

answer: (c) vendor

A5 In order for you to be <u>plugged</u> into your industry and its market, it is important for you to go to such events. answer: (a) plugged

A6 The importance of conferences is not the seminars or workshops, but the refreshment breaks and chatting at the bar after the day is <u>done</u>.

answer: (d) done

A7 The key feature of a conference is the chance to meet those whom you would not <u>otherwise</u> have met. answer: (c) otherwise

A8 Be sure to carry your business cards, and do not hesitate to <u>exchange</u> cards with anyone you meet. answer: (d) exchange

A9 And finally: do not forget to enjoy your host city: conference information packages often <u>spotlight</u> nearby attractions and sightseeing opportunities.

answer: (d) spotlight

A10 Well ahead of time, however, you should plan a balance of scheduled conference activities and events that <u>suit</u> your needs.

answer: (d) suit





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 50 (Answer Keys)

## Computer Health

- A1 Computer advisors recommend that you consider correct workstation <u>layout</u> and personal posture in order to minimize the chances of an injury.
  - answer: (a) layout
- A2 The symptoms of such injuries may include <u>numbness</u> in the fingers, painful hands or wrists, or eye problems. answer: (d) numbness
- A3 A(n) <u>ideal</u> workstation permits you to work in a natural position while minimizing the strain on your arms, back and eyes.
  - answer: (b) ideal
- A4 On the other hand, a poorly designed workstation will force you into uncomfortable postures like <u>hunching</u> over.
  - answer: (b) hunching
- A5 Experienced computer operators know that a good chair <u>adapts</u> to their bodies.
  - answer: (a) adapts
- A6 Use a chair that has a backrest supporting the <u>curves</u> of your back.
  - answer: (d) curves
- A7 Ensure that you have enough <u>room</u> below the table top to fit your knees comfortably. answer: (c) room
- A8 Select a mouse that fits your hand; be sure that it is as flat as possible in order to minimize wrist <u>strain</u>. answer: (b) strain
- A9 The computer monitor needs to be separate from the keyboard, and it should be <u>centered</u> directly in front of you.
  - answer: (a) centered
- A10 A person's body is not intended to remain motionless, even in a comfortable position, for long <u>periods</u> of time; so get up and stretch!
  - answer: (c) periods





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 51 (Answer Keys)

## Marketing Strategies

- A1 The first step most managers <u>take</u> to grow their business is to increase the number of customers. answer: (c) take
- A2 Losses are usually suffered if inexperienced sales staff are given the task of <u>implementing</u> a marketing scheme.
  - answer: (c) implementing
- A3 Fundamental marketing strategy is to create prospective customers who are ready, <u>willing</u> and able to buy. answer: (d) willing
- A4 The primary goal of a such a strategy is to present sales staff with prospects to <u>convert</u> into paying customers. answer: (c) convert
- A5 One thing that managers can do to increase their business is to reward existing customers for <u>referring</u> new ones.
  - answer: (a) referring
- A6 Established customers are seldom asked whether they are interested in more or new products or services; they are all too often taken for <u>granted</u>.
  - answer: (d) granted
- A7 It can be the <u>undoing</u> of a business to expect regular customers to purchase standard quantities without being solicited to buy more.
  - answer: (b) undoing
- A8 Sharing news, information and offers with customers increases their <u>frequency</u> of repurchase. answer: (b) frequency
- A9 Customers should be offered more value through complementary products and services at the <u>point</u> of sale. answer: (d) point
- A10 Repeat business is gained by the company that gives the customer what s/he wants.

answer: (c) Repeat





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 52 (Answer Keys)

#### Warranties

- A1 One definition of a warranty is that it is a promise of <u>quality</u> which is given by the seller or the manufacturer to the purchaser.
  answer: (b) quality
- A2 The purchaser must be given the <u>opportunity</u> to see the warranty before s/he makes the purchase. answer: (b) opportunity
- A3 Unfortunately, shoppers do not usually pay attention to the <u>coverage</u> until a problem with the purchase arises. answer: (a) coverage
- A4 Many retailers view warranties as a <u>promotional</u> technique. answer: (d) promotional
- A5 The use of warranties gradually developed as part of the <u>bargaining</u> process between sellers and customers. answer: (a) bargaining
- A6 An implied warranty is legally in effect even if it is not in <u>written</u> form. answer: (d) written
- A7 Any respectable manufacturer will <u>honor</u> an implied warranty.

  answer: (b) honor
- A8 Clear <u>title</u> is an affirmation that the product has not been stolen and is not otherwise illegal. answer: (d) title
- A warranty of <u>fitness</u> for purpose assures the purchaser that the item will perform properly the function for which it was designed.
   answer: (c) fitness
- A10 Merchantability warrants that the item will <u>live</u> up to reasonable expectations of the purchaser. answer: (c) live





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 53 (Answer Keys)

# Office Technology Problems

- A1 The <u>misuse</u> of technology in the office increases the average work day in the US by over an hour and a half. answer: (b) misuse
- A2 One research project revealed that phone and email habits can actually reduce <u>productivity</u> rather than improve it.
  - answer: (c) productivity
- A3 At work, male employees are the greater time wasters when it <u>comes</u> to surreptitious non-work activities. answer: (a) comes
- A4 Improperly dealing with phone calls and emails hinders workers from getting their jobs done, creates poor working habits, and <u>lengthens</u> the work day.
  answer: (c) lengthens
- A5 Too much reliance on voice mail when making or <u>returning</u> phone calls was also spotlighted in the study. answer: (c) returning
- A6 The delay that is caused by the necessity of waiting for critical responses to emails was another problem that caused time <u>wastage</u> every day.
  - answer: (d) wastage
- A7 The average total time lost at work every day was over two hours, of which an hour and a half was because communication technology was not used to good <u>effect</u>.

  answer: (b) effect
- A8 On average, thirty minutes were wasted managing telephone communications, while ten more minutes were wasted attempting to locate <u>colleagues</u>.
- A9 The communications <u>tools</u> that once were an important contribution to efficiency have now begun to become a detriment to it.
  - answer: (c) tools

answer: (c) colleagues

- A10 One basic cause of lost efficiency is that employees are often unaware of another worker's location, whether it be in a meeting, at a different desk, or away offsite.
  - answer: (a) offsite





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 54 (Answer Keys)

#### Secretarial Office Procedures

A1 Modern technology continues to proliferate in offices everywhere, and the secretary's role has greatly evolved.

answer: (a) evolved

A2 Operational restructuring and automated procedures have presented secretaries with a broad range of new responsibilities formerly *reserved* for managerial levels.

answer: (c) reserved

A3 Nevertheless, amid these changes their core duties have remained almost unchanged.

answer: (b) core

A4 A secretary is responsible for a range of administrative and <u>clerical</u> duties that are essential to the efficient operation of a business.

answer: (a) clerical

A5 A secretary serves as an information <u>clearinghouse</u> for an office, organizes and maintains hard copy and electronic files, and generates correspondence.

answer: (a) clearinghouse

A6 Many secretaries also *handle* travel arrangements and contact clients.

answer: (c) handle

A7 A large part of a secretary's day is involved with negotiating meeting times, which is a(n) <u>cumbersome</u> job, especially if many are to attend.

answer: (b) cumbersome

A8 Today, more and more secretarial staff use PCs to run database management, <u>desktop</u> publishing, and computer graphics software.

answer: (a) desktop

A9 Secretaries nowadays are often <u>relieved</u> from old-fashioned typing and dictation; therefore, they can now support more than one executive staff member.

answer: (c) relieved

A10 Executive secretaries are responsible for fewer clerical duties than lower-level secretarial staff.

answer: (b) Executive





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 55 (Answer Keys)

#### Basic Electronics

- A1 Electronics is the study and utilization of systems that function by guiding electron flow in <u>devices</u> such as semiconductors.
  - answer: (b) devices
- A2 Designing and building electronic circuits to solve <u>practical</u> problems is the mandate of electronics engineering.
  - answer: (b) practical
- A3 Research into innovative semiconductor technology and applications is considered a <u>branch</u> of physics. answer: (a) branch
- A4 Electronic circuits are mainly used to control, process and distribute information, and for the <u>conversion</u> and distribution of electric power.
  - answer: (d) conversion
- A5 These two purposes rely on the creation and detection of electromagnetic <u>fields</u> and electrical currents. answer: (a) fields
- A6 The rapid modern advancement of electronics began in <u>earnest</u> with the introduction of the radio. answer: (a) earnest
- A7 There are three divisions to an electronics system, an example of which is a television <u>set.</u> answer: (d) set
- A8 First, the input is a broadcast signal either received by its antenna or <u>fed</u> in through a cable. answer: (b) fed
- A9 Second, processing circuits inside the TV <u>extract</u> the brightness, colour and audio data from this signal. answer: (c) extract
- A10 Third and last, its output apparatus, a cathode ray tube, changes the electronic signals into a <u>visible</u> image on its screen.
  - answer: (d) visible





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 56 (Answer Keys)

#### **Business Letter Basics**

A1 The first goal in writing a business letter is to get the recipient's <u>attention</u>.

answer: (b) attention

A2 One fundamental <u>principle</u> of effective writing is to put the key information at the beginning.

answer: (c) principle

A3 Avoid <u>weighing</u> down the beginning of the letter with abundant information of which the reader is already

aware, however.

answer: (c) weighing

A4 Effective writing is <u>effortless</u> reading that makes the recipient want to read further.

answer: (b) effortless

A5 In writing commercial correspondence, it is important to employ a friendly yet efficient tone.

answer: (d) tone

A6 Try to aim for a <u>conversational</u> style, but without employing bad grammar, slang, or otherwise questionable

English.

answer: (d) conversational

A7 Be merciless in eliminating the *padding* that most people put into letters: it wastes the recipient's time and tries

his or her patience.

answer: (d) padding

A8 A good business letter is simple and straightforward without being simplistic or patronizing.

answer: (d) patronizing

A9 The conclusion or ending paragraph should bring the communication to a polite and businesslike close.

answer: (a) businesslike

A10 Unfortunately, the ending paragraphs in much commercial correspondence employ wordy and overused

phrases that detract from the letter's impact.

answer: (d) impact





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 57 (Answer Keys)

### Annual Report

A1 Our annual report was <u>submitted</u> to the shareholders on 31 March.

answer: (b) submitted

A2 Turnover remained constant through the fiscal year.

answer: (b) fiscal

A3 Profits declined sharply with the devaluation of the *currency*.

answer: (c) currency

A4 Sales fell gradually in the first two quarters, but recovered in the second half of the year.

answer: (c) recovered

A5 Costs reached a peak in April.

answer: (d) a peak

A6 Demand rose sharply after our major competitor went into bankruptcy.

answer: (a) bankruptcy

A7 Overhead levelled off when utility charges were *frozen* by the government.

answer: (b) frozen

A8 Prices were raised with the introduction of our new *line* of widgets.

answer: (b) line

A9 Output kept up with demand.

answer: (b) kept

A10 Although the company's overall *performance* was weak, its bottom line was still in the black.

answer: (c) performance





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 58 (Answer Keys)

# The Importation Process

A1 In the first step of the importation process, the purchaser makes his selection from the supplier's <u>catalogue</u> of hair dryers.

answer: (b) catalogue

A2 Next, he sends an email to check the availability of <u>stock</u>.

answer: (c) stock

A3 Thereupon, he *orders* the hair dryers.

answer: (c) orders

A4 Soon, he receives a *confirmation* of the order from the supplier.

answer: (a) confirmation

A5 Afterward, he receives a pro forma invoice.

answer: (c) forma

A6 Subsequently, his bank issues a *letter* of credit for the amount of the invoice.

answer: (b) letter

A7 Then, he receives the supplier's invoice for the hair dryers FOB point of departure.

answer: (c) point

A8 After that, he receives the *bill* of lading from the transporter.

answer: (a) bill

A9 Thereafter, he pays the transporter for *shipping* costs.

answer: (d) shipping

A10 Finally, he receives the hair dryers with a *customs* declaration form.

answer: (d) customs





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 59 (Answer Keys)

### Cellular Telephones

A1 All <u>around</u> the world, cellular telephones are being used more and more. answer: (b) around

A2 Cell phones are hand- <u>held</u> devices; they are also called wireless or mobile phones.

answer: (c) held

A3 Cell phones are *popular* with users because they are small, light and easily transported.

answer: (c) popular

A4 Cellular telephones are actually little different than two- way radios.

answer: (d) way

A5 A caller speaks into a cell phone, and it picks *up* his or her voice, transforming the sound into radio waves.

answer: (d) up

A6 Then these radio waves are transmitted through the atmosphere until they meet a *nearby* base station.

answer: (b) nearby

A7 The station sends your phone call <u>through</u> the standard telephone network, where it eventually reaches the

receiver.

answer: (d) through

A8 Cell phones provide a vast array of functions these days, and new ones are being added all the time.

answer: (d) functions

A9 When someone calls you, your cell phone receiver *detects* radio waves sent out by the base station.

answer: (b) detects

A10 Inside your cell phone, these waves are converted back into the sound of the caller's voice.

answer: (a) back





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 60 (Answer Keys)

# Job Advertising

A1 Industry- <u>specific</u>, or niche, employment websites are proliferating as places for companies to locate qualified personnel.

answer: (d) specific

A2 Niche sites present a large <u>pool</u> of qualified job-seekers.

answer: (c) pool

A3 The internet, in comparison to other advertising media, gives its users a broader <u>reach</u>. answer: (a) reach

A4 The internet produces results faster and more cheaply than other <u>traditional</u> advertising media. answer: (d) traditional

A5 Companies these days look at internet job advertising as an <u>integral</u> part of their staffing efforts. answer: (c) integral

A6 Advertising positions on employment websites can generate a lot of <u>traffic</u> from potential candidates. answer: (d) traffic

A7 But general sites often produce an insufficient number of qualified applicants, making the process relatively time <u>consuming</u> for the results seen.

answer: (a) consuming

A8 Niche site marketing targets executives and professionals of the industry <u>served</u>. answer: (d) served

A9 Advertisements both on niche sites and using more conventional methods are a part of a well- <u>rounded</u> staffing campaign.

answer: (c) rounded

A10 Niche sites often include job postings, comparative salary scales, curriculum vitae databases, and <u>more</u>. answer: (d) more





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 61 (Answer Keys)

# Job Applications

- A1 The application form is used by companies as a means of <u>standardizing</u> basic information from all applicants. answer: (d) standardizing
- A2 The application is a key marketing tool for the applicant in the job-seeking process. answer: (c) seeking
- A3 Companies utilize the application as a <u>basis</u> for deciding whether to interview the applicant. answer: (b) basis
- A4 The application form should be considered the applicant's first test in <u>following</u> directions. answer: (b) following
- A5 The application form should be filled out as <u>neatly</u> as possible; it reflects the applicant's nature. answer: (c) neatly
- A6 On the form, answers should be <u>tailored</u> to the specific position for which the person is applying. answer: (d) tailored
- A7 No <u>blanks</u> should be left on the form; for questions that are irrelevant, write "not applicable" ("n/a"). answer: (b) blanks
- A8 The goal of the application is to obtain a personal interview, so do not provide any <u>negative</u> information. answer: (b) negative
- A9 Questions should be answered <u>truthfully</u>, but complete answers need not necessarily be given. answer: (d) truthfully
- A10 Specific salary limits should never be indicated on the application; just write "open" or " <u>negotiable</u> ". answer: (b) negotiable





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 62 (Answer Keys)

#### Job Interviews

A1 The first interview for the candidate is the <u>screening</u> interview, which is used to ascertain whether s/he matches the position's minimum qualifications.

answer: (c) screening

A2 The interviewer(s) will have the applicant's resume in <u>hand</u> and attempt to confirm the information it contains. answer: (b) hand

A3 The selection interview is worrisome for most candidates: although they may have the requisite skills, the company now determines whether they have the personality to <u>fit</u> into the group.

answer: (a) fit

A4 A candidate who does not interact positively with supervisors and co-workers may <u>disrupt</u> the operations of a whole section.

answer: (b) disrupt

A5 A group interview is one in which the interviewer(s) attempt to distinguish the <u>leaders</u> from the followers.

answer: (d) leaders

A6 When a panel interview is *held*, the candidate is interviewed by several people at the same time.

answer: (b) held

A7 The candidate should make eye <u>contact</u> with each member of the panel as s/he answers the panelist's question.

answer: (c) contact

A8 One technique the applicant should be aware of is the stress interview, which is occasionally used to <u>weed</u> out those who are unable to deal with adverse situations.

answer: (c) weed

A9 Stress may be introduced into this kind of interview by asking strange questions or by reacting to the candidate's responses with *silence*.

answer: (c) silence

A10 In a stress interview, the candidate has only two choices: play <u>along</u> or refuse such bad treatment by terminating the interview.

answer: (a) along





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 63 (Answer Keys)

# Hiring the Right Person

A1 In order to take on the right candidate, the employer must examine both abilities and personality, although not necessarily in that <u>order</u>.

answer: (b) order

A2 The first step to hiring success is being aware of the abilities that the ideal candidate should have.

answer: (d) success

A3 Before proceeding to advertisement and interviews, create a list of skills needed for the job and assign a <u>rating</u> to each skill.

answer: (b) rating

A4 Placing a *premium* on education and experience is only common sense in the hiring process.

answer: (b) premium

A5 If the applicant seems to be over-qualified for the position, you have found either a diamond in the <u>rough</u> or someone very adept at interviews.

answer: (c) rough

A6 If this applicant does not have extensive practical experience in a similar position, you may rest <u>assured</u> that s/he is the latter.

answer: (a) assured

A7 Nevertheless, occasionally a talented candidate is found who is willing to accept a position and pay <u>scale</u> for which he or she is overqualified.

answer: (d) scale

A8 How successful the candidate will be is determined in the end by the team <u>chemistry</u> of the group s/he becomes a part of.

answer: (b) chemistry

A9 The manager's goal is to employ individuals who are technically <u>proficient</u> and also have personalities that suit their team.

answer: (c) proficient

A10 Should questions remain concerning the candidate following the traditional interview, it is then time to consult his or her *references*.

answer: (a) references





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 64 (Answer Keys)

# Training New Staff

- A1 Well before beginning a training program, the trainer should sit down and prepare a lesson <u>plan</u> for each day.
  answer: (b) plan
- A2 The course needs to be well prepared in advance so that all important points will be <u>covered</u>. answer: (a) covered
- A3 Before or during the first class, it is important, if possible, to take time to <u>get</u> to know the individual students. answer: (a) get
- A4 An effective trainer knows his or her <u>audience</u>. answer: (a) audience
- A5 Put questions to the trainees and encourage them to <u>question</u> in return. answer: (c) question
- A6 Early on, the trainer should <u>determine</u> what his or her students already know, what previous experience they have, and what difficulties they have encountered.

  answer: (d) determine
- A7 In this way, the trainer discovers where to <u>place</u> emphasis and where to move more quickly through the information.
  answer: (c) place
- A8 Training is a dynamic, two-way process; it should always be a <u>dialogue</u> rather than a speech or presentation. answer: (b) dialogue
- A9 The trainer should not forget to cover the minor tasks that are familiar to a longer-term employee; these could well be <u>foreign</u> to a recent hiree.

  answer: (b) foreign
- A10 One important training tool is the list; remember that this may be the only <u>thing</u> that remains with your trainee after the training session has finished.

  answer: (d) thing





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 65 (Answer Keys)

# Company Benefits

- A1 Company benefits are often a significant portion of the employee's compensation <u>package</u>. answer: (a) package
- A2 When considering an offer, the candidate should examine any benefits offered by the <u>prospective</u> employer. answer: (d) prospective
- A3 Generous benefits can contribute up to 35 or 40 percent to the <u>overall</u> compensation for a job. answer: (b) overall
- Health insurance is an important benefit; it is less expensive through the employer at group rates than when taking it out on one's own.
   answer: (c) group
- A5 Should the employee become ill or have an accident, his or her medical <u>treatment</u> is adequately covered. answer: (d) treatment
- A6 Many US employers now help cover the expense of <u>childcare</u> facilities in their communities. answer: (a) childcare
- A7 Another important benefit now often offered is flextime, which allows the employee to vary his or her working hours, within <u>limits</u>, each day.

  answer: (b) limits
- A8 On the other hand, fewer companies are offering pension plans that guarantee a fixed monthly sum to <a href="retirees">retirees</a>.

  answer: (c) retirees
- A9 Another benefit, the stock ownership plan, permits the employee to buy <u>shares</u> of the company's stock at subsidized prices.
  answer: (c) shares
- A10 <u>Telecommuting</u> is a work plan that permits the employee to work from his or her home. answer: (b) Telecommuting





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 66 (Answer Keys)

# Starting Salary Expectations

A1 If a well-qualified person is assiduous in his or her job search, s/he may receive more than one job <u>offer.</u> answer: (c) offer

A2 Location and cost of living play a big *part* in determining salary.

answer: (a) part

A3 Both salary and cost of living vary among urban, suburban, and rural areas.

answer: (c) rural

A4 Salaries in an urban area will likely be higher than in the suburbs, while the purchasing <u>power</u> of each salary may be similar.

answer: (b) power

A5 The costs of living in a <u>number</u> of geographical locations can be compared by using salary calculators available on the internet.

answer: (b) number

A6 Supply and demand are big factors in the starting salary a company may offer.

answer: (d) Supply

A7 In a field with a large number of candidates, there will be lower salaries and stiff competition.

answer: (c) stiff

A8 Contrariwise, other fields need workers so badly that the candidate will have his or her choice of employers, many of whom will offer *top* dollar.

answer: (d) top

A9 Even so, within fields a range of salaries is offered, and industry and specific employer usually <u>affect</u> salary.

answer: (a) affect

A10 Finally, each candidate is one-of-a-kind: his or her specific qualifications and abilities will play a major role in attracting employers and *negotiating* a salary.

answer: (c) negotiating





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 67 (Answer Keys)

#### **Job Promotion**

A1 Employees with ambition are often eager to move into management.

answer: (c) move

A2 Maturity is the ability to make decisions that will affect the company's future in a non-emotional way.

answer: (c) Maturity

A3 Such employees will have formed friendships in the company, and co-workers will be expecting them to make decisions *based* on these relationships.

answer: (b) based

A4 An employee's ability to come up with <u>sound</u> ideas is a benefit to a company, and the employee will be noticed for it.

answer: (a) sound

A5 A manager knows what s/he needs to get done each day, and usually knows this at the end of the previous day, so s/he should get a *game* plan thought out ahead of time.

answer: (c) game

A6 Promotions go to the employees who are the most help to their bosses; when the boss is asked for a recommendation, those helpful employees will <u>come to mind</u>.

answer: (a) come to mind

A7 Management hopefuls should watch what their boss does and gain some <u>insight</u> into the responsibilities of the position.

answer: (c) insight

A8 The proverb "familiarity <u>breeds</u> contempt" is quite applicable to working in a position of authority.

answer: (a) breeds

A9 A manager cannot make close friends at the office; s/he should make allies instead.

answer: (b) allies

A10 Good managers know how to remain friendly but *impersonal*.

answer: (a) impersonal





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 68 (Answer Keys)

#### The Balance Sheet

- A1 A balance sheet shows the financial <u>resources</u> that a company has at a point in time and where they came from.
  - answer: (b) resources
- A2 It is an instant photograph that displays the company's financial <u>position</u> at the end of a business month, quarter or year.
  - answer: (b) position
- A3 The organization of a balance sheet reflects this basic <u>equation</u>: assets equal debts plus equity. answer: (c) equation
- A4 The <u>chart</u> of accounts is a listing of the accounts that are reflected in the financial statements. answer: (b) chart
- Assets are often listed in the order of their <u>liquidity</u> which means how easy it would be to convert each asset into cash.
   answer: (b) liquidity
- A6 Assets are divided into three categories: Current Assets, Fixed Assets, and <u>Other Assets</u>. answer: (d) Other
- A7 Current assets will likely be turned into cash or converted into a(n) <u>expense</u> within a year. answer: (b) expense
- A8 Fixed assets are saleable, but are not expected to be converted to cash in the <u>normal</u> course of business. answer: (d) normal
- A9 Liabilities are debts or <u>obligations</u> stemming from goods or services received by the company. answer: (a) obligations
- A10 If the assets of a company are greater than its liabilities, then the equity of the business is the positive <u>difference</u> between the two numbers.

answer: (b) difference





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 69 (Answer Keys)

#### Income Statements

A1 The statement of income and expenses reports the company's income and expenses for the time period: it is also called a *profit*-and-loss statement.

answer: (c) profit

A2 The first item on the statement is the total amount of sales of products or services; this is often referred to as *gross* sales.

answer: (a) gross

A3 The main deduction from this revenue is called <u>cost</u> of sales, the amount of money the company spent to produce the same goods or services.

answer: (a) cost

A4 The next deduction is <u>operating</u> expenses — for example, administrative salaries and research costs, which do not vary directly with production.

answer: (b) operating

A5 Depreciation expenses the wear and *tear* on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.

answer: (d) tear

- A6 The depreciation charge for using these assets during the accounting period is a <u>function</u> of their original cost. answer: (d) function
- A7 <u>Interest</u> income is the money that the company earns by keeping its cash in savings accounts, term deposits, etc.

answer: (c) Interest

A8 Finally, income tax is deducted.

answer: (c) income

- A9 The final entry is the <u>bottom</u> line, which represents net earnings of the company during the accounting period. answer: (d) bottom
- A10 Additionally, <u>EPS</u> indicates how much shareholders would receive if the company distributed all of its net earnings as dividends.

answer: (a) EPS





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 70 (Answer Keys)

# Cost Accounting

A1 <u>Management</u> or cost accounting systems are part of a company's information system and are used for tracking costs and allocations to judge operational efficiency.

answer: (c) Management

A2 This is an <u>internal</u> accounting system, rather than one for outside reporting.

answer: (d) internal

A3 There are no <u>fixed</u> rules governing how a company should keep track of cash flows for cost accounting purposes.

answer: (b) fixed

A4 <u>Capital</u> budgeting is a form of forecasted cost accounting for long-term projects or expenditures.

answer: (a) Capital

A5 Cost accounting applications are major financial <u>drivers</u> in everyday corporate decision-making.

answer: (b) drivers

A6 Cost accounting is important for estimating the *profitability* of current and future activities.

answer: (b) profitability

A7 When good cost accounting procedures are <u>implemented</u>, the company may find out that they have been producing a non-profitable product or service.

answer: (c) implemented

A8 Cost accounting *motivates* managers toward company goals.

answer: (d) motivates

A9 It also measures the *performance* of managers and departments in the company.

answer: (c) performance

A10 Variable costs change in proportion to the level of production activity, while fixed costs remain unchanged.

answer: (c) Variable





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 71 (Answer Keys)

# **Auditing**

- A1 The purpose of an audit is to gather and evaluate evidence in order to form an opinion on the <u>reliability</u> of a company's financial statements.
  - answer: (c) reliability
- A2 The audit <u>report</u> is usually no more than a page in length and is attached to the financial statements.

answer: (a) report

A3 Auditors are not responsible for the *preparation* of the financial statements of an company.

answer: (d) preparation

A4 In the financial statements, the company implicitly states that all items, account balances and transactions are *materially* valid, complete and accurate.

answer: (c) materially

- A5 An error in <u>validity</u> is committed when the financial statements include an item that should not be included. answer: (d) validity
- A6 An error in <u>completeness</u> is committed when the financial statements do not include an item which should be included.

answer: (c) completeness

An error in <u>accuracy</u> is committed when the financial statements include incorrect information about an item that should be included.

answer: (a) accuracy

A8 One of the principal goals of the auditor is to add *credibility* to this assertion.

answer: (b) credibility

A9 Audit risk is the risk that the auditor expresses an inappropriate audit opinion when the financial statements are significantly *misstated*.

answer: (a) misstated

A10 In addition to the financial statements, the auditor also examines the company's internal <u>control</u> procedures for effectiveness.

answer: (c) control





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 72 (Answer Keys)

# Budgeting

- A1 Budgeting is a combination of mathematics and guesswork: some <u>factors</u> are precisely known, while others are less clear.
- A2 Every company should prepare a complete budget and constantly <u>monitor</u> its performance against that budget.
  - answer: (d) monitor

answer: (b) factors

- Any variation from a budget should be investigated and explained, and <u>prompt</u> action should be taken to correct any problems.
   answer: (d) prompt
- A4 When you have set a budget, you should <u>stick</u> to it as much as possible, but revise it when necessary. answer: (c) stick
- A5 Budgeting itself can help a company reduce costs, because every item in it must be <u>justified</u> beforehand. answer: (b) justified
- A6 The wrong way to prepare a budget is to simply include everything at last year's level plus annual <u>inflation</u>. answer: (c) inflation
- A7 Focus first on the largest costs, since they should have the greatest <u>potential</u> for reduction. answer: (b) potential
- A8 Do not overestimate the *projected* sales for the budget period. answer: (d) projected
- A9 Creating a(n) <u>cash flow</u> forecast requires estimating the expected monthly expenditures and matching those against the likely monthly income.

  answer: (a) cash flow
- A10 Many companies maintain a <u>rolling</u> budget, so that they are continually budgeting for this time next year. answer: (c) rolling





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 73 (Answer Keys)

# Depreciation

A1 The idea of depreciation is quite straightforward; for instance, a forklift is an operational asset for a company's business, and each year it loses a certain amount of value until at last it is <u>irreparable</u> and has no value for the company.

answer: (a) irreparable

A2 Calculating and accounting for this loss in value of such an asset is called depreciation.

answer: (a) accounting

A3 Almost all companies invest in vehicles, furniture, machinery or buildings, and those that will be used for more than one year are considered *capital* assets.

answer: (a) capital

A4 However, the entire cost of such an asset cannot be deducted in the year it is acquired.

answer: (b) deducted

A5 If a business reduced a single year's income by the total cost of such an asset, it would result in a profit understatement in that year and a profit overstatement during the *succeeding* years.

answer: (d) succeeding

A6 For assets that have a useful life of more than one year, the cost must be <u>written</u> off over at least two years.

answer: (d) written

A7 The yearly depreciation for an asset is calculated using its <u>initial</u> cost and the number of years that it will presumably retain some value.

answer: (c) initial

At the end of each year, the annual depreciation is subtracted from the asset's cost; this determines its <u>book</u> value, which presumably is the same as its market value.

answer: (c) book

A9 Straight <u>line</u> depreciation, the most common method of depreciating assets, simply divides the initial cost of an asset by the number of years that it will presumably be of use.

answer: (c) line

A10 The <u>declining</u> balance method presumes that the asset depreciates more when it is newer and less as it ages and wears.

answer: (a) declining





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 74 (Answer Keys)

#### Inventories

A1 Inventory accounting starts with the inventory on <u>hand</u>.

answer: (b) hand

A2 Inventories cannot be expensed until sold, and meanwhile they are considered an asset.

answer: (c) expensed

A3 There are four generally accepted approaches to inventory valuation based on historical cost.

answer: (b) historical

A4 The <u>specific</u> identification method records actual cost flow: each individual item and its cost must be accounted for.

answer: (c) specific

A5 The <u>weighted</u> average method divides the total cost of inventory items by their total number at the end of any accounting period.

answer: (d) weighted

A6 The moving average method uses an average cost for inventory items that is calculated and <u>applied</u> at the time of each sale.

answer: (b) applied

A7 The <u>FIFO</u> method of inventory evaluation is based on the presumption that most companies normally sell the oldest items in their inventory before they sell the newer ones.

answer: (b) FIFO

A8 The <u>LIFO</u> method is based on the presumption that the most recent stock items purchased will be the initial items sold.

answer: (c) LIFO

A9 The FILO method presumes that the company will continue to keep their oldest items in inventory.

answer: (d) FILO

A10 The FEFO method attempts to ensure that perishable products are sold while they are still in good condition.

answer: (a) FEFO





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 75 (Answer Keys)

#### **GAAP**

A1 Generally Accepted Accounting Principles are a set of accounting <u>standards</u> approved by the professional accounting industry.

answer: (a) standards

A2 GAAP are a combination of <u>authoritative</u> rules set by policy boards and the commonly accepted ways of recording and reporting financial information.

answer: (a) authoritative

A3 They can become accepted either as a result of due <u>process</u> or as a result of long term practice.

answer: (d) process

A4 Accountants cannot express the opinion that financial statements are "in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles" if such information includes any <u>departures</u> from these principles.

answer: (a) departures

After the Stock Market <u>Crash</u> of 1929, the American Institute of Accountants introduced five broad principles of accounting which have won fairly general acceptance.

answer: (c) Crash

A6 It is relatively unimportant to investors what reporting method is used by a company, so long as they are assured that it is followed *consistently* every year.

answer: (b) consistently

A7 In 1934, the U.S. Congress created the Securities and <u>Exchange</u> Commission (SEC), giving it the authority to prescribe the methods used in preparing financial statements.

answer: (d) Exchange

A8 In 1938, Congress permitted companies to use a new *inventory* method, lifo, for income tax purposes.

answer: (c) inventory

A9 In 1939, the AIA recommended the phrasing, "present fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles" in the standard form of the *auditor's* report.

answer: (a) auditor's

A10 The P & L monograph of 1940 promulgated the "<u>matching</u> principle", which places primary emphasis on the correspondence of costs with the revenues that they produce.

answer: (d) matching





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 76 (Answer Keys)

#### Accountants

A1 Most accounting positions require a bachelor's degree in accounting or a related field or <u>an equivalent</u> combination of education and experience.

answer: (d) an equivalent

A2 Many companies want graduates with a master's degree in accounting, or a master's degree in business administration with a concentration in accounting.

answer: (a) a concentration

A3 Some schools offer students a chance for hands-on experience with part-time <u>internship</u> programs in accounting or commercial firms.

answer: (a) internship

A4 Accountants help make sure that a firm is run efficiently, that its records are maintained accurately, and that its taxes are paid properly and in a *timely* manner.

answer: (d) timely

A5 Nowadays, accountants are <u>broadening</u> the services they offer with budget analysis, investment planning, and IT consulting.

answer: (a) broadening

A6 <u>Public</u> accountants, many of whom are CPAs, generally have their own companies or work for major accounting firms.

answer: (c) Public

A7 Some accountants specialize in <u>forensic</u> accounting — investigating white-collar crimes such as securities fraud and embezzlement.

answer: (b) forensic

A8 Many work closely with law enforcement officers and lawyers during investigations and often appear as <u>expert</u> witnesses during trials.

answer: (b) expert

A9 <u>Management</u> accountants record and analyze the financial information of the firms in which they are employed.

answer: (d) Management

A10 Government accountants work in the public <u>sector</u>, maintaining and monitoring the recordkeeping of government departments and agencies.

answer: (d) sector





# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 77 (Answer Keys)

#### Retirement and Pensions

- A1 The relationship between worker pensions and retirement is of <u>considerable</u> interest to management and economists.
  - answer: (a) considerable
- A2 The reduction in retirement age since World War II is usually <u>attributed</u> to greater pension benefits, both governmental and private.
  - answer: (d) attributed
- A3 The anticipated difficulties in financing current public pensions could be <u>mitigated</u> by changes that delayed worker retirement.
  - answer: (c) mitigated
- A4 Private pensions <u>comprise</u> a large percentage of individual wealth in most of the developed nations.
  - answer: (d) comprise
- As a worker ages, both his productivity and the <u>disutility</u> of working another wage period will change.
  - answer: (d) disutility
- A6 In a perfect labor market, employers, who always pay workers the value of their <u>output</u> at any one time, will be indifferent to the age of retirement.
  - answer: (b) output
- A7 The most obvious reason for the existence of pensions is the tax advantage, since pension <u>contributions</u> are permitted to accumulate untaxed until retirement.
  - answer: (c) contributions
- A8 Both employers and employees benefit from a payment <u>stream</u> where workers receive less than the actual value of their work when they are young and more than the actual value of their work when old.
  - answer: (d) stream
- A9 This system reduces worker incentives for <u>shirking</u> and cheating and thereby raises their lifetime wealth. answer: (d) shirking
- A10 General economic conditions also help determine actual retirement age: higher inflation and greater unemployment at the end of his career causes the worker to <u>delay</u> his retirement.
  - answer: (b) delay





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 78 (Answer Keys)

#### Start Your Own Bank

A1 The goal of the state of California is to maintain a sound banking system without <u>unduly</u> limiting the entry of new banks.

answer: (a) unduly

A2 A competitive financial environment provides <u>optimal</u> choice to the public and stimulates economic development and efficiency.

answer: (b) optimal

A3 The state chartering agency makes sure that a new bank possesses the needed capital and management expertise to serve the public's needs.

answer: (a) expertise

A4 This agency is the bank's primary <u>regulator</u>, with the duty to protect the public from questionable banking practices.

answer: (d) regulator

- A5 The term "dual banking system" means that both the California and the US governments <u>issue</u> bank charters. answer: (b) issue
- A6 The word "State" or "National" as part of a bank's name has nothing <u>to do with</u> where it operates; this refers to the type of charter it has.

answer: (c) to do with

A7 Joining the Federal Reserve System is required for national banks, but <u>optional</u> for state banks. answer: (d) optional

A8 The FRS lends money to banks at a discount rate to help meet their short-term cash requirements, and is known as the "lender of last <u>resort</u>" for banks suffering liquidity crises.

answer: (d) resort

A9 The minimum amount of <u>startup</u> capital for a newly chartered bank should total at least \$2,500,000 in capital stock.

answer: (d) startup

A10 California wishes to encourage a broad and <u>diversified</u> shareholder base for new banks, although the organizers may desire to limit this number due to tax or other considerations.

answer: (b) diversified





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 79 (Answer Keys)

### Internet Investing

A1 The Internet *makes* an excellent tool for both investors and fraudsters.

answer: (d) makes

A2 Legitimate online newsletters can certainly help investors gather valuable information.

answer: (c) Legitimate

A3 However, some companies pay online newsletters to *tout* their stocks.

answer: (c) tout

A4 These newsletters will profit handsomely if they convince investors to buy specific stocks.

answer: (c) handsomely

A5 The most egregious scalp the stocks they hype, <u>driving up</u> the price with recommendations and then selling their own holdings at an inordinate profit.

answer: (b) driving up

A6 Internet bulletin boards feature threads made up of numerous messages on investment opportunities.

answer: (c) feature

A7 A single individual can mimic widespread interest in an unknown stock with a series of posts under various

aliases.

answer: (c) aliases

A8 Because spam is so easy and cheap to produce, fraudsters frequently use it to find investors for <u>bogus</u>

investment deals.

answer: (a) bogus

A9 Many investment programs are just an internet version of the classic pyramid scheme in which participants

attempt to make money simply by recruiting new participants.

answer: (d) pyramid

A10 Never make an investment based solely on what you read in emails or on the internet.

answer: (d) solely





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 80 (Answer Keys)

# Evolution of the Stock Exchange

- A1 Paul Arlman, Secretary General of the Federation of European Securities Exchanges, warned in the following excerpted speech that he would not be able to answer this question <u>put to</u> him: "What is an Exchange?" answer: (b) put to
- A2 The New York Stock Exchange was originally formed to <u>furnish</u> exchange rooms for the convenient transaction of their business by its members.

answer: (a) furnish

A3 The oldest Stock Exchange in the world, the Amsterdam Exchange, started in a Post Office in 1598 where incoming and <u>outgoing</u> letters from ships were registered.

answer: (b) outgoing

A4 But is was only in 1611, nine years after they started trading the first tradable share of the Vereenigde Oost-indische Compagnie (VOC) that they really got their own Exchange in the <u>sense</u> of a building.

answer: (c) sense

"Confusion de Confusiones", by Joseph de la Vega, published in 1688, shows us quite precisely what an Exchange is: a den of <u>thieves</u> unless moderated by regulation.

answer: (c) thieves

A6 Through most of its history an Exchange was a meeting place in a physical sense, and only in the last century did we introduce electricity and telephones, which on many floors of the Exchanges were restricted or *forbidden*.

answer: (a) forbidden

A7 In order to define what a Stock Exchange is today, you have to understand the unstoppable progress, or *juggernaut*, of technology.

answer: (c) juggernaut

When the computer did away with the physical limitation of the Exchange within one single city or region, the technology lost its uniqueness, and it gave rise to *competition*.

answer: (a) competition

A9 Another factor for change has been international equity investors, who have shown a ferocious appetite for both domestic and foreign equity investment, even <u>notwithstanding</u> the dot com bubble.

answer: (c) notwithstanding

A10 The fourth factor is the information availability explosion that gave all investors nearly <u>unlimited</u> access to nearly free data.

answer: (b) unlimited





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level #81 (Answer Keys)

# Corporate Taxation

- A1 Rob Norton, of eCompany Now and Fortune magazines, notes in the article quoted below that corporate taxes are among the least efficient and least <u>defensible</u> of taxes.
  - answer: (c) defensible
- A2 The tax is popular with the man <u>in the street</u>, who believes, incorrectly, that it is paid by corporations. answer: (b) in the street
- A3 The federal corporate income tax applies only to some businesses those chartered as corporations and not to partnerships or <u>sole</u> proprietorships.
  - answer: (c) sole
- A4 The federal tax is levied at three different rates on different <u>brackets</u> of income: 15 percent on taxable income under \$50,000; 25 percent on income between \$50,000 and \$75,000; and 34 percent on income above that. answer: (a) brackets
- A5 A good reason that state and local corporate income taxes remain low is that corporations could easily <u>relocate</u> out of states that imposed unusually high taxes.
  - answer: (c) relocate
- A6 Except for emergency taxes in wartime, corporate profits were first taxed in 1909, when Congress <u>enacted</u> a 1 percent tax on corporation income.
  - answer: (b) enacted

answer: (a) individual

answer: (b) curtailed

- A7 The Tax Reform Act of 1986 was designed to increase the share of federal revenues collected via the corporate income tax and to decrease the share from the <u>individual</u> income tax.
- While the top corporate tax rate was cut, deductions for capital expenditures were severely <u>curtailed</u>, and as a result the effective tax rate for many corporations rose.
- A9 The central problem with the corporate income tax from an economic point of view is that, ultimately, only people can pay taxes.
  - answer: (c) people
- As early as the 17th century, Sir William Petty, one of the <u>progenitors</u> of modern economics, argued that a tax on the production and sale of commodities would eventually be shifted by producers to consumers, who would pay it in the form of higher prices.
  - answer: (d) progenitors





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 82 (Answer Keys)

# Commercial Property

- A1 According to NAREIT (Yungmann and Taube, 2001), property insurance coverage should be based on fair value, i.e., valuing assets at their current market values actual, if available, or <a href="mailto:theoretical">theoretical</a>, if not. answer: (d) theoretical
- A2 Much of the fair value debate has had a technical focus on how to place fair values on assets for which no market values <u>exist</u>.
- A3 While the technical issues are important, the real driver should be improving <u>transparency</u> for users of financial statements.
  - answer: (d) transparency

answer: (c) exist

- A4 A single global standard will increase the <u>consistency</u> of financial presentations, which currently vary considerably.
  - answer: (c) consistency
- A5 A comprehensive standard <u>facilitates</u> comparability across all types of financial institutions. answer: (b) facilitates
- A6 When accounting values for assets <u>diverge</u> from their underlying market values, some managements take uneconomic actions to protect accounting performance measures.

  answer: (c) diverge
- A7 For example, during the U.S. savings and loan crisis in the 1980s, many institutions sold off assets with market values above book and continued to hold assets with book values above market.
  answer: (a) sold off
- A8 In hindsight, users of their financial statements were not well served by the accounting system <u>in place</u> at the time.
  answer: (b) in place
- A9 Fair value <u>proponents</u> argue that measuring financial assets as close as possible to their true underlying economic values removes these perverse incentives.
  answer: (b) proponents
- A10 Users would also benefit from a clearer picture of the economic <u>health</u> of the enterprise. answer: (b) health





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 83 (Answer Keys)

# Quality Control at Ford

Writing of Ford's quality control problems, Tom Murphy of Ward's Auto World magazine mentions internal data suggesting suppliers were more culpable than the auto maker as recalls and warranty claims seemed to be <u>spinning</u> out of control.

answer: (d) spinning

A2 The Firestone tire <u>debacle</u> got the most attention, but in many respects it was merely a symptom of a much broader ailment afflicting the No. 2 auto maker.

answer: (a) debacle

A3 A Ford executive contended that suppliers deserved a trip to the <u>woodshed</u> for a number of costly, boneheaded mistakes.

answer: (d) woodshed

- A4 By last fall, however, the tone had softened; instead of berating parts makers, Ford was openly <u>conciliatory</u>. answer: (a) conciliatory
- A5 Caught up in the industry-wide trend toward <u>outsourcing</u>, Ford may have relied too heavily on suppliers for engineering.

answer: (b) outsourcing

A6 This demonstrates that OEMs run the risk of becoming <u>subservient</u> to the technical capabilities — or liabilities — of their suppliers if they merely purchase, rather than engineer.

answer: (d) subservient

A7 To rectify the problem, Ford reclaimed some engineering responsibility.

answer: (c) rectify

A8 The <u>ripple</u> effect of the new philosophy will be felt for years to come by many of the 2,000 production suppliers Ford taps for parts every day.

answer: (b) ripple

A9 Many suppliers are reserving judgment until the strategy is fully implemented over the next two years, but most are cautiously *optimistic*.

answer: (c) optimistic

A10 It is humbling for the company that pioneered mass production of the automobile to admit nearly 100 years later that it took its eye off the ball, that it sacrificed engineering prowess in what ironically was an attempt to make itself more efficient.

answer: (b) off the ball





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 84 (Answer Keys)

# Product Development (1)

- A1 This white paper by the American Productivity & Quality Center explains that the most successful new product development teams are <u>multifunctional</u>, with representation from a core group of areas such as finance, marketing, manufacturing, design, engineering, and research.
  - answer: (d) multifunctional
- A2 An open communication environment enables team members to <u>bounce</u> ideas around the group, receive feedback more quickly, and facilitate brainstorming sessions.
  - answer: (c) bounce
- A3 Team membership is vital to the success of the group; <u>empowering</u> program managers to select those individuals they determine to be of the greatest value is a critical step.
  - answer: (b) empowering
- A4 In addition, teams are being given greater authority and held more <u>accountable</u> for the success or failure of the project.
  - answer: (b) accountable
- A5 The use of various team reward and recognition structures is mixed, with a trend toward more recognition as opposed to monetary *incentives*.
  - answer: (c) incentives
- A6 Several best-practice companies have specific companywide awards for work "<u>above and beyond</u> the call of duty".
  - answer: (a) above and beyond
- A7 In addition, the NPD process needs a "champion", who is <u>tasked</u> with monitoring and adjusting the process as new experiences, good or bad, present themselves.
  - answer: (d) tasked
- A8 The NPD process can be <u>broken down</u> into four general categories: idea generation, concept development, product and process design, and production and delivery.
  - answer: (a) broken down
- A9 One organization stores all ideas in a database and revisits them until they are deemed useless.
  - answer: (a) deemed
- A10 Once viable ideas are chosen, they must be further developed, examined, and <u>prioritized</u> before the select few concepts proceed to full design.
  - answer: (b) prioritized





Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 85 (Answer Keys)

# Product Development (2)

A1 The American Productivity & Quality Center study identified specific sources that tend to be good idea <u>generators</u> for new product development, including market research, focus groups, third-party/inventor input, and brainstorming.

answer: (c) generators

A2 The concept development phase requires a more formal review and planning process that ensures the concepts are technically feasible, will make a <u>sustainable</u> product, and will allow the organization to make a profit.

answer: (d) sustainable

A3 At this point, an executive review generally approves the product for design and additional resource allocation.

answer: (c) allocation

A4 The product and process design stage involves turning the concept into a tangible product design and transforming that design into a working prototype or pilot.

answer: (c) a working

A5 Prototypes or pilots allow the designers to test and <u>verify</u> the ability of the product or service to perform as originally expected.

answer: (d) verify

A6 At this stage, to change the original product <u>specification</u>, some form of approval is required.

answer: (d) specification

A7 This approval can range from upper management review to individual functional area review to team consensus.

answer: (b) consensus

A8 Once the final design is finalized and approved, the product is *launched* into production.

answer: (c) launched

A9 A scale-up period normally is required before full production can begin.

answer: (c) scale

A10 A quality assurance group within each business unit is responsible for verifying that the product and each manufacturing site meets the required *criteria*.

answer: (c) criteria





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 86 (Answer Keys)

### Auto Leasing

- A1 LeaseGuide.com author Al Hearn explains that automobile leasing is based entirely on the <u>concept</u> that you pay for the amount by which a vehicle's value depreciates during the time you're driving it.

  answer: (a) concept
- A2 Depreciation is the difference between a vehicle's original value and its value at lease-end (<u>residual</u> value), and is the primary factor that determines the cost of leasing.

answer: (c) residual

- A3 Generally, European and Japanese automobile <u>makes</u> have lower depreciation than American brands. answer: (c) makes
- A4 Manufacturer's <u>Suggested</u> Retail Price (MSRP) is the full price for a vehicle as displayed on its window sticker, including optional packages and destination charges.

answer: (d) Suggested

When you and your dealer sit down and agree on a lease price for a car, this becomes the <u>capitalized</u> cost, or "cap cost".

answer: (a) capitalized

A6 Cap cost can be reduced by rebates, factory-to-dealer incentives, trade-in credit, or a cash <u>down</u> payment; these are known as cap cost reductions.

answer: (a) down

When you lease, you're <u>tying up</u> the leasing company's money while you're driving their car and they rightfully expect you to pay interest on that money, the same as with a loan.

answer: (d) tying up

A8 This interest is expressed as a money factor, sometimes called lease factor, and is specified as a small <u>decimal</u> number such as .00297.

answer: (a) decimal

A9 A good rule of <u>thumb</u>: Lease money factors, converted to an annual interest rate, should be comparable to, if not lower than local new-car loan interest rates.

answer: (d) thumb

A10 However, you may not qualify for great money factors unless if you have <u>a spotless</u> credit rating.

answer: (c) a spotless





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 87 (Answer Keys)

# Essential Advertising

- A1 Stephen Whyte, CEO of Leo Burnett, observes that Marshall McLuhan may have had his <u>tongue in his cheek</u> when uttering his much-quoted statement, "Advertising is the greatest art form of the 20th Century".

  answer: (d) tongue in his cheek
- A2 You can dispute whether or not advertising is art, but there is no <u>denying</u> that advertising is big business. answer: (b) denying
- A3 Advertising's global landscape is changing constantly, as agencies and holding companies consolidate to achieve international clout and economies of <u>scale</u>.

  answer: (a) scale
- A4 Media, telecommunications and electronics are converging to become one giant industry, illustrated by powerful <u>alliances</u>, such as the merger between AOL and Time Warner.

  answer: (a) alliances
- A5 Media expansion causes problems for advertisers, but it also presents new opportunities by increasing the possibilities for effectively targeting individuals, rather than taking a <u>scattergun</u> approach.
  answer: (c) scattergun
- A6 Of the three central roles account manager, planner and creative only the account handlers manage the relationship with the client on a <u>day-to-day</u> basis.

  answer: (b) day-to-day
- A7 The account manager is the <u>hub</u> of the wheel someone who organises the agency team of account managers, planners and creatives.
  answer: (b) hub
- A8 The planner's role is to find the most <u>compelling</u> communication strategy and develop a real insight into the relationship between the brand and the consumer.

  answer: (a) compelling
- A9 The creatives are the brilliant executional thinkers, working in teams made up of a copywriter and an art director to develop the planners' ideas and think up ads which will give brands a strong competitive <a href="mailto:advantage">advantage</a>.
  - answer: (b) advantage
- A10 We develop relationships with possible future clients, even though sometimes it is years down the line before something <u>comes of</u> it.
  - answer: (b) comes of





#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 88 (Answer Keys)

#### Asset Classes

- A1 Cathy Smart and the investment analysts at 401k Forum help you get down to the <u>basics</u> with this article about the different asset classes.
  - answer: (c) basics
- Asset classes are the categories that your different investments <u>fall</u> into such as cash, bonds, large-cap stocks, small-cap stocks, and international stocks.
  - answer: (a) fall
- A3 Studies have shown that the key to successful investing is to <u>spread</u> your wealth among different asset classes.
  - answer: (d) spread
- A4 Market capitalization (market cap) is a measure of the size and value of a company; to determine this, you simply multiply the number of the company's <u>outstanding</u> shares of stock by the market price of one share. answer: (d) outstanding
- A5 Market capitalization is important because history has shown us that the stocks of companies with different market caps <u>behave</u> differently in terms of return and risk.

  answer: (a) behave
- A6 Cap-size shift: mid-cap stocks may have once been defined as large cap, but fell out of <u>favor</u> with investors. answer: (b) favor
- A7 Mid-cap stock performance usually falls somewhere in between the returns of their large- and small-cap <u>counterparts</u>.
  - answer: (b) counterparts
- A8 However, mid- and small-cap stock returns tend to be more <u>volatile</u> than the returns of large-cap stocks. answer: (b) volatile
- A9 If a smaller company loses a few key executives, or if the economy takes a <u>turn</u> for the worse, it only takes a few nervous investors to cause the stock to drop drastically.
  answer: (d) turn
- A10 <u>Diversification</u> can reduce your risk and help protect your investment: if one asset class in your portfolio is performing poorly, there's a chance that another asset class within your portfolio will be performing well. answer: (d) Diversification





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 89 (Answer Keys)

#### **Business Law**

A1 The Commission on European Contract Law recognizes that throughout Europe there is great interest in developing a common European <u>civil</u> and commercial law.

answer: (a) civil

A2 The efforts and money which it will cost to unify the private law will be *amply* repaid when it is there.

answer: (a) amply

A3 In 1997, the Third Commission began to prepare rules on subjects which are common to contracts, torts and unjust enrichment, such as plurality of creditors and debtors, and <u>assignment</u> of debts and claims.

answer: (d) assignment

A4 With a few exceptions the members of the Commission of European Contract Law have been academics, but many of the academics are also *practicing* lawyers.

answer: (c) practicing

A5 The Members have not been representatives of specific political or governmental <u>interests</u>, and they have all pursued the same objective, to draft the most appropriate contract rules for Europe.

answer: (a) interests

A6 The Principles may be compared with the American Restatement of the Law of Contract, which consists of non-binding rules, or "soft law".

answer: (d) soft law

A7 Some of the Principles of European Contract Law reflect ideas which have not yet <u>materialised</u> in the law of any state.

answer: (c) materialised

A8 The Commission has made an effort to deal with those issues in contract which face business life of today and which may <u>advance</u> the trade.

answer: (b) advance

A9 The Council and the Commission of the EU have been invited to prepare new procedural legislation in <u>cross</u> border cases, in particular on those elements which are instrumental to a smooth judicial co-operation.

answer: (c) cross

A10 It is envisaged that the general principles of the law of contracts provided in the PECL will be <u>integrated</u> in what may eventually become a European Civil Code.

answer: (c) integrated





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 90 (Answer Keys)

#### Email Do's and Don't's

A1 Joan Lloyd, of Joan Lloyd & Associates, writes that email is a medium of communication <u>unparalleled</u> for sheer convenience.

answer: (d) unparalleled

A2 However, she warns that it also carries many *pitfalls* and even dangers in the office environment.

answer: (c) pitfalls

A3 Delivering a negative message is difficult, even when it is spoken face-to-face; <u>defensiveness</u> is almost guaranteed when it's received by email.

answer: (b) defensiveness

What's worse, email can be printed and saved: both parties will often haul out their "documentation" to prove how the other party has *wronged* them.

answer: (d) wronged

A5 If you receive an email that <u>ticks</u> you off, and your first reaction is to counterattack, don't; close it and wait 24 hours before you respond.

answer: (d) ticks

A6 Because the tone and <u>inflection</u> are missing, it is more important to use friendly language, descriptive adjectives and carefully chosen words.

answer: (a) inflection

A7 If you don't consider how it will sound on the other end and take steps to shape the delivery so the meaning is understood, you could be doing *damage* control later.

answer: (c) damage

When I get a sloppy email, with poor punctuation, misspelled words or in lower case letters, it tells me the person just doesn't realize that what and how they write <u>telegraphs</u> their credibility to others.

answer: (c) telegraphs

A9 Email feels private, but it's anything but.

answer: (c) but

A10 Write every email for your boss's eyes: it's a great way to keep you honest and *politically* sensitive.

answer: (a) politically





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 91 (Answer Keys)

# Organizing a Business

- A1 According to Ron Kurtus of School for Champions, some companies may be <u>mildly</u> successful, but they could be even more profitable if they paid attention to the basics of organization.
   answer: (b) mildly
- A2 Good organization results in reducing losses due to <u>duplicate</u> work or unclear objectives. answer: (a) duplicate
- A3 All personnel do better work, because they know what they should be doing and what their place is in the <u>scheme</u> of things.
  answer: (d) scheme
- A4 In order to improve, you must have a vision or goal of where you want to end <u>up</u>. answer: (d) up
- A5 The primary purpose or reason to start a business <u>entity</u> is to earn profits for its owners or stockholders. answer: (b) entity
- A6 For the <u>sake</u> of public relations, such a stated purpose is kept private. answer: (d) sake
- A7 You should also be aware of your core <u>competencies</u>: what are you good at? answer: (b) competencies
- A8 Often companies become diluted and start to get into a field that they think is <u>lucrative</u>, but in which they cannot compete.

  answer: (b) lucrative
- A good <u>mission</u> statement accurately explains why your company exists and what it hopes to achieve in the future.
  answer: (c) mission
- A10 A very good way to organize your business is by following the <u>ISO</u> 9000 standards; you do not necessarily have to become certified, but you can still use them as a guide in how to effectively operate your business. answer: (b) ISO





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 92 (Answer Keys)

# SKUs and Pricing

- A1 Sales derive from a product's stock-keeping Units (SKU), the <u>unique</u> combination of the specific quality, price, container size, colour, model, etc, and the product name.
  - answer: (d) unique
- A2 SKUs are what manufacturers produce, what retailers sell, and what consumers buy; <u>brands</u> are what are advertised.
  - answer: (a) brands
- A3 A large *proliferation* of SKUs for consumer products has led to myriad choices for customers.
  - answer: (c) proliferation
- A4 This has led to complicated supply and demand logistics, <u>erosion</u> of brand loyalty and more pressure on profit margins.
  - answer: (c) erosion
- A5 Buyers have become much more <u>demanding</u> in recent years, forcing retailers to respond more quickly and efficiently.
  - answer: (b) demanding
- A6 Many stores use a psychological pricing strategy called odd pricing, <u>whereby</u> prices end in odd numbers, such as \$19.95.
  - answer: (b) whereby
- A7 Presumably, customers see odd prices as being <u>substantially</u> below even prices, and consequently a bargain. answer: (c) substantially
- A8 On the other hand, luxury boutiques, to project a <u>prestigious</u> image for their products, use even pricing such as \$10.00 or \$50.00.
  - answer: (c) prestigious
- A9 Multiple unit pricing is a strategy in which the customer perceives *quantity* buying as involving more savings. answer: (b) quantity
- A10 Multiple unit pricing is usually effective in increasing <u>immediate</u> sales of a product, but it may not increase the rate of consumption.
  - answer: (b) immediate





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 93 (Answer Keys)

# Managerial Decisions

- A1 Dr. Said Atri, Professor of Economics at SUNY, explains that most managerial decisions involve making a choice from among <u>alternative</u> courses of action or options in order to achieve a certain objective.
  answer: (b) alternative
- A2 <u>Optimization</u> is the process by which a desired outcome is achieved through the most efficient course of action.
  - answer: (d) Optimization
- A3 In consumption, a consumer with a <u>given</u> amount of income purchases the mix of goods that provides him or her with the greatest level of satisfaction or utility.
  - answer: (a) given
- A4 Often managerial decisions have to be made subject to some <u>constraints</u>.
  - answer: (b) constraints
- A5 For instance, a manager that is trying to cut his labor costs may be under a union <u>contract</u> limiting his ability to lay off workers.
  - answer: (a) contract
- A6 A farmer who wants to take advantage of good market conditions and increase the size of his <u>crop</u> is limited by the amount of land that he has available.
  - answer: (a) crop
- A7 Managerial decisions are not made in a <u>vacuum</u>: economic and market conditions constantly change and managers must decide in accordance with the dynamics of the business environment.
  - answer: (d) vacuum
- As complex as managerial problems may appear, often their various elements can be fitted into microeconomic models; that is why managerial economics is also called "<u>applied microeconomics</u>". answer: (a) applied microeconomics
- A9 The manager's internal environment is made up of those factors over which he has at least some <u>degree</u> of control.
  - answer: (b) degree
- A10 Macroeconomics is <u>relevant</u> to managers, as managers are often interested in knowing the state of the economy and the direction of macroeconomic measures such as interest rates and inflation.
  - answer: (c) relevant





Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 94 (Answer Keys)

# Operations Management

A1 Some claim that management should exist only to support employees' efforts to be fully productive members of the organization — therefore, any form of control is completely <u>counterproductive</u> to management and employees, says Carter McNamara of Authenticity Consulting, LLC.

answer: (d) counterproductive

A2 The phrase "management control" itself can have a negative connotation, e.g. it can sound dominating, coercive and *heavy*-handed.

answer: (b) heavy

A3 Organizations often use <u>standardized</u> documents to ensure complete and consistent information is gathered. answer: (c) standardized

A4 Documents include titles and dates to detect different versions of the document.

answer: (d) versions

A5 Organizations typically require a wide range of reports, e.g. financial reports, status reports, project reports, etc, to *monitor* what's being done, by when and how.

answer: (d) monitor

A6 Computers have <u>revolutionized</u> administrative controls through use of integrated management information systems, project management software, human resource information systems, office automation software, etc. answer: (d) revolutionized

A7 Delegation is an approach to getting things done in *conjunction* with other employees.

answer: (b) conjunction

A8 Delegation generally includes assigning responsibility to an employee to complete a task, granting the employee authority to gain the resources to do the task and letting the employee decide how that task will be carried

out.

answer: (c) out

A9 Typically, the person assigning the task shares <u>accountability</u> with the employee for ensuring the task is completed.

answer: (a) accountability

A10 Evaluation is carefully collecting and analyzing information in order to make managerial decisions.

answer: (b) Evaluation





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 95 (Answer Keys)

# Human Resources Management

- A1 Dr. John Sullivan, Head and Professor of Human Resource Management at San Francisco State University stresses the necessity of establishing a set of assessment tools that will let you know in advance where <u>head</u> count and overhead costs are excessive.
  - answer: (c) head
- A2 In this changing world, it is not uncommon for new markets to open (and close) rapidly, so companies need to have a strategy to move people and resources rapidly from areas of low to areas of a higher <u>return</u>.

  answer: (c) return
- A3 Developing HR systems and metrics known as "<u>smoke detectors</u>" that indicate potential problems gives us sufficient time to develop plans and strategies to either avoid the problem or minimize its impact.

  answer: (d) smoke detectors
- A4 A <u>bench</u> strength or back-fill plan differs from succession planning in that it only covers replacing key jobs within a single department; individual managers are held responsible for developing at least one individual to fill every key job.
  - answer: (a) bench
- A5 One of the primary reasons employees leave their jobs is due to a lack of challenge, but HR can dramatically increase <u>retention</u> rates if it gets managers to develop individual "Challenge Plans" for each worker. answer: (c) retention
- A6 Because most companies have eliminated many management positions, there are fewer opportunities for promotion to stimulate workers, so they need to develop <u>horizontal</u> transfer and job rotation plans to ensure the continued development of skills.
  - answer: (b) horizontal
- A7 New hires, as well as our current workers, are demanding an increasing array of benefits and work life balance options like job sharing and sabbaticals.
  - answer: (a) balance
- A8 In order to rapidly <u>redeploy</u> resources and fill unexpected vacancies HR must develop computerized skill or competency inventories.
  - answer: (b) redeploy
- A9 One of the primary reasons that employees quit their jobs are the bad management <u>practices</u> of their direct supervisor.
  - answer: (d) practices
- A10 A strong economy <u>coupled</u> with large swings in the health of world economies makes predicting the supply of labor increasingly difficult.
  - answer: (d) coupled





### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 96 (Answer Keys)

# Entrepreneurship

A1 Millions of new enterprises are begun each year in spite of a more than 50% <u>failure</u> rate.

answer: (a) failure

A2 There is increasing research on the subject, more and more courses in entrepreneurship, and heightened coverage by the media.

answer: (a) coverage

A3 Initiating a new business involves considerable risk, as well as an effort to overcome all the <u>inertia</u> against innovative ideas.

answer: (b) inertia

A4 The French word "entrepreneur", literally translated, means simply "undertaker".

answer: (d) literally

A5 The entrepreneur's connection with risk evolved in the 17th century, when an entrepreneur was someone who entered into a contract with the government to perform a service or to supply <u>stipulated</u> products.

answer: (d) stipulated

A6 Since the contract price was fixed, any resulting profits or losses <u>reflected</u> the efforts of the entrepreneur — the better he performed, the more profit he made.

answer: (d) reflected

A7 In the 18th century, the person with capital was <u>differentiated</u> from the one who needed capital; in other words, the entrepreneur was distinguished from the capital provider.

answer: (a) differentiated

A8 In contrast to an entrepreneur, a venture capitalist is a professional money manager who makes risk investments from a <u>pool</u> of capital to obtain a high rate of return.

answer: (a) pool

A9 In the mid-20th century, the *notion* of an entrepreneur as an innovator was established.

answer: (b) notion

A10 The concept of innovation and newness is now an *integral* part of entrepreneurship.

answer: (b) integral



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